

# SELF-OSCILLATING FULL-BRIDGE DRIVER IC

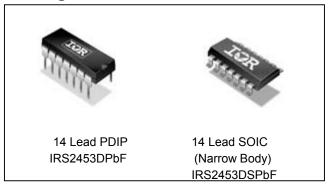
#### **Features**

- Integrated 600V Full-Bridge Gate Driver
- CT, RT programmable oscillator
- 15.6V Zener Clamp on VCC
- Micropower Startup
- Logic Level Latched Shutdown Pin
- Non-latched shutdown on CT pin (1/6th VCC)
- Internal bootstrap FETs
- Excellent Latch Immunity on All Inputs & Outputs
- ESD Protection on All Pins
- 14-lead SOIC or PDIP package
- 1.0 usec (typ.) internal deadtime

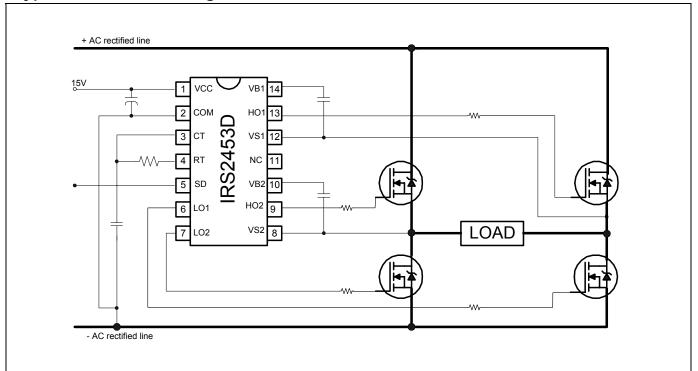
### **Description**

The IRS2453D is based on the popular IR2153 self-oscillating half-bridge gate driver IC, and incorporates a high voltage full-bridge gate driver with a front end oscillator similar to the industry standard CMOS 555 timer. HVIC and latch immune CMOS technologies enable ruggedized monolithic construction. The output driver features a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum driver cross-conduction. Noise immunity is achieved with low di/dt peak of the gate drivers, and with a undervoltage lockout hysteresis greater than 1.5V. The IRS2453D also includes latched and non-latched shutdown pins.

### **Package**



### **Typical Connection Diagram**



Please note that this datasheet contains advanced information which could change before the product is released to production.



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM, all currents are defined positive into any lead. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

	Parameter			
Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
$V_{B1}$ , $V_{B2}$	High Side Floating Supply Voltage	-0.3	625	V
V <sub>S1</sub> , V <sub>S2</sub>	High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage	V <sub>B</sub> - 25	V <sub>B</sub> + 0.3	V
$V_{HO1}, V_{HO2}$	High-Side Floating Output Voltage	V <sub>S</sub> - 0.3	V <sub>B</sub> + 0.3	V
$V_{\text{LO1}}, V_{\text{LO2}}$	Low-Side Output Voltage	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>RT</sub>	R <sub>⊤</sub> Pin Voltage	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>CT</sub>	C⊤ Pin Voltage	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>SD</sub>	SD Pin Voltage	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
I <sub>RT</sub>	R <sub>T</sub> Pin Current	-5	5	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current (Note 1)		25	mA
dV <sub>S</sub> /dt	Allowable Offset Voltage Slew Rate	-50	50	V/ns
P <sub>D</sub>	Maximum Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +25°C, 8-Pin DIP		1.0	W
P <sub>D</sub>	Maximum Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +25°C, 8-Pin SOIC		0.625	W
$R_{ heta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient, 8-Pin DIP		125	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient, 8-Pin SOIC		200	°C/W
TJ	Junction Temperature	-55	150	
Ts	Storage Temperature	-55	150	°C
T <sub>L</sub>	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)		300	

Note 1: This IC contains a zener clamp structure between the chip  $V_{CC}$  and COM which has a nominal breakdown voltage of 15.6V. Please note that this supply pin should not be driven by a DC, low impedance power source greater than the  $V_{CLAMP}$  specified in the Electrical Characteristics section.



### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions.

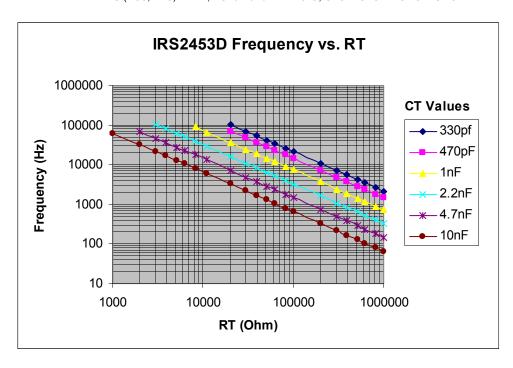
	Parameter			
Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
V <sub>BS1</sub> , V <sub>BS2</sub>	High Side Floating Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.7	V <sub>CLAMP</sub>	V
V <sub>S1</sub> , V <sub>S2</sub>	Steady State High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage	-3.0 (Note 2)	600	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	VCCUV+	$V_{CLAMP}$	V
Icc	Supply Current	(Note 3)	5	mA
TJ	Junction Temperature	-25	125	°C

- **Note 2:** Care should be taken to avoid output switching conditions where the  $V_S$  node flies inductively below ground by more than 5V.
- **Note 3:** Enough current should be supplied to the V<sub>CC</sub> pin of the IC to keep the internal 15.6V zener diode clamping the voltage at this pin.

### **Recommended Component Values**

	Parameter			
Symbol	Component	Min.	Max.	Units
R⊤	Timing Resistor Value	1		kΩ
Ст	C <sub>T</sub> Pin Capacitor Value	330		pF

VBIAS (VCC, VBS) = 14V, VS=0V and TA = 25°C, CLO1=CLO2 = CHO1=CHO2 = 1nF.





### **Electrical Characteristics**

VBIAS (VCC, VBS) = 14V, CT = 1 nF and TA =  $25^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise specified. The VO and IO parameters are referenced to COM and are applicable to the respective output leads: HO or LO. CLO1=CLO2=CHO1=CHO2=1nF.

Symbol	Definition	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
Low Volt	age Supply Characteristics					
V <sub>CCUV</sub> +	Rising V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Lockout Threshold	10.0	11.0	12.0		
V <sub>CCUV</sub> -	Falling V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Lockout Threshold	8.0	9.0	10.0	V	
V <sub>CCUVHYS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis	1.6	2.0	2.4		
Iqccuv	Micropower Startup V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current		140	200	μA	$V_{CC} \le V_{CCUV}$
Iqcc	Quiescent VCC Supply Current		1.3	2.0	mA	
V <sub>CLAMP</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Zener Clamp Voltage	14.6	15.6	16.6	V	I <sub>CC</sub> = 5mA
Floating	Supply Characteristics					
I <sub>QBS1UV</sub> ,	Micropower Startup V <sub>BS</sub> Supply Current		3	10	μA	$V_{CC} \le V_{CCUV}$ , $V_{CC} = V_{BS}$
I <sub>QBS1,</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>BS</sub> Supply Current		60	100	μA	
V <sub>BS1UV+</sub> ,	V <sub>BS</sub> Supply Undervoltage Positive Going Threshold	8.0	9.0	10.0	V	
V <sub>BS1UV-</sub> ,	V <sub>BS</sub> Supply Undervoltage negative Going Threshold	7.0	8.0	9.0		
I <sub>LK1, ILK2</sub>	Offset Supply Leakage Current			50	μΑ	V <sub>B</sub> = V <sub>S</sub> = 600V
Oscillato	r I/O Characteristics					
fosc	Oscillator Frequency	19.6	20.2	20.8	kHz	$R_T = 36.5k\Omega$
		89	95	101		$R_T = 7.15k\Omega$
d	R <sub>T</sub> Pin Duty Cycle	48	50	52	%	f <sub>o</sub> < 100kHz
Іст	C <sub>T</sub> Pin Current		0.05	1.0	μΑ	
I <sub>CTUV</sub>	UV-Mode C <sub>T</sub> Pin Pulldown Current	1	5		mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 7V
V <sub>CT+</sub>	Upper C <sub>T</sub> Ramp Voltage Threshold		9.1		V	
V <sub>CT</sub> -	Lower C <sub>T</sub> Ramp Voltage Threshold		4.8		]	
V <sub>RT+</sub>	High-Level R <sub>T</sub> Output Voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>RT</sub>		10	50	mV	I <sub>RT</sub> = 100μA
			100	300	mV	I <sub>RT</sub> = 1mA
V <sub>RT</sub> -	Low-Level R <sub>T</sub> Output Voltage		10	50	mV	I <sub>RT</sub> = 100μA
			100	300	mV	I <sub>RT</sub> = 1mA
$V_{RTUV}$	UV-Mode R <sub>T</sub> Output Voltage		0	100	mV	$V_{CC} \leq V_{CCUV}$



### **Electrical Characteristics**

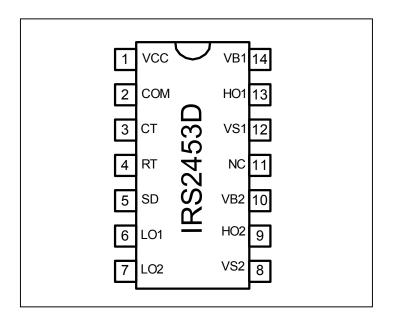
 $VBIAS\ (VCC,\ VBS) = 14V,\ CT = 1\ nF\ and\ TA = 25^{\circ}C\ unless\ otherwise\ specified.\ The\ VO\ and\ IO\ parameters\ are\ referenced\ to\ COM\ and\ are\ applicable\ to\ the\ respective\ output\ leads:\ HO\ or\ LO.\ CLO1=CLO2=CHO1=CHO2=1nF.$ 

Symbol	Definition	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
Gate Dri	ver Output Characteristics					
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-Level Output Voltage, V <sub>BIAS</sub> - V <sub>O</sub>		VCC			I <sub>O</sub> = 0A
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-Level Output Voltage, Vo		COM			I <sub>O</sub> = 0A
V <sub>OL_UV</sub>	UV-Mode Output Voltage, V <sub>O</sub>		СОМ			$I_O = 0A$ , $V_{CC} \le V_{CCUV}$
$t_r$	Output Rise Time		120	220		
t <sub>f</sub>	Output Fall Time		50	100	nsec	
t <sub>sd</sub>	Shutdown Propagation Delay		275			
t <sub>d</sub>	Output Deadtime (HO or LO)	0.75	1.0	1.50	μsec	
IO+	Output source current		180		mA	
IO-	Output sink current		260		111/4	
Shutdow	vn					
$V_{SD}$	Shutdown Threshold at SD pin (latched)		2.0		V	
V <sub>CTSD</sub>	C <sub>T</sub> Voltage Shutdown Threshold (non latched)		2.3		V	
V <sub>RTSD</sub>	SD-Mode R <sub>T</sub> Output Voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>RT</sub>		10	50	mV	$I_{RT} = 100 \mu A,$ $V_{CT} = 0 V$
			100	300	mV	I <sub>RT</sub> = 1mA, V <sub>CT</sub> = 0V
Bootstra	p FET Characteristics	•	•		•	,
VB1_ON VB2_ON	VB when the bootstrap FET is on		13.7		V	
IB1_CAP IB2_CAP	VB source current when FET is on	30	55		Λ	CBS=0.1uF
IB1_10V IB2_10V	VB source current when FET is on	8	12		mA	VB=10V

# IRS2453DPbF

International IOR Rectifier

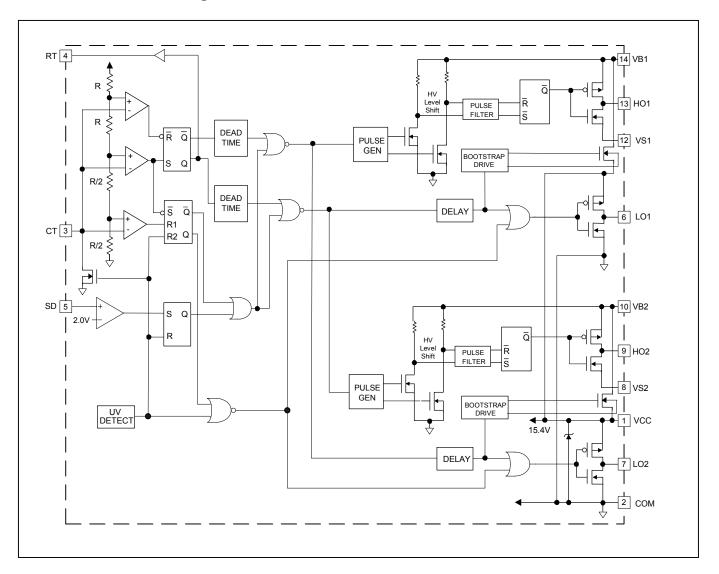
# **Lead Assignment**



# **Lead Definitions**

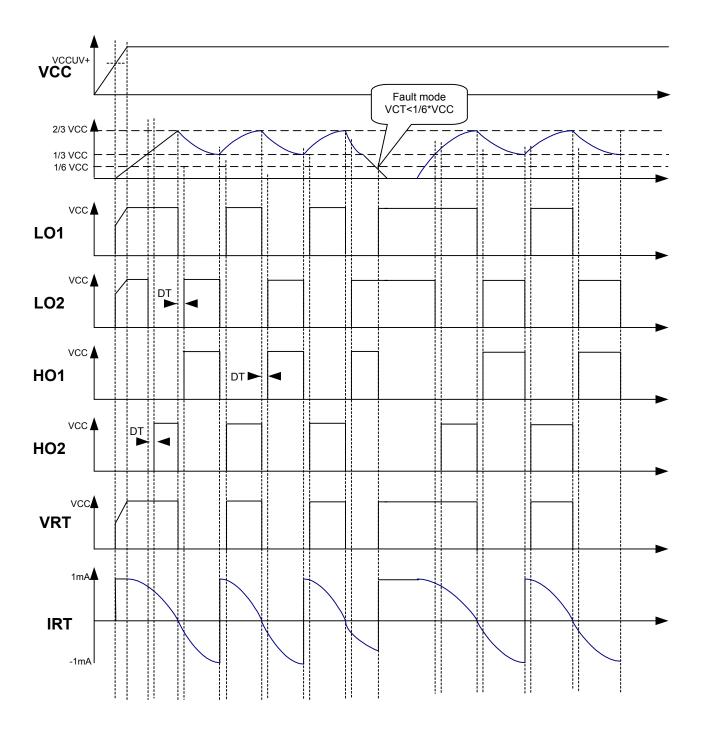
	Lead				
Pin	Symbol	Description			
1	VCC	Logic and internal gate drive supply voltage			
2	COM	IC power and signal ground			
3	CT	Oscillator timing capacitor input			
4	RT	Oscillator timing resistor input			
5	SD	Shutdown input			
6	LO1	Low-side gate driver output			
7	LO2	Low-side gate driver output			
8	VS2	High voltage floating supply return			
9	HO2	High-side gate driver output			
10	VB1	High side gate driver floating supply			
11	NC	No connect			
12	VS1	High voltage floating supply return			
13	HO1	High-side gate driver output			
14	VB1	High side gate driver floating supply			

# **Functional Block Diagram**



All values are typical.

# **Timing Diagram**





#### **Functional Description**

#### Under-voltage Lock-Out Mode (UVLO)

The under-voltage lockout mode (UVLO) is defined as the state the IC is in when VCC is below the turn-on threshold of the IC. The IRS2453D under voltage lock-out is designed to maintain an ultra low supply current of less than 150uA, and to guarantee the IC is fully functional before the high and low side output drivers are activated. During under voltage lock-out mode, the high and low-side driver outputs LO1, LO2, HO1, HO2 are all low. With VCC above the VCCUV+ threshold, the IC turns on and the output begin to oscillate.

#### Normal operating mode

Once VCC reaches the start-up threshold VCCUV+, the MOSFET M1 opens, RT increases to approximately VCC (VCCVRT+) and the external CT capacitor starts charging. Once the CT voltage reaches VCT- (about 1/3 of VCC), established by an internal resistor ladder, LO1 and HO2 turn on with a delay equivalent to the deadtime td. Once the CT voltage reaches VCT+ (approximately 2/3 of VCC), LO1 and HO2 go low, RT goes down to approximately ground (VRT-), the CT capacitor starts discharging and the deadtime circuit is activated. At the end of the deadtime, LO2 and HO1 go low, RT goes to high again, the deadtime is activated. At the end of the deadtime, LO1 and HO2 go high and the cycle starts over again.

The frequency is best determined by the graph, Frequency vs. RT, Page 3, for different values of CT. A first order approximate of the oscillator frequency can also be calculated by the following formula::

$$f \approx \frac{1}{1.453 \times RT \times CT}$$

This equation can vary slightly from actual measurements due to internal comparator over- and under-shoot delays.

#### **Bootstrap MOSFET**

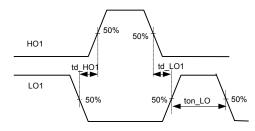
The internal bootstrap FET and supply capacitor (C<sub>BOOT</sub>) comprise the supply voltage for the high side driver circuitry. The internal boostrap FET only turns on when the corresponding LO is high. To guarantee that the high-side supply is charged up before the first pulse on HO1 and HO2, LO1 and LO2 are both on when CT ramps between zero and 1/3\*VCC. LO1 and LO2 are also on when CT is grounded below 1/6\*VCC to ensure that the bootstrap capacitor is charged when CT is brought back over 1/3\*VCC.

#### Non-latched Shutdown

If CT is pulled down below VCTSD (approximately 1/6 of VCC) by an external circuit, CT doesn't charge up and oscillation stops. All outputs are held low and the bootstrap FETs are off. Oscillation will resume once CT is able to charge up again to VCT-.

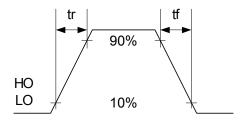
#### **Latched Shutdown**

When the SD pin is brought above 2V, the IC goes into fault mode and all outputs are low. VCC has to be recycled below VCCUV- to restart the IC. The SD pin can be used for overcurrent or over-voltage protection using appropriate external circuitry.



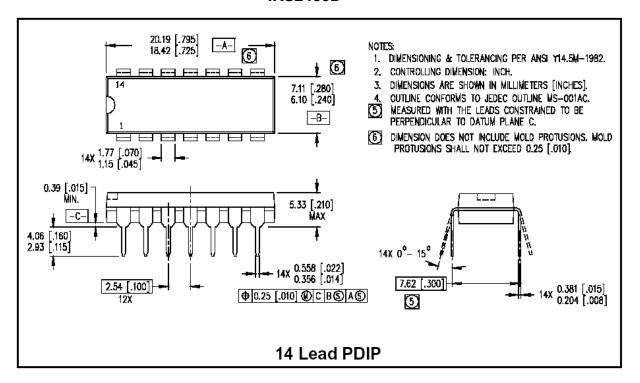
Deadtime Waveform Definitions

#### Deadtime waveform

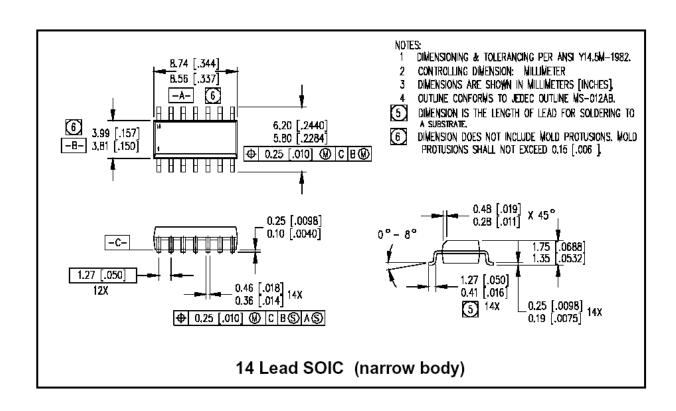


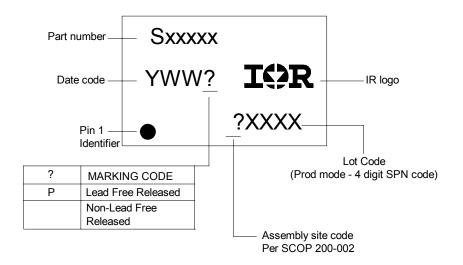
Rise and fall time waveform

#### IRS2453D



#### **IRS2453DS**





### ORDER INFORMATION

8-lead PDIP: order IRS2453DPbF 8-lead SOICN: order IRS2453DSPbF 8-lead SOICN tape & reel: order IRS2453DSTRPbF

International

TOR Rectifier

Qualification: Industrial, MSL3, lead-free

WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245 Tel: (310) 252-7105

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