

# 74LVC1G3157

## 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer

Rev. 01 — 7 February 2005

Product data sheet

### 1. General description

The 74LVC1G3157 is a high-performance, low-power, low-voltage, Si-gate CMOS device that provides superior performance to most advanced CMOS compatible TTL families.

The 74LVC1G3157 provides one analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with one digital select input (S), two independent inputs/outputs (B1 and B2) and a common input/output (A).

### 2. Features

- Wide supply voltage range from 1.65 V to 5.5 V
- Very low ON-resistance:
  - ◆ 7.5  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC} = 2.7$  V
  - ◆ 6.5  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V
  - ◆ 6  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V
- Break-before-make switching
- High noise immunity
- ESD protection:
  - ◆ HBM EIA/JESD22-A114-B exceeds 2000 V
  - ◆ MM EIA/JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
- CMOS low-power consumption
- Latch-up performance meets requirements of JESD 78 Class I
- Direct interface with TTL levels
- Control input accepts voltages up to 5 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from  $-40$  °C to  $+85$  °C and from  $-40$  °C to  $+125$  °C

### 3. Quick reference data

**Table 1: Quick reference data**

$GND = 0$  V;  $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5$  ns; minimum and maximum values at  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to  $+85$  °C; typical values at  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{PZH}$ , $t_{PZL}$	turn-on time S to Bn	$C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 500$ $\Omega$				
		$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V	0.5	4.0	5.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0$ V	0.5	3.0	4.0	ns
$t_{PHZ}$ , $t_{PLZ}$	turn-off time S to Bn	$C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 500$ $\Omega$				
		$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V	0.5	3.6	4.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0$ V	0.8	2.9	3.5	ns

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**Table 1: Quick reference data ...continued**

$GND = 0\text{ V}$ ;  $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5\text{ ns}$ ; minimum and maximum values at  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values at  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$C_I$	select input capacitance		-	2.5	-	pF
$C_S$	switch capacitance	OFF-state	-	6.0	-	pF
		ON-state	-	18	-	pF

## 4. Ordering information

**Table 2: Ordering information**

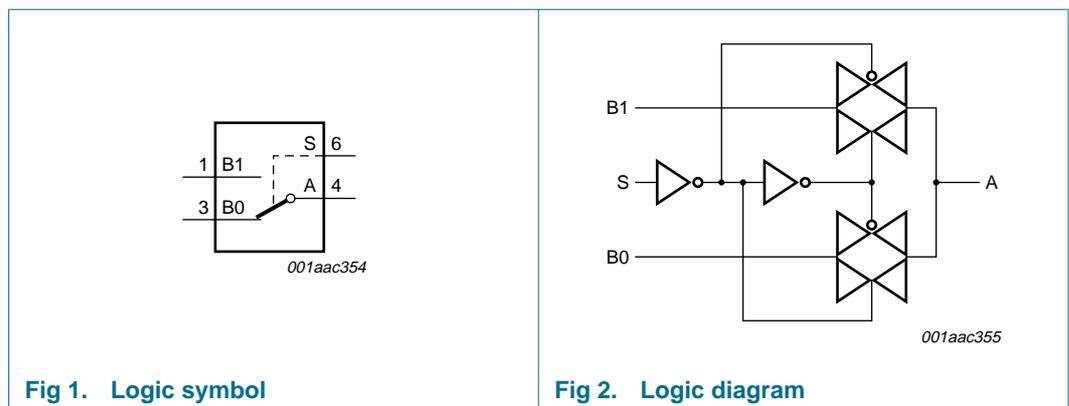
Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LVC1G3157GW	-40 °C to +125 °C	SC-88	plastic surface mounted package; 6 leads	SOT363
74LVC1G3157GV	-40 °C to +125 °C	SC-74	plastic surface mounted package; 6 leads	SOT457
74LVC1G3157GM	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm	SOT886

## 5. Marking

**Table 3: Marking**

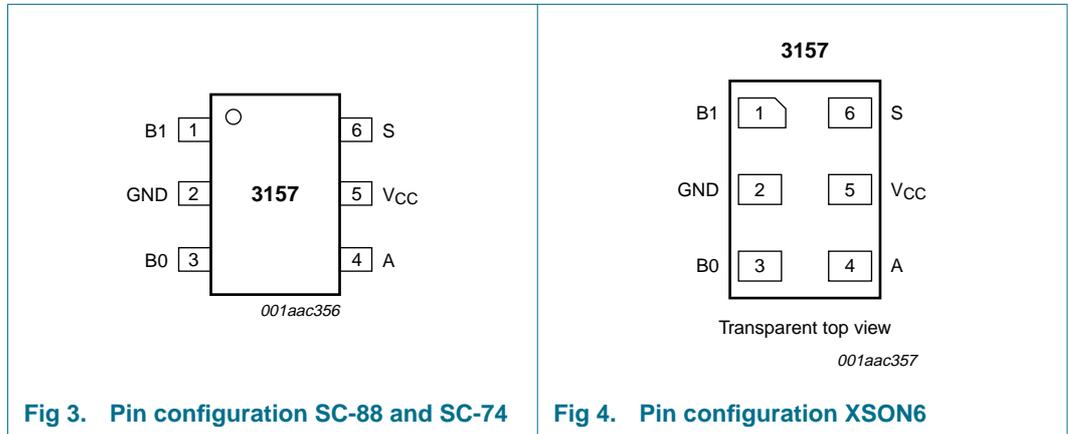
Type number	Marking code
74LVC1G3157GW	YJ
74LVC1G3157GV	YJ
74LVC1G3157GM	YJ

## 6. Functional diagram



## 7. Pinning information

### 7.1 Pinning



### 7.2 Pin description

Table 4: Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
B1	1	independent B1 input or output
GND	2	ground (0 V)
B0	3	independent B0 input or output
A	4	common A output or input
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	supply voltage
S	6	select input

## 8. Functional description

### 8.1 Function table

Table 5: Function table [1]

Input S	Channel on
L	B0
H	B1

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;  
L = LOW voltage level.

## 9. Limiting values

**Table 6: Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		-0.5	+6.5	V
$V_I$	input voltage		[1] -0.5	+6.5	V
$I_{IK}$	input diode current	$V_I < -0.5\text{ V}$ or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5$	-	-50	mA
$I_{SK}$	switch diode current	$V_I < -0.5\text{ V}$ or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5$	-	$\pm 50$	mA
$V_S$	switch DC voltage	enable and disable mode	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$I_S$	switch source or sink current	$V_S > -0.5\text{ V}$ or $V_S < V_{CC} + 0.5$	-	$\pm 50$	mA
$I_{CC}, I_{GND}$	$V_{CC}$ or GND current		-	$\pm 100$	mA
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$ to $+125\text{ °C}$	-	300	mW

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

## 10. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 7: Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		1.65	-	5.5	V
$V_I$	input voltage		0	-	5.5	V
$V_S$	switch DC voltage	enable and disable mode	[1] 0	-	$V_{CC}$	V
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature		-40	-	+125	°C
$t_r, t_f$	input rise and fall times	$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$ to $2.7\text{ V}$	[2] 0	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	[2] 0	-	10	ns/V

[1] To avoid drawing  $V_{CC}$  current out of terminal A when switch current flows in terminal Bn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal A, no  $V_{CC}$  current will flow out of terminal Bn. In this case, there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch.

[2] Applies to control signal levels.

## 11. Static characteristics

**Table 8: Static characteristics**

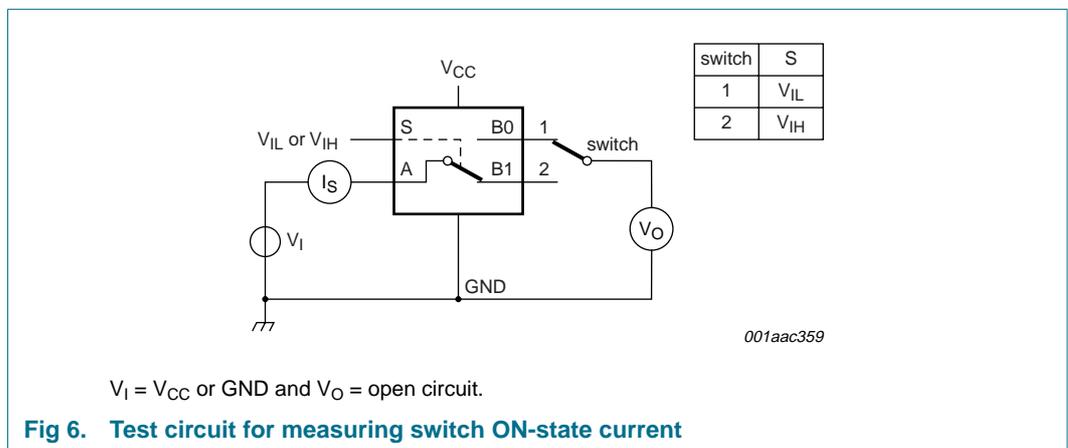
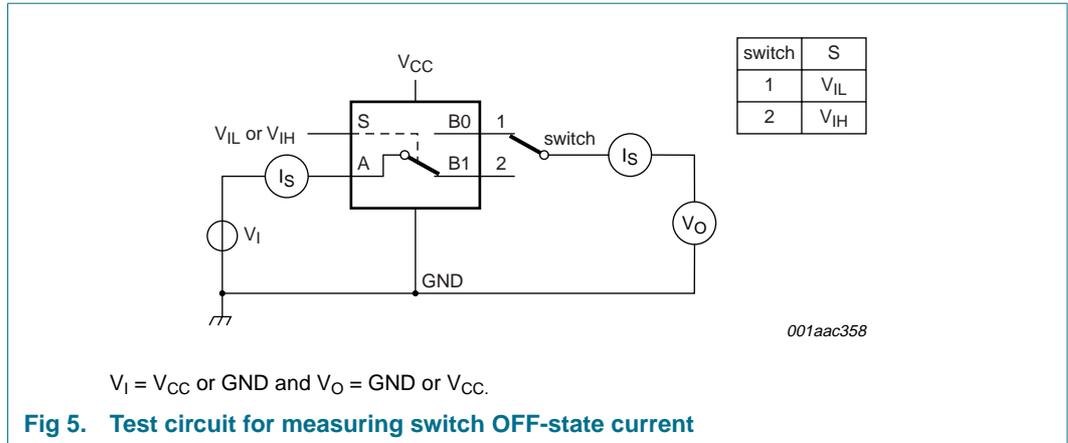
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$ to $+85\text{ °C}$ [1]						
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$ to $1.95\text{ V}$	$0.65V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$ to $2.7\text{ V}$	1.7	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	$0.7V_{CC}$	-	-	V

**Table 8: Static characteristics ...continued**  
 At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.3V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>LI</sub>	input leakage current on pin S	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	±0.1	±2	µA
I <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	analog switch OFF-state current per channel	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ;  V <sub>SI</sub>   = V <sub>CC</sub> - GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; see <a href="#">Figure 5</a>	-	±0.1	±5	µA
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	analog switch ON-state current per channel	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ;  V <sub>SI</sub>   = V <sub>CC</sub> - GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	-	±0.1	±5	µA
I <sub>CC</sub>	quiescent supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; V <sub>S</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	0.1	10	µA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional quiescent supply current pin S	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V; V <sub>S</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	5	500	µA
C <sub>I</sub>	input capacitance		-	2.5	-	pF
C <sub>S</sub>	switch capacitance	OFF-state	-	6.0	-	pF
		ON-state	-	18	-	pF
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C</b>						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.65V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.3V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>LI</sub>	input leakage current on pin S	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	±10	µA
I <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	analog switch OFF-state current per channel	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ;  V <sub>SI</sub>   = V <sub>CC</sub> - GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; see <a href="#">Figure 5</a>	-	-	±20	µA
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	analog switch ON-state current per channel	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ;  V <sub>SI</sub>   = V <sub>CC</sub> - GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	-	-	±20	µA
I <sub>CC</sub>	quiescent supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; V <sub>S</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	40	µA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional quiescent supply current pin S	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V; V <sub>S</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	5000	µA

[1] Typical values are measured at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C.



**Table 9: Resistance  $R_{ON}$**

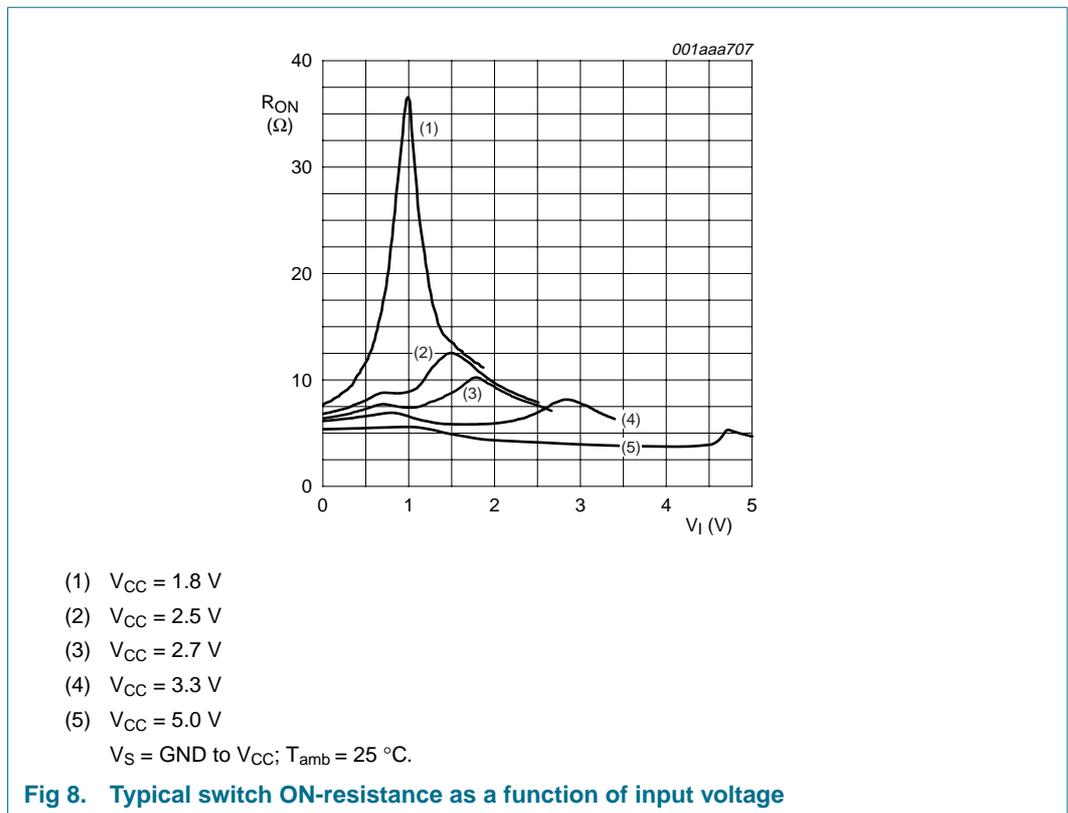
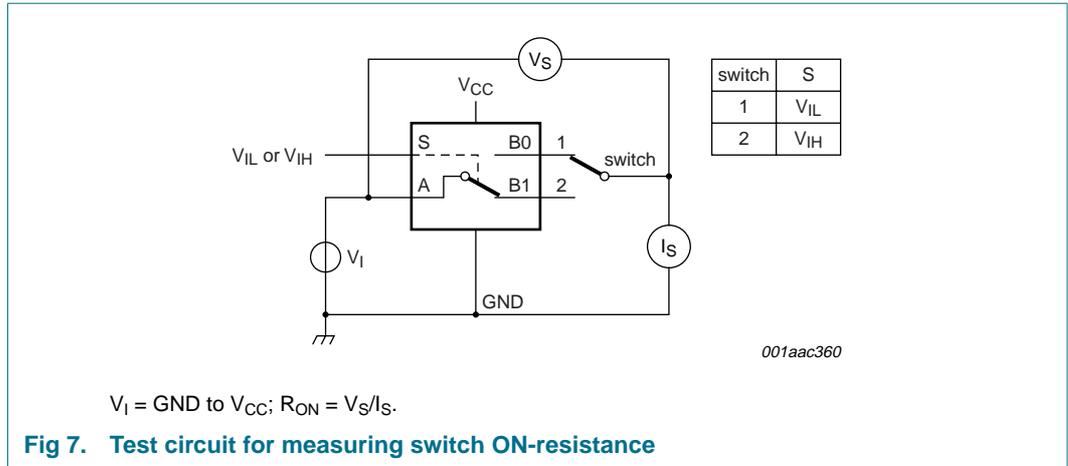
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); see test circuit [Figure 7](#).

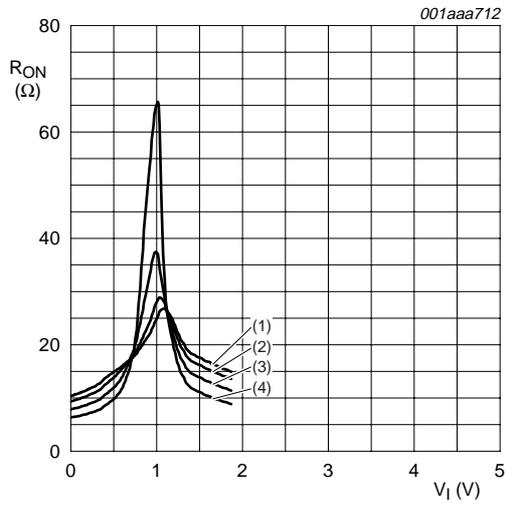
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
<b><math>T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}</math> to <math>+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}</math> [1]</b>							
$R_{ON(rail)}$	switch ON-state resistance (rail)	$V_S = GND; V_I = V_{IH}$					
		$I_S = 4\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	-	8.7	18	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 8\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	-	7.2	16	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 12\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$	-	7.0	14	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 24\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	-	6.5	12	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 32\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	-	5.9	10	$\Omega$	
		$V_S = V_{CC}; V_I = V_{IH}$					
		$I_S = 4\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	-	12	30	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 8\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	-	8.3	20	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 12\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$	-	7.8	18	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 24\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	-	6.7	15	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 32\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	-	5.2	10	$\Omega$	

**Table 9: Resistance  $R_{ON}$  ...continued**At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); see test circuit [Figure 7](#).

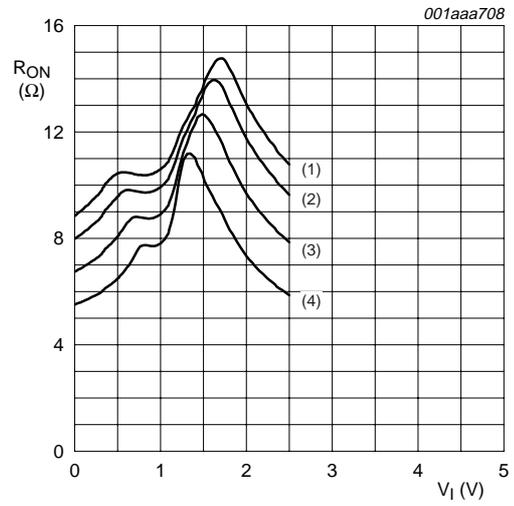
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
$R_{ON(peak)}$	switch ON-state resistance (peak)	$V_S = \text{GND to } V_{CC}; V_I = V_{IH}$					
		$I_S = 4 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	57	140	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	15	40	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	13	25	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	9.0	20	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	6.0	15	$\Omega$	
$R_{ON(flatness)}$	switch ON-resistance (flatness)	$V_S = \text{GND to } V_{CC}; V_I = V_{IH}; \text{ see } \text{Figure 9}$					
		$I_S = 4 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	100	-	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	17	-	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	10	-	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	5	-	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	3	-	$\Omega$	
<b><math>T_{amb} = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C to } +125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}</math></b>							
$R_{ON(rail)}$	switch ON-state resistance (rail)	$V_S = \text{GND}; V_I = V_{IH}$					
		$I_S = 4 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	-	27	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	24	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	21	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	18	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	15	$\Omega$	
		$V_S = V_{CC}; V_I = V_{IH}$					
		$I_S = 4 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	-	45	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	30	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	27	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	23	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	15	$\Omega$	
$R_{ON(peak)}$	switch ON-state resistance (peak)	$V_S = \text{GND to } V_{CC}; V_I = V_{IH}$					
		$I_S = 4 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	-	140	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	60	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	38	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	30	$\Omega$	
		$I_S = 32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	23	$\Omega$	

[1] Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and nominal  $V_{CC}$ .

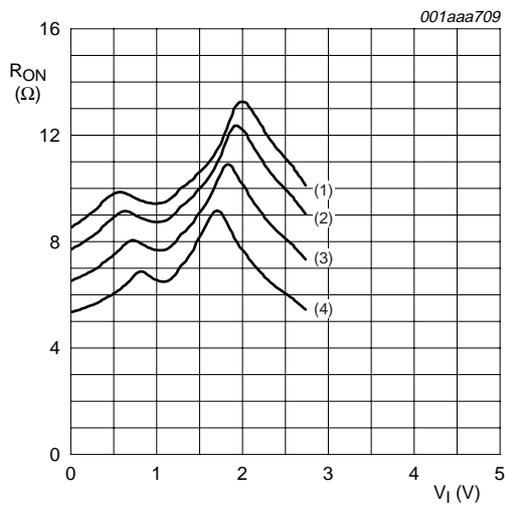




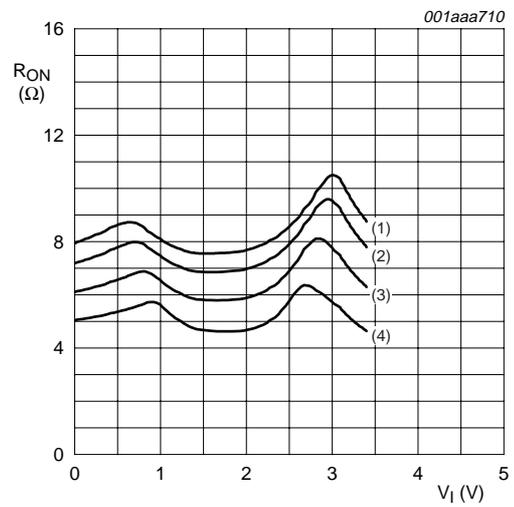
- (1)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
  - (4)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- a.  $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$



- (1)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
  - (4)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- b.  $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$



- (1)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
  - (4)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- c.  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$



- (1)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
  - (4)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- d.  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$

Fig 9. Switch ON-resistance as a function of input voltage

## 12. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 10: Dynamic characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); test circuit [Figure 13](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C [1]</b>						
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay A to Bn or Bn to A	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	-	2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	1.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	-	-	1.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.6	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn-on time S to Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.0	8.7	14	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.0	5.3	7.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	1.0	4.9	6.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	0.5	4.0	5.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.5	3.0	4.0	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn-off time S to Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.5	6.0	8.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.0	4.4	6.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	1.5	4.2	5.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	1.5	3.6	4.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.8	2.9	3.5	ns
t <sub>D</sub>	break-before-make time	see <a href="#">Figure 12</a> [2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.5	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	0.5	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	0.5	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	0.5	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.5	-	-	ns
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C</b>						
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay A to Bn or Bn to A	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	-	3.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	2.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	-	-	1.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	1.0	ns

**Table 10: Dynamic characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); test circuit [Figure 13](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn-on time S to Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.0	-	14.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.0	-	7.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	1.0	-	6.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	0.5	-	5.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.5		4.0	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn-off time S to Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.5	-	8.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.0	-	6.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	1.5	-	5.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	1.5	-	4.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.8	-	3.5	ns
t <sub>D</sub>	break-before-make time	see <a href="#">Figure 12</a>		[2]		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.5	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	0.5	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	0.5	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	0.5	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.5	-	-	ns

[1] Typical values are measured at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C and nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.

[2] Break-before-make specified by design.

### 13. Waveforms

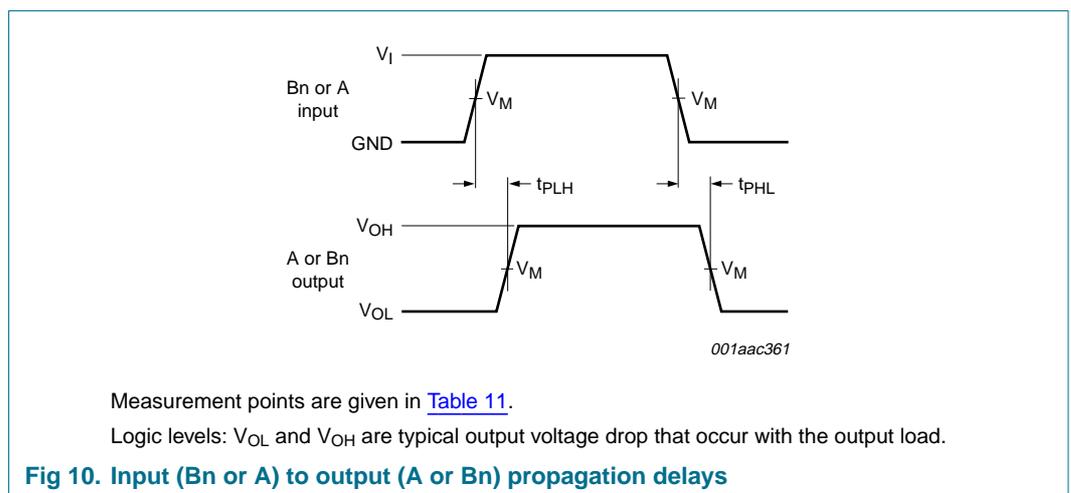


Table 11: Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input	Output
$V_{CC}$	$V_M$	$V_M$
1.65 V to 5.5 V	$0.5V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$

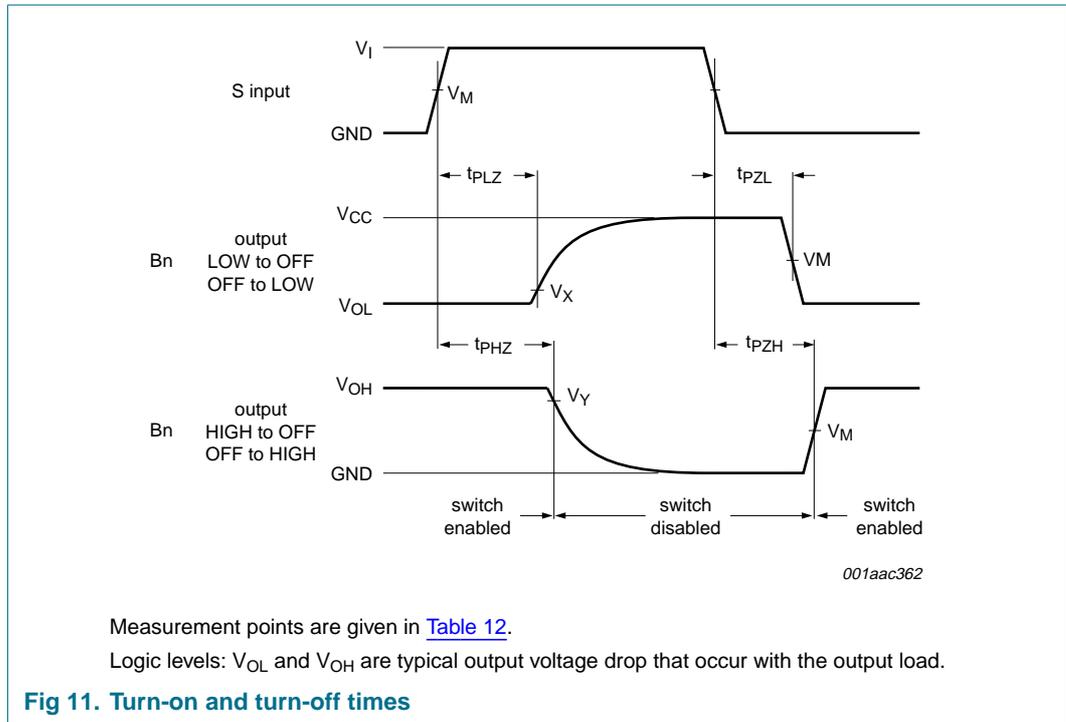


Table 12: Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input	Output		
$V_{CC}$	$V_M$	$V_M$	$V_X$	$V_Y$
1.65 V to 5.5 V	$0.5V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$	$V_{OL} + 0.3 V$	$V_{OH} - 0.3 V$

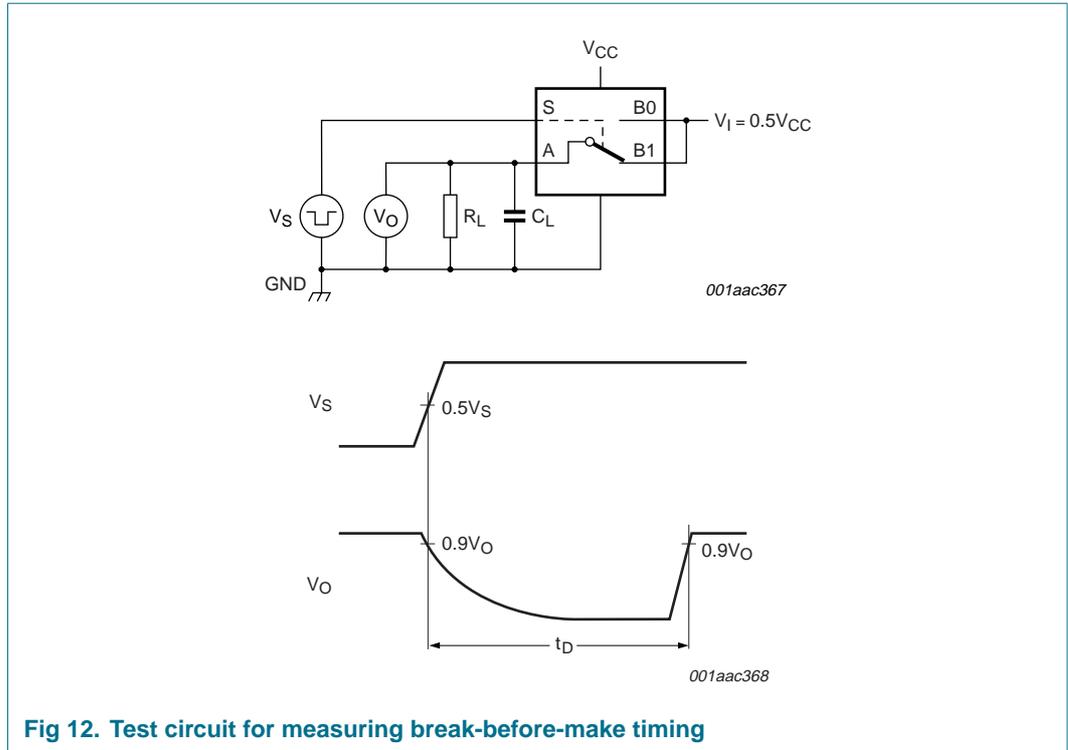


Fig 12. Test circuit for measuring break-before-make timing

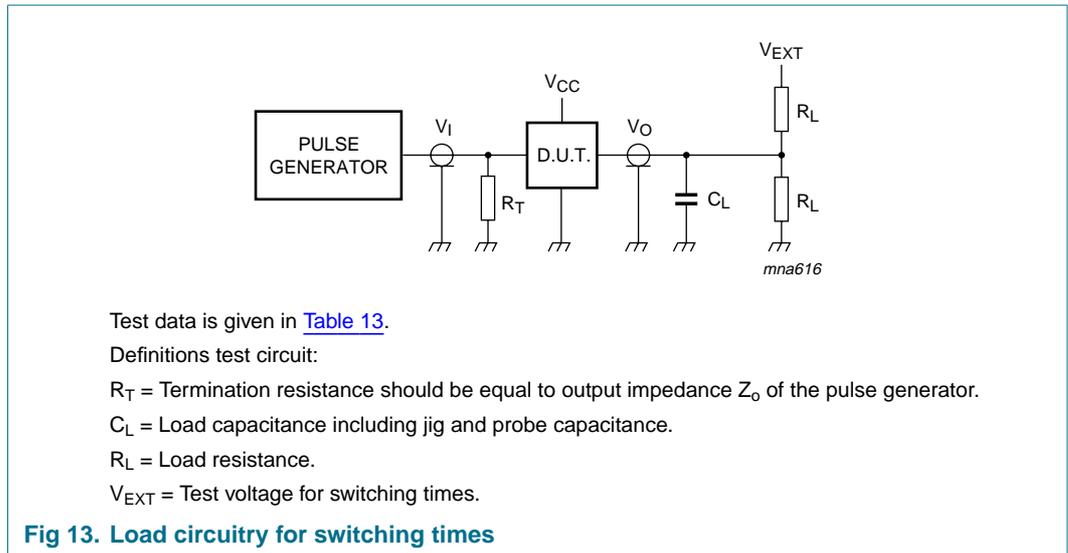


Fig 13. Load circuitry for switching times

Table 13: Test data

Supply voltage	Input	Load			$V_{EXT}$		
$V_{CC}$	$V_I$	$t_r, t_f$	$C_L$	$R_L$	$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$
1.65 V to 1.95 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.0$ ns	50 pF	500 $\Omega$	open	GND	$2V_{CC}$
2.3 V to 2.7 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.0$ ns	50 pF	500 $\Omega$	open	GND	$2V_{CC}$
2.7 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.5$ ns	50 pF	500 $\Omega$	open	GND	$2V_{CC}$
3 V to 3.6 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.5$ ns	50 pF	500 $\Omega$	open	GND	$2V_{CC}$
4.5 V to 5.5 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.5$ ns	50 pF	500 $\Omega$	open	GND	$2V_{CC}$

## 14. Additional dynamic characteristics

**Table 14: Additional dynamic characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; typical values measured at  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$d_{sin}$	sine-wave distortion	$f_i = 600\text{ Hz to }20\text{ kHz}; R_L = 600\ \Omega;$ $C_L = 50\text{ pF}; V_I = 0.5\text{ V (p-p);}$ see <a href="#">Figure 14</a>				
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$	-	0.260	-	%
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$	-	0.078	-	%
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$	-	0.078	-	%
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	-	0.078	-	%
$f_{(-3dB)}$	switch ON-state signal frequency response	$R_L = 50\ \Omega; C_L = 5\text{ pF};$ see <a href="#">Figure 15</a> <sup>[1]</sup>				
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$	-	200	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$	-	300	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$	-	300	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	-	300	-	MHz
$\alpha_{OFF(ft)}$	switch OFF-state signal feed-through attenuation	$R_L = 50\ \Omega; C_L = 5\text{ pF}; f_i = 10\text{ MHz};$ see <a href="#">Figure 16</a> <sup>[2]</sup>				
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$	-	-42	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$	-	-42	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$	-	-40	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	-	-40	-	dB
$V_{ct(sw-sw)}$	crosstalk between switches	$R_L = 50\ \Omega; C_L = 5\text{ pF}; f_i = 10\text{ MHz};$ see <a href="#">Figure 17</a>				
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$	-	-68	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$	-	-70	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$	-	-70	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	-	-70	-	dB
Q	charge injection	$C_L = 0.1\text{ nF}; V_{gen} = 0\text{ V}; R_{gen} = 0\ \Omega;$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}; R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega;$ see <a href="#">Figure 18</a> <sup>[3]</sup>				
		$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$	-	< 0.003	-	pC
		$V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$	-	0.004	-	pC
		$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	0.0045	-	pC
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	-	0.0045	-	pC
		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$	-	0.0045	-	pC

[1] Adjust  $f_i$  voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at output. Increase  $f_i$  frequency until dB meter reads -3 dB.

[2] Adjust  $f_i$  voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at input.

[3] Definition:  $Q = \Delta V_O \times C_L$ . Guaranteed by design.

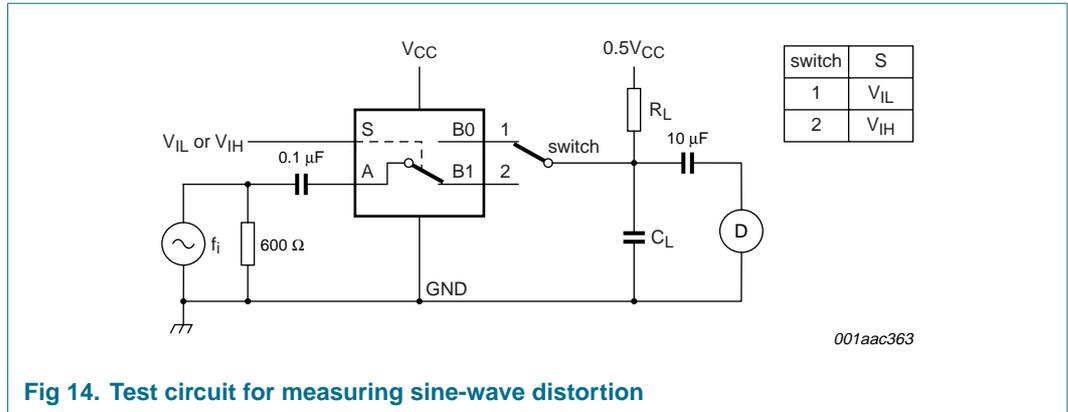


Fig 14. Test circuit for measuring sine-wave distortion

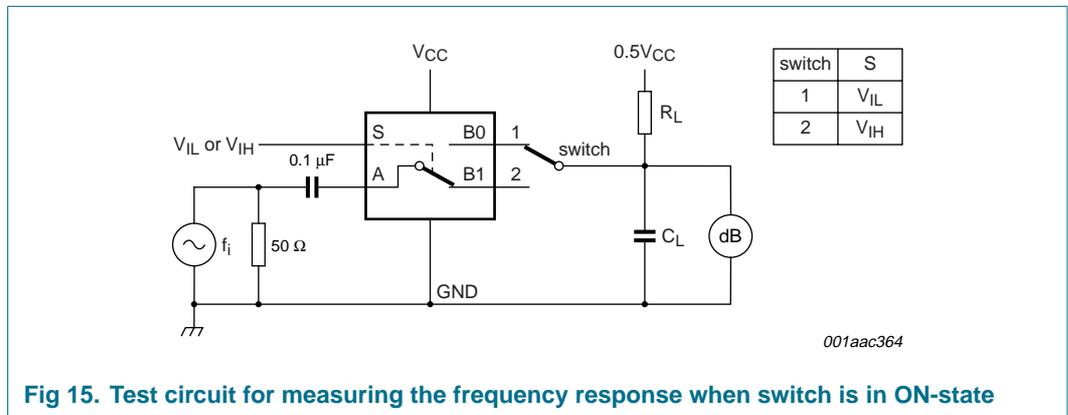


Fig 15. Test circuit for measuring the frequency response when switch is in ON-state

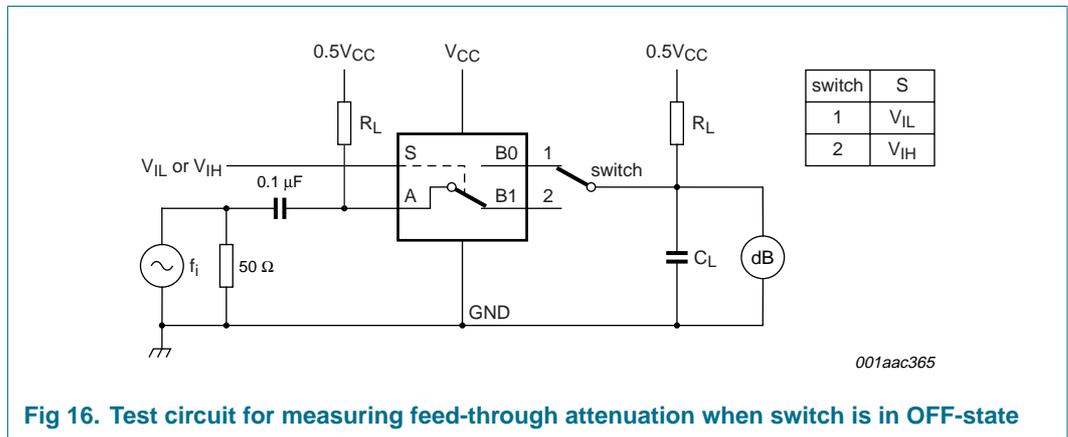


Fig 16. Test circuit for measuring feed-through attenuation when switch is in OFF-state

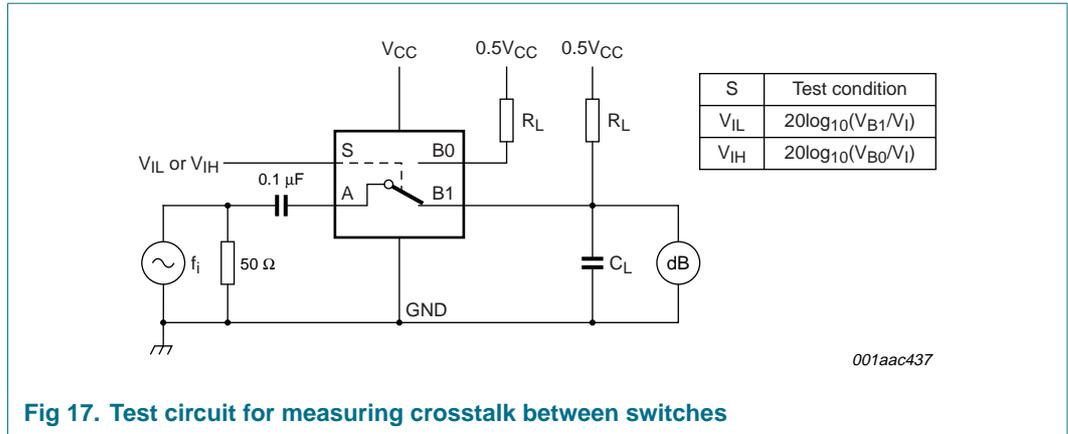


Fig 17. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between switches

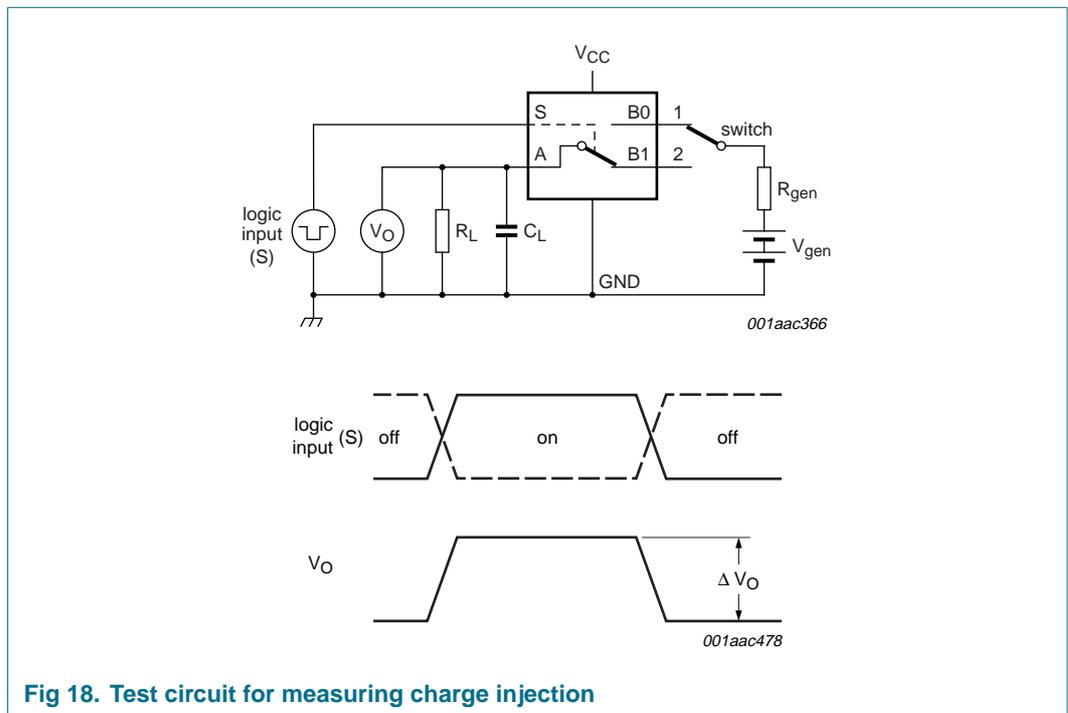


Fig 18. Test circuit for measuring charge injection

15. Package outline

Plastic surface mounted package; 6 leads

SOT363

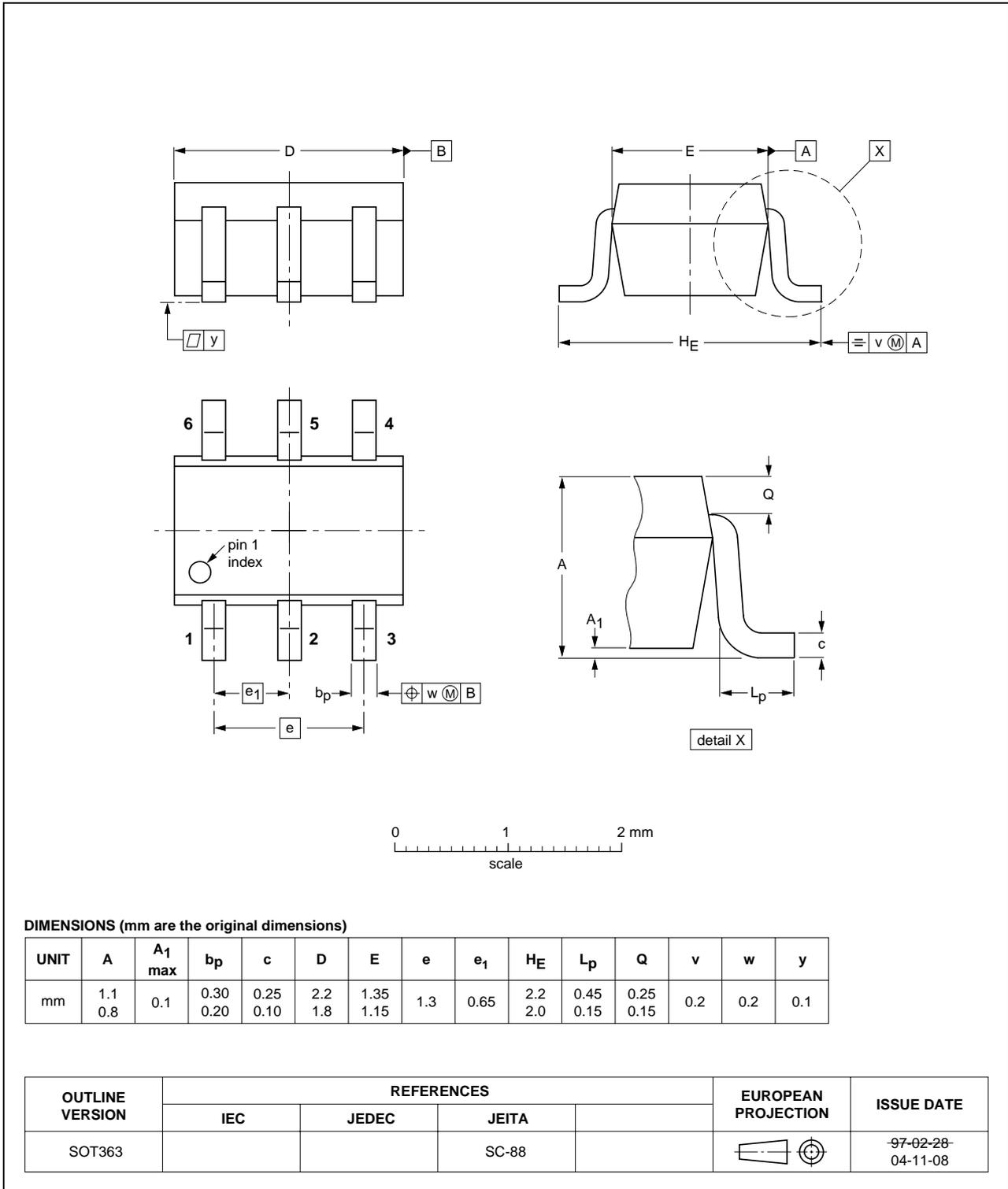


Fig 19. Package outline SOT363 (SC-88)

Plastic surface mounted package; 6 leads

SOT457

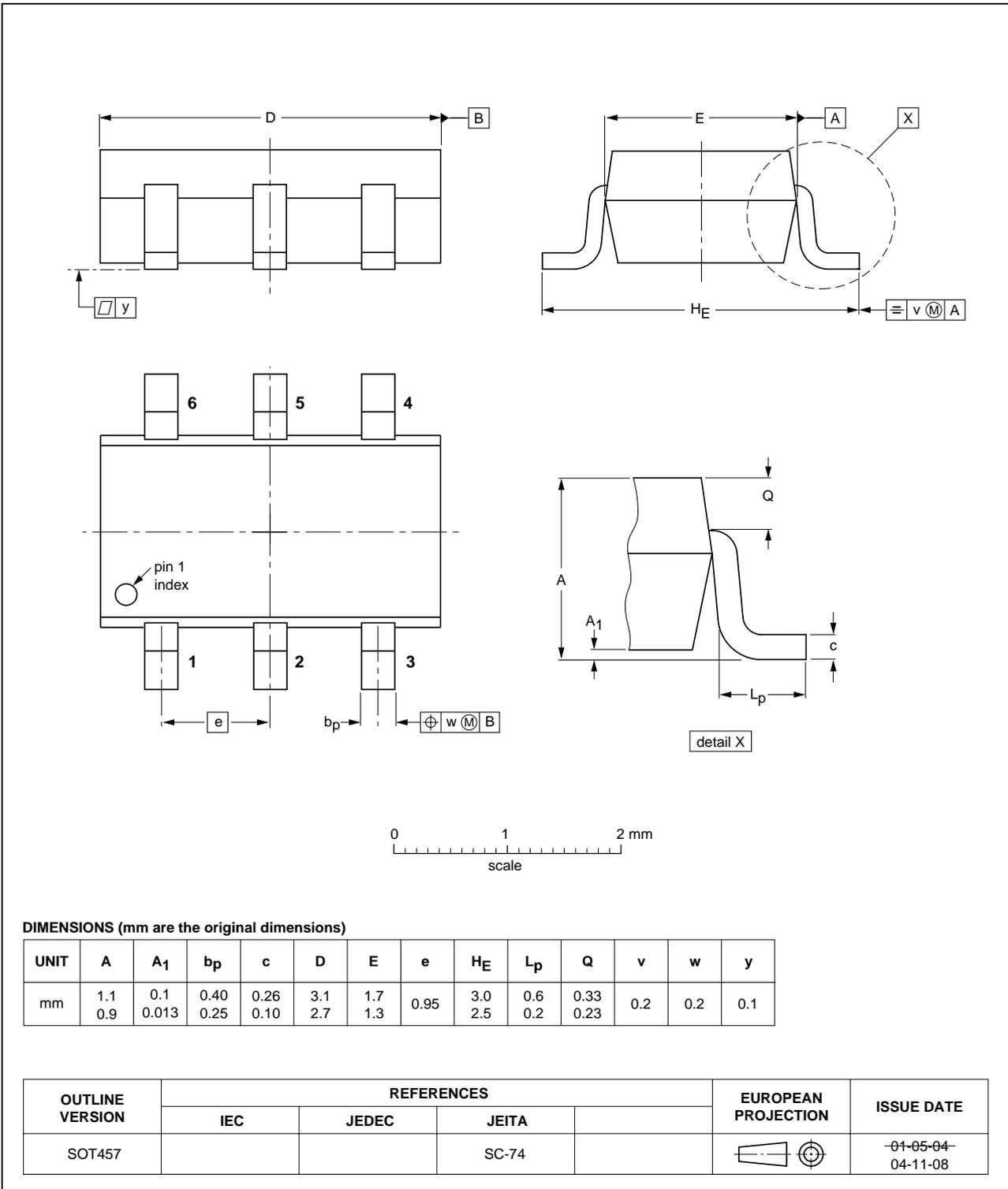


Fig 20. Package outline SOT457 (SC-74)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1.45 x 0.5 mm

SOT886

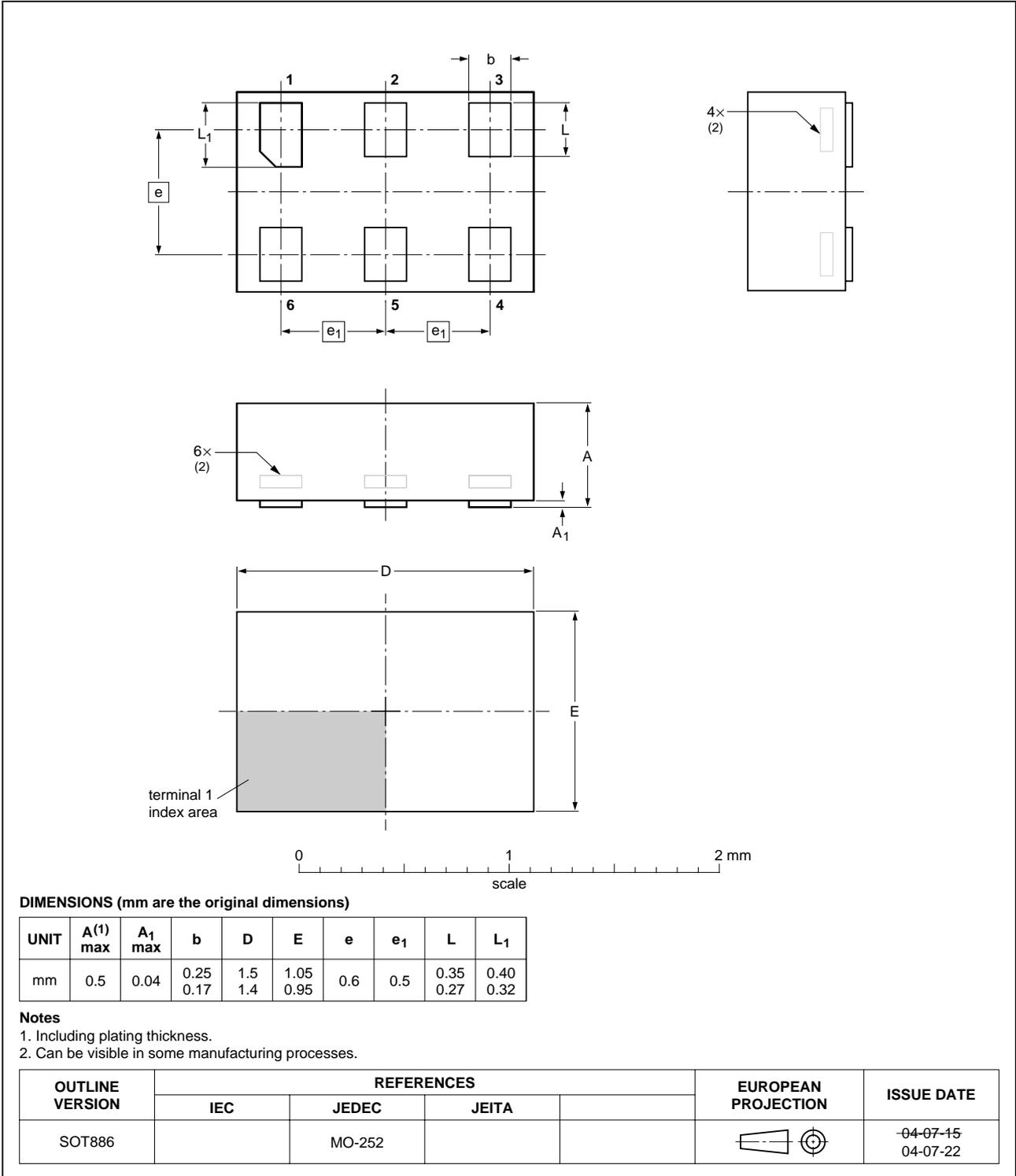


Fig 21. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

## 16. Revision history

Table 15: Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Doc. number	Supersedes
74LVC1G3157_1	20050207	Product data sheet	-	9397 750 14524	-

## 17. Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status <sup>[1]</sup>	Product status <sup>[2]</sup> <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
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[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

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**Limiting values definition** — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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