

LM4125 **Precision Micropower Low Dropout Voltage Reference General Description Features**

The LM4125 is a precision low power low dropout bandgap voltage reference with up to 5 mA output current source and sink capability.

This series reference operates with input voltages as low as 2V and up to 6V consuming 160 µA (Typ.) supply current. In power down mode, device current drops to less than 2 µA.

The LM4125 comes in two grades (A and Standard) and three voltage options for greater flexibility. The best grade devices (A) have an initial accuracy of 0.2%, while the standard have an initial accuracy of 0.5%, both with a tempco of 50ppm/°C guaranteed from -40°C to +125°C.

The very low dropout voltage, low supply current and powerdown capability of the LM4125 makes this product an ideal choice for battery powered and portable applications.

The device performance is guaranteed over the industrial temperature range (-40°C to +85°C), while certain specs are guaranteed over the extended temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). Please contact National for full specifications over the extended temperature range. The LM4125 is available in a standard 5-pin SOT-23 package.

- Small SOT23-5 package
- Low dropout voltage:
- High output voltage accuracy:
- Source and Sink current output:
- Supply current:
- Low Temperature Coefficient:
- Fixed output voltages:
- Industrial temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
- (For extended temperature range, -40°C to 125°C, contact National Semiconductor)

Applications

- Portable, battery powered equipment
- Instrumentation and process control
- Automotive & Industrial
- Test equipment
- Data acquisition systems
- Precision regulators
- Battery chargers
- Base stations
- Communications
- Medical equipment



120 mV Typ @ 1 mA 160 µA Typ. 50 ppm/°C 2.048, 2.5, and 4.096

0.2%

±5 mA

Ordering Information

Industrial Temperature Range (-40°C to + 85°C)

Initial Output Voltage Accuracy at 25°C And Temperature Coefficient	LM4125 Supplied as 1000 Units, Tape and Reel	LM4125 Supplied as 3000 Units, Tape and Reel	Top Marking
0.2%, 50 ppm/°C max (A grade)	LM4125AIM5-2.0	LM4125AIM5X-2.0	R80A
	LM4125AIM5-2.5	LM4125AIM5X-2.5	R81A
	LM4125AIM5-4.1	LM4125AIM5X-4.1	R82A
0.5%, 50 ppm/°C max	LM4125IM5-2.0	LM4125IM5X-2.0	R80B
	LM4125IM5-2.5	LM4125IM5X-2.5	R81B
	LM4125IM5-4.1	LM4125IM5X-4.1	R82B

SOT-23 Package Marking Information

Only four fields of marking are possible on the SOT-23's small surface. This table gives the meaning of the four fields.

Field Information				
First Field:				
R = Reference				
Second and third	Field:			
80 = 2.048V Vo	tage Option			
81 = 2.500V Vo	tage Option			
82 = 4.096V Vo	tage Option			
Fourth Field:				
A-B = Initial Ref	erence Voltage Tolerance			
$A = \pm 0.2\%$				
$B = \pm 0.5\%$				

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Maximum Voltage on input or	
enable pins	–0.3V to 8V
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Indefinite
Power Dissipation ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$) (Note 2):	
MA05B package – θ_{JA}	280°C/W
Power Dissipation	350 mW
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
Human Body Model	2 kV
Machine Model	200V

Lead Temperature: +260°C Soldering, (10 sec.) +215°C Vapor Phase (60 sec.) +215°C Infrared (15 sec.) +220°C

Operating Range (Note 1)

Electrical Characteristics

LM4125-2.048V and 2.5V Unless otherwise specified $V_{IN} = 3.3V$, $I_{LOAD} = 0$, $C_{OUT} = 0.01\mu$ F, $T_A = T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C. Limits with standard typeface are for $T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the -40° C $\leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}$ C temperature range.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min (Note 5)	Typ (Note 4)	Max (Note 5)	Units
V _{out}	Output Voltage Initial Accuracy LM4125A-2.048 LM4125A-2.500				±0.2	%
	LM4125-2.048 LM4125-2.500				±0.5	%
TCV _{OUT} /°C	Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$		14	50	ppm/°c
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$3.3V \le V_{IN} \le 6V$		0.0007	0.008 0.01	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta I_{LOAD}$		$0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$		0.03	0.08 0.17	
	Load Regulation	$1 \text{ mA} \le I_{LOAD} \le 5 \text{ mA}$		0.01	0.04 0.1	%/mA
		$-1 \text{ mA} \le I_{LOAD} \le 0 \text{ mA}$		0.04	0.12	
		$-5 \text{ mA} \le I_{LOAD} \le -1 \text{ mA}$		0.01		
V _{IN} –V _{OUT}	Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	$I_{LOAD} = 0 \text{ mA}$		45	65 100	mV
		I _{LOAD} = +1 mA		120	150 200	
		I _{LOAD} = +5 mA		180	210 300	
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		20		μV _{PP}
	(Note 8)	10 Hz to 10 kHz		36		μV _{PP}
I _S	Supply Current			160	257 290	μA
I _{SC}	Short Circuit Current	V _{IN} = 3.3V, V _{OUT} = 0		15		- mA
			6		30	
		$V_{IN} = 6V, V_{OUT} = 0$		17		
			6		30	
Hyst	Thermal Hysteresis (Note 7)	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 125^{\circ}C$		0.5		mV/V

Electrical Characteristics

LM4125-2.048V and 2.5V Unless otherwise specified $V_{IN} = 3.3V$, $I_{LOAD} = 0$, $C_{OUT} = 0.01\mu$ F, $T_A = T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C. Limits with standard typeface are for $T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the -40° C $\leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}$ C temperature range. (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min (Note 5)	Typ (Note 4)	Max (Note 5)	Units
ΔV _{OUT}	Long Term Stability (Note 9)	1000 hrs. @ 25°C		100		ppm

Electrical Characteristics LM4125-4.096V

Unless otherwise specified V_{IN} = 5V, I_{LOAD} = 0, C_{OUT} = 0.01µF, T_A = T_j = 25°C. Limits with standard typeface are for T_j = 25°C, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$ temperature range.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min (Note 5)	Typ (Note 4)	Max (Note 5)	Units
V _{out}	Output Voltage Initial Accuracy LM4125A-4.096				±0.2	%
	LM4125-4.096				±0.5	%
TCV _{OUT} /°C	Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$		14	50	ppm/°c
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$5V \le V_{IN} \le 6V$		0.0007	0.008 0.01	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta I_{LOAD}$		$0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$		0.03	0.08 0.17	
	Load Regulation	$1 \text{ mA} \le I_{LOAD} \le 5 \text{ mA}$		0.01	0.04 0.1	%/mA
		$-1 \text{ mA} \le I_{LOAD} \le 0 \text{ mA}$		0.04	0.12	
		$-5 \text{ mA} \le I_{LOAD} \le -1 \text{ mA}$		0.01		
V _{IN} -V _{OUT} Dropout Voltage (Note 6)		I _{LOAD} = 0 mA		45	65 100	mV
	Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	$I_{LOAD} = +1 \text{ mA}$		120	150 200	
		$I_{LOAD} = +5 \text{ mA}$		180	210 300	
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		20		μV _{PP}
	(Note 8)	10 Hz to 10 kHz		36		μV_{PP}
I _S	Supply Current			160	257 290	μΑ
I _{SC} S	Chart Circuit Current	V _{OUT} = 0		15		
			6		30	٣٨
	Short Circuit Current	$V_{IN} = 6V, V_{OUT} = 0$		17		mA
			6		30	
Hyst	Thermal Hysteresis (Note 7)	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 125^{\circ}C$		0.5		mV/V
ΔV_{OUT}	Long Term Stability (Note 9)	1000 hrs. @ 25°C		100		ppm

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see Electrical Characteristics. The guaranteed specifications apply only for the test conditions listed. Some performance characteristics may degrade when the device is not operated under the listed test conditions.

Note 2: Without PCB copper enhancements. The maximum power dissipation must be de-rated at elevated temperatures and is limited by T_{JMAX} (maximum junction temperature), θ_{J-A} (junction to ambient thermal resistance) and T_A (ambient temperature). The maximum power dissipation at any temperature is: PDiss_{MAX} = $(T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{J-A}$ up to the value listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Note 3: The human body model is a 100 pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5 k Ω resistor into each pin. The machine model is a 200 pF capacitor discharged directly into each pin.

Note 4: Typical numbers are at 25°C and represent the most likely parametric norm.

Note 5: Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed through correlation using Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. The limits are used to calculate National's Averaging Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).

Note 6: Dropout voltage is the differential voltage between V_{OUT} and V_{IN} at which V_{OUT} changes \leq 1% from V_{OUT} at V_{IN} = 3.3V for 2.0V, 2.5V and 5V for 4.1V. A parasitic diode exists between input and output pins; it will conduct if V_{OUT} is pulled to a higher voltage than V_{IN} .

Note 7: Thermal hysteresis is defined as the change in +25°C output voltage before and after exposing the device to temperature extremes.

Note 8: Output noise voltage is proportional to V_{OUT} . V_N for other voltage option is calculated using $(V_{N(1.8V)}/1.8) * V_{OUT}$. V_N (2.5V) = $(36\mu V_{PP}/1.8) * 2.5 = 46\mu V_{PP}$. **Note 9:** Long term stability is change in V_{REF} at 25°C measured continuously during 1000 hrs.

LM4125 Typical Operating Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, V_{IN} = 3.3V, V_{OUT} = 2.5V, I_{LOAD} = 0, C_{OUT} = 0.022µF and T_A = 25°C.



Short Circuit Current vs Temperature



Dropout Voltage vs Load Current



Typical Temperature Drift



Dropout Voltage vs Output Error



Load Regulation



LM4125 Typical Operating Characteristics Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$, $I_{LOAD} = 0$, $C_{OUT} = 0.022\mu$ F and $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C. (Continued)







Output Impedance vs Frequency





1k 10k 100k 1M Frequency (Hz)

20

0

100

20069825

LM4125

LM4125 Typical Operating Characteristics Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$, $I_{LOAD} = 0$, $C_{OUT} = 0.022\mu$ F and $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C. (Continued)

Start-Up Response



Load Step Response



Thermal Hysteresis



Load Step Response



Line Step Response



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Pin Functions

Output (Pin 5): Reference Output. Input (Pin 4):Positive Supply. Ground (Pin 2):Negative Supply or Ground Connection.

Application Hints

The standard application circuit for the LM4125 is shown in *Figure 1*. It is designed to be stable with ceramic output capacitors in the range of 0.022μ F to 0.1μ F. Note that 0.022μ F is the minimum required output capacitor. These capacitors typically have an ESR of about 0.1 to 0.5Ω . Smaller ESR can be tolerated, however larger ESR can not. The output capacitor can be increased to improve load transient response, up to about 1μ F. However, values above 0.047μ F must be tantalum. With tantalum capacitors, in the 1μ F range, a small capacitor between the output and the reference pin is required. This capacitor will typically be in the 50pF range. Care must be taken when using output capacitors of 1μ F or larger. These application must be thoroughly tested over temperature, line and load.

An input capacitor is typically not required. However, a $0.1 \mu F$ ceramic can be used to help prevent line transients from entering the LM4125. Larger input capacitors should be tantalum or aluminium.

The typical thermal hysteresis specification is defined as the change in +25°C voltage measured after thermal cycling. The device is thermal cycled to temperature -40°C and then measured at 25°C. Next the device is thermal cycled to temperature +125°C and again measured at 25°C. The resulting V_{OUT} delta shift between the 25°C measurements is thermal hysteresis. Thermal hysteresis is common in preci-

sion references and is induced by thermal-mechanical package stress. Changes in environmental storage temperature, operating temperature and board mounting temperature are all factors that can contribute to thermal hysteresis.



FIGURE 1.

INPUT CAPACITOR

Noise on the power-supply input can effect the output noise, but can be reduced by using an optional bypass capacitor between the input pin and the ground.

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT CONSIDERATION

The mechanical stress due to PC board mounting can cause the output voltage to shift from its initial value. References in SOT packages are generally less prone to assembly stress than devices in Small Outline (SOIC) package.

To reduce the stress-related output voltage shifts, mount the reference on the low flex areas of the PC board such as near to the edge or the corner of the PC board.



IN OUT w w R R LM4125 0.022 μF -V_{REF} GND R/2 20069806

► V_{REF}

Precision High Current Low Droput Regulator



Precision Voltage Reference with Force and Sense Output



Programmable Current Source



Typical Application Circuits (Continued)

Precision Regulator with Current Limiting Circuit







LM4125



- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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