

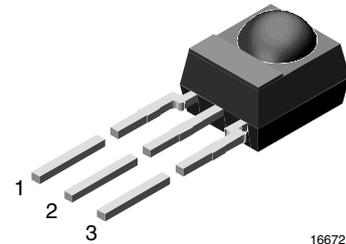
IR Receiver Modules for Remote Control Systems

Description

The TSOP21.. - series are miniaturized receivers for infrared remote control systems. PIN diode and preamplifier are assembled on lead frame, the epoxy package is designed as IR filter.

The demodulated output signal can directly be decoded by a microprocessor. The main benefit is the operation with short burst transmission codes and high data rates.

This component has not been qualified according to automotive specifications.



16672

Features

- Photo detector and preamplifier in one package
- Internal filter for PCM frequency
- Improved shielding against electrical field disturbance
- TTL and CMOS compatibility
- Output active low
- Low power consumption
- High immunity against ambient light
- Lead (Pb)-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC



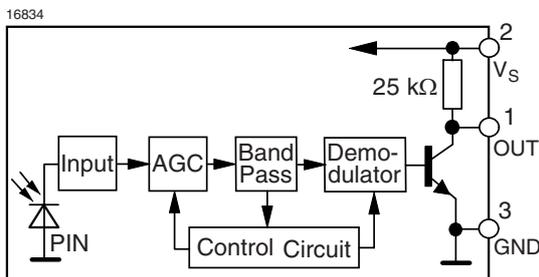
Special Features

- Enhanced data rate of 4000 bit/s
- Operation with short bursts possible (≥ 6 cycles/burst)

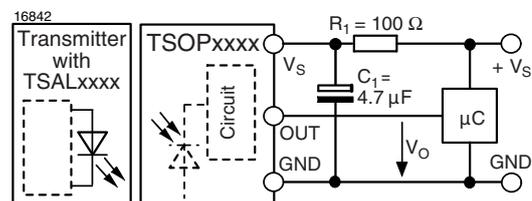
Parts Table

Part	Carrier Frequency
TSOP2130	30 kHz
TSOP2133	33 kHz
TSOP2136	36 kHz
TSOP2137	36.7 kHz
TSOP2138	38 kHz
TSOP2140	40 kHz
TSOP2156	56 kHz

Block Diagram



Application Circuit



R_1 and C_1 recommended to suppress power supply disturbances.

The output voltage should not be held continuously at a voltage below $V_O = 3.3$ V by the external circuit.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

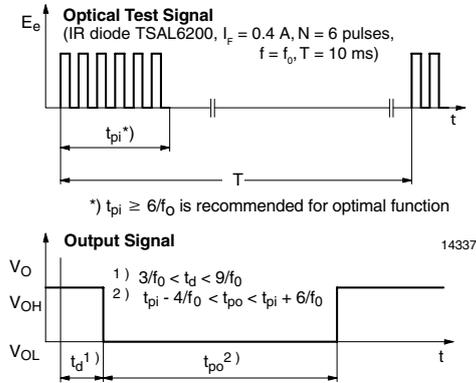
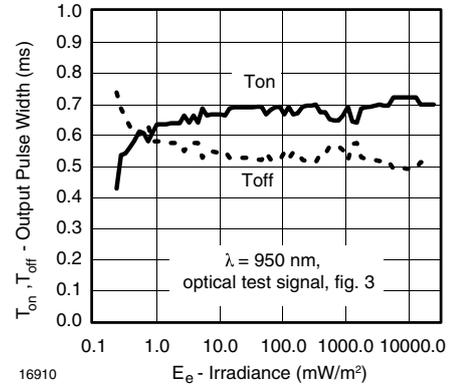
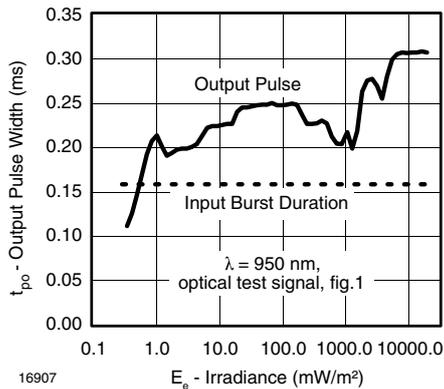
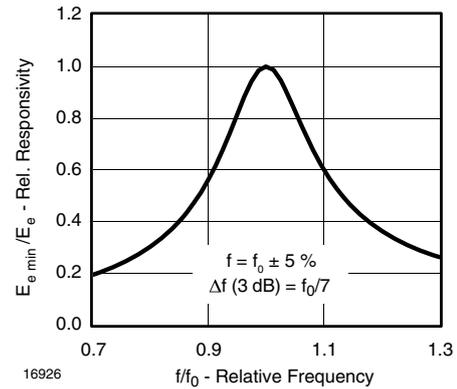
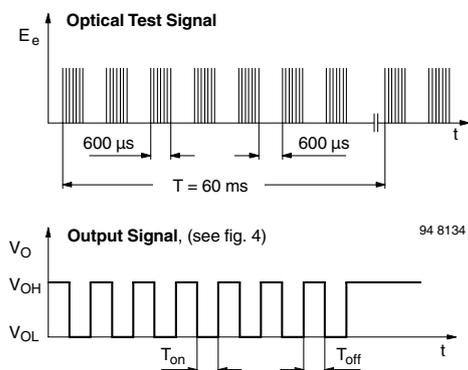
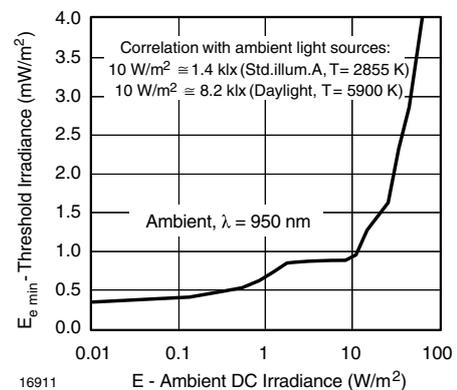
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

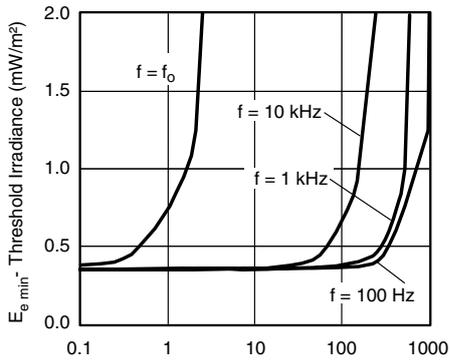
Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	(Pin 2)	V_S	- 0.3 to + 6.0	V
Supply Current	(Pin 2)	I_S	5	mA
Output Voltage	(Pin 1)	V_O	- 0.3 to + 6.0	V
Output Current	(Pin 1)	I_O	5	mA
Junction Temperature		T_j	100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		T_{stg}	- 25 to + 85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range		T_{amb}	- 25 to + 85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Power Consumption	($T_{amb} \leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)	P_{tot}	50	mW
Soldering Temperature	$t \leq 10\text{ s}$, 1 mm from case	T_{sd}	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Electrical and Optical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

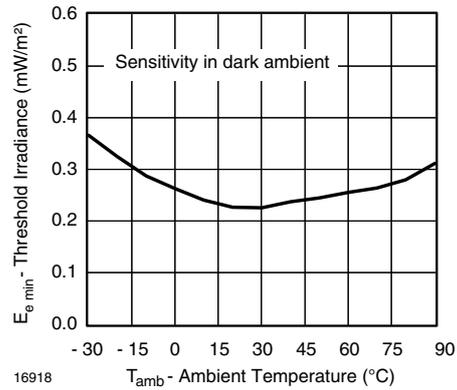
Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Supply Current (Pin 2)	$V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $E_v = 0$	I_{SD}	0.8	1.2	1.5	mA
	$V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $E_v = 40\text{ klx}$, sunlight	I_{SH}		1.5		mA
Supply Voltage (Pin 2)		V_S	4.5		5.5	V
Transmission Distance	$E_v = 0$, test signal see fig. 3, IR diode TSAL6200, $I_F = 250\text{ mA}$	d		35		m
Output Voltage Low (Pin 1)	$I_{OL} = 0.5\text{ mA}$, $E_e = 0.7\text{ mW/m}^2$, $f = f_o$, test signal see fig. 1	V_{OL}			250	mV
Minimum Irradiance (30 - 40 kHz)	Pulse width tolerance: $t_{pi} - 5/f_o < t_{po} < t_{pi} + 6/f_o$, test signal see fig. 3	$E_{e\ min}$		0.2	0.4	mW/m^2
Minimum Irradiance (56 kHz)	Pulse width tolerance: $t_{pi} - 5/f_o < t_{po} < t_{pi} + 6/f_o$, test signal see fig. 3	$E_{e\ min}$		0.3	0.5	mW/m^2
Maximum Irradiance	Test signal see fig. 1	$E_{e\ max}$	30			W/m^2
Directivity	Angle of half transmission distance	$\phi_{1/2}$		± 45		deg

Typical Characteristics
 $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Figure 1. Output Function

Figure 4. Output Pulse Diagram

Figure 2. Pulse Length and Sensitivity in Dark Ambient

Figure 5. Frequency Dependence of Responsivity

Figure 3. Output Function

Figure 6. Sensitivity in Bright Ambient



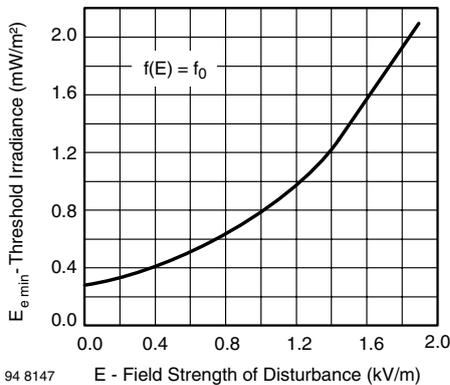
16912 ΔV_{sRMS} - AC Voltage on DC Supply Voltage (mV)

Figure 7. Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage Disturbances



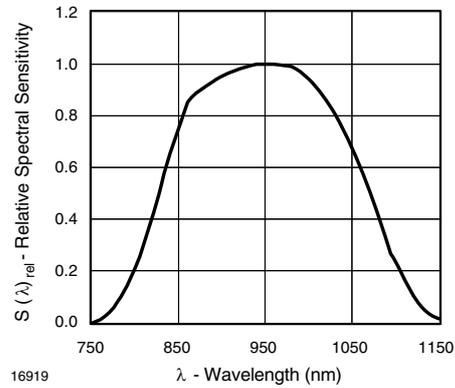
16918 T_{amb} - Ambient Temperature (°C)

Figure 10. Sensitivity vs. Ambient Temperature



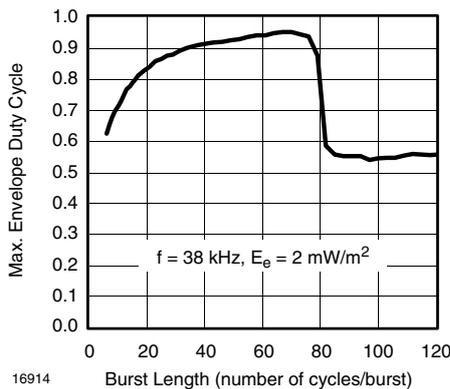
94 8147 E - Field Strength of Disturbance (kV/m)

Figure 8. Sensitivity vs. Electric Field Disturbances



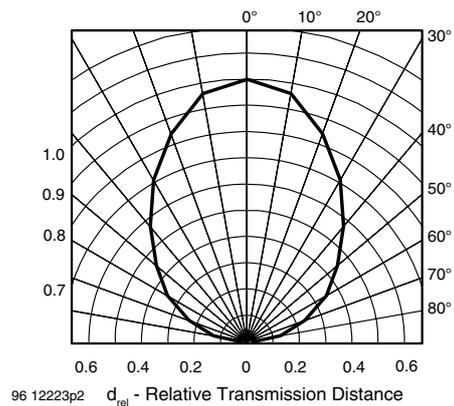
16919 λ - Wavelength (nm)

Figure 11. Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength



16914 Burst Length (number of cycles/burst)

Figure 9. Max. Envelope Duty Cycle vs. Burstlength



96 12223p2 d_{rel} - Relative Transmission Distance

Figure 12. Directivity

Suitable Data Format

The circuit of the TSOP21.. is designed so that unexpected output pulses due to noise or disturbance signals are avoided. A bandpass filter, an integrator stage and an automatic gain control are used to suppress such disturbances.

The distinguishing mark between data signal and disturbance signal are carrier frequency, burst length and duty cycle.

The data signal should fulfill the following conditions:

- Carrier frequency should be close to center frequency of the bandpass (e.g. 38 kHz).
- Burst length should be 6 cycles/burst or longer.
- After each burst which is between 6 cycles and 70 cycles a gap time of at least 10 cycles is necessary.
- For each burst which is longer than 1.8 ms a corresponding gap time is necessary at some time in the data stream. This gap time should have at least same length as the burst.
- Up to 2200 short bursts per second can be received continuously.

Some examples for suitable data format are: NEC Code, Toshiba Micom Format, Sharp Code, RC5 Code, RC6 Code, RCMM Code, R-2000 Code, RECS-80 Code.

When a disturbance signal is applied to the TSOP21.. it can still receive the data signal. However the sensitivity is reduced to that level that no unexpected pulses will occur.

Some examples for such disturbance signals which are suppressed by the TSOP21.. are:

- DC light (e.g. from tungsten bulb or sunlight)
- Continuous signal at 38 kHz or at any other frequency
- Signals from fluorescent lamps with electronic ballast (an example of the signal modulation is in the figure below).

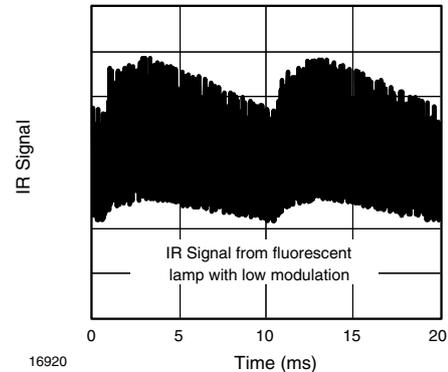
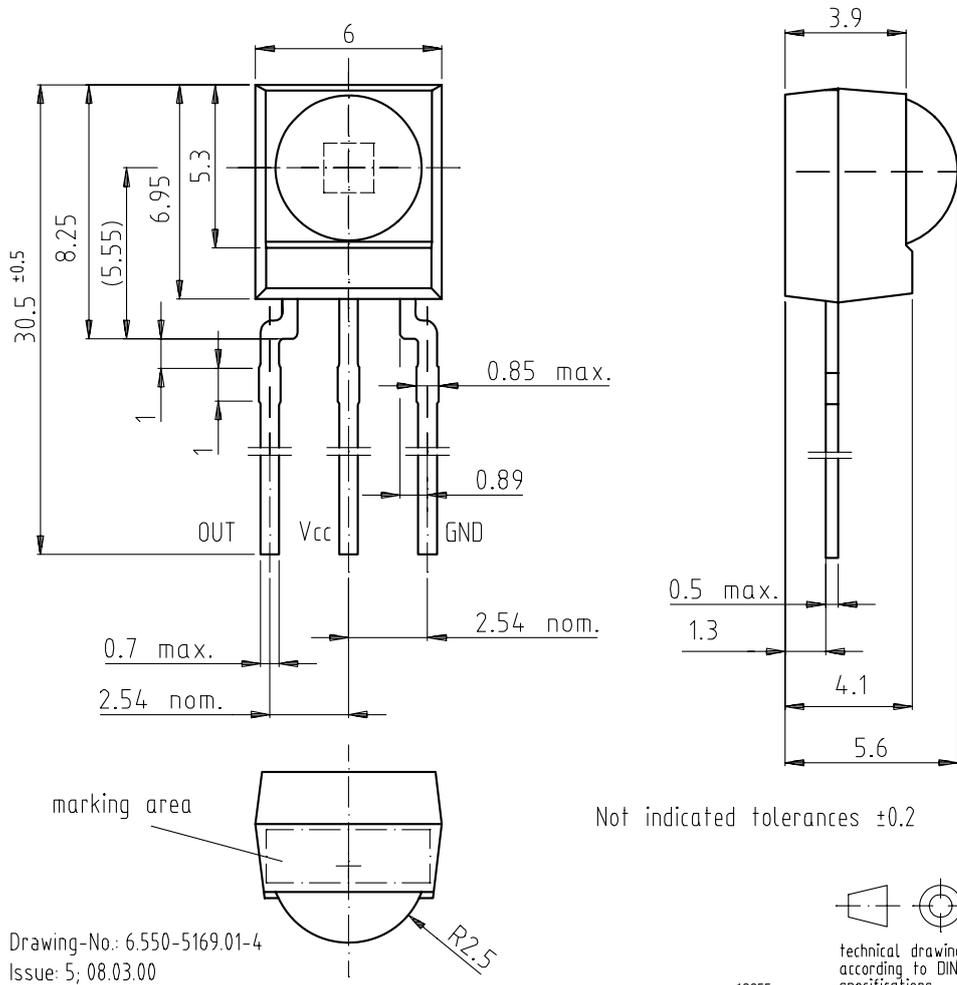


Figure 13. IR Signal from Fluorescent Lamp with low Modulation

Package Dimensions in millimeters



Drawing-No.: 6.550-5169.01-4
Issue: 5; 08.03.00

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1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

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1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

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