

General Description

Packaged in a 1mm x 1mm UCSP™ with 4 bumps, the MAX9519 is an ultra-small standard-definition video filter amplifier with automatic shutdown.

The automatic shutdown circuitry eliminates the need for a shutdown control. This feature provides intelligent power management by disabling the filter and output amplifier in the absence of a video input signal and/or an output video load. At shutdown, the device consumes only 1.8µA.

The MAX9519 features an internal reconstruction filter that smooths the steps and reduces the spikes on the video signal from the video digital-to-analog converter (DAC). The reconstruction filter typically has ±1dB passband flatness to 9MHz and typically 48.5dB of attenuation at 27MHz.

The video input to the MAX9519 can be directly connected to the DAC output. The MAX9519 has an internal fixed gain of 4V/V and expects a nominal full-scale video input signal of 0.5VP-P. The MAX9519 is specified to operate over the -40°C to +125°C automotive temperature range.

Applications

Mobile Phones

Digital Still Cameras (DSC)

Digital Video Camcorders (DVC)

Portable or Space-Constrained Applications

UCSP is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

Features

- ♦ Ultra-Small, 4-Bump, 1mm x 1mm UCSP
- ♦ Automatic Shutdown
- **♦ DC-Coupled Input and Output**
- ♦ 2.7V to 3.6V Single-Supply Operation
- ♦ Reconstruction Filter with 9MHz Passband and 48.5dB Attenuation at 27MHz
- ♦ 1.8µA Shutdown Supply Current

Ordering Information

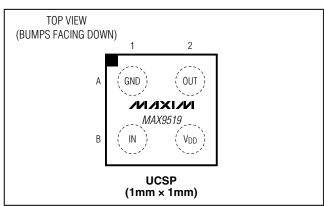
PART	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX9519ARS+T	4 UCSP	AAA

Note: This device is specified over the -40°C to +125°C operating temperature range.

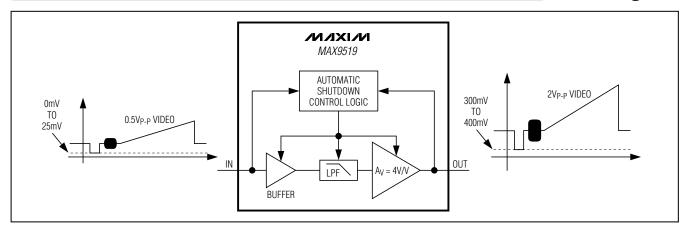
+Denotes a lead-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

Pin Configuration



Block Diagram



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Maximum Output Current
OUT±100mA
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Bump Temperature (soldering)
Infrared (15s)+220°C Vapor Phase (60s)+215°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD}=3.3V, \text{ video output has } R_L=150\Omega \text{ connected to GND, } T_A=T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}	Guaranteed by PSRR test		2.7		3.6	V
Supply Current	Current I _{DD}	Automatic shutdown mode	No load, IN does not have an active video signal		1.8	4	
		Active-detect mode	No load, IN has a black-burst video signal with a sync tip at GND		5.4		μА
		$R_L=150\Omega$ connected to GND, IN has a black-burst video signal with a sync tip, quiescent current only; no load current is included			2.9	4.8	mA
AUTOMATIC SHUTDOWN							
Minimum Line Frequency				7.3			kHz
Sync Slice Level				1.7		3.0	%V _{DD}
Output Load Detect Threshold						200	Ω
DC CHARACTERISTICS							
1 .V/1 . D		Guaranteed by	$2.7 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{V}$	0		0.525	V
Input Voltage Range		output-voltage swing	$3.0 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{V}$	0		0.6	V
Input Current	IB	IN = GND			1	5	μΑ
Input Resistance	R _{IN}				20		MΩ
DC Voltage Gain	Av	Guaranteed by output-voltage swing (Note 2)		3.92	4	4.08	V/V
Output Level		IN = GND		0.18	0.325	0.475	V
Output-Voltage Swing		Management at automate	$V_{DD} = 2.7V,$ $0 \le V_{IN} \le 0.525V$	2.058	2.1	2.145	
	Measured at output	$V_{DD} = 3.0V,$ $0 \le V_{IN} \le 0.6V$	2.352	2.4	2.450		

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

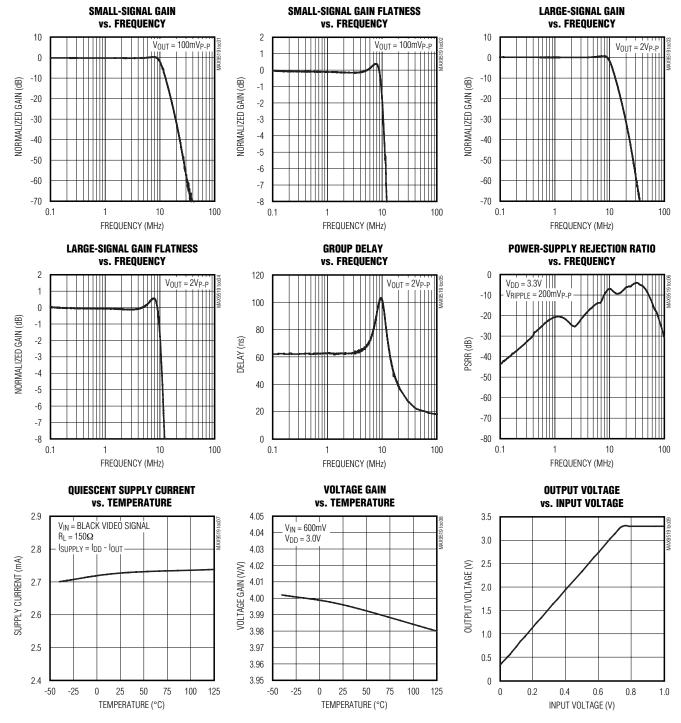
 $(V_{DD}=3.3V, video output has R_L=150\Omega connected to GND, T_A=T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A=+25°C.) (Note 1)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Output Resistance	R _{OUT}	$V_{OUT} = 1.3V$, $-5mA \le I_{LOAD} \le +5mA$			0.47		Ω	
Output Leakage Current		IN does not have active video signal, Vout = 1.1V				1	μΑ	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$2.7 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 3.6 \text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{II}}$	N = 150 mV	42	65		dB	
AC CHARACTERISTICS								
		±1dB passband flatne	ess		9		MHz	
Standard-Definition		VIN = 0.5V _{P-P} ,	f = 5.5MHz		-0.15		dB	
Reconstruction Filter		reference frequency	f = 10.5MHz		-3			
		is 1MHz	f = 27MHz		-48.5			
Differential Gain	D0	f = 3.58MHz			0.6		0/	
	DG	f = 4.43MHz			0.45		%	
5	DD	f = 3.58MHz			0.85		D	
Differential Phase	DP	f = 4.43MHz			0.9		Degrees	
Group-Delay Distortion		100kHz ≤ f ≤ 5MHz, V _{OUT} = 2V _{P-P}			5		ns	
Peak Signal to RMS Noise		100kHz ≤ f ≤ 5MHz			71.9		dB	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	f = 100kHz, 200mV _{P-P}			45		dB	
2T Pulse Response		2T = 200ns			0.25		Κ%	
2T Pulse-to-Bar K Rating		2T = 200ns, bar time is 18µs; the beginning 2.5% and the ending 2.5% of the bar time is ignored			0.2		K%	
2T Bar Response		2T = 200ns, bar time is 18µs; the beginning 2.5% and the ending 2.5% of the bar time is ignored			0.3		K%	
Nonlinearity		5-step staircase		0.1		%		
Output Impedance		f = 5MHz			6		Ω	

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$. Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design. **Note 2:** Voltage gain (A_V) is a two-point measurement in which the output-voltage swing is divided by the input-voltage swing.

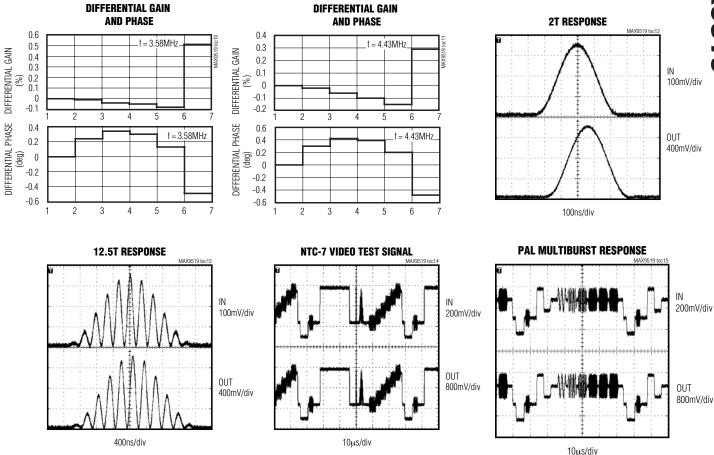
Typical Operating Characteristics

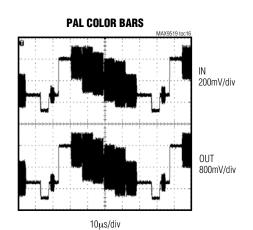
 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, GND = 0V, DC$ -coupled input, video output has $R_L = 150\Omega$ connected to GND, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

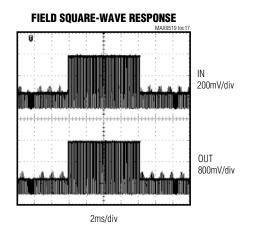


Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, GND = 0V, DC$ -coupled input, video output has $R_L = 150\Omega$ connected to GND, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

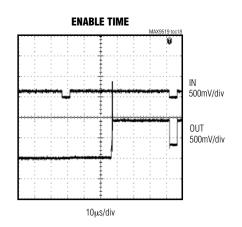


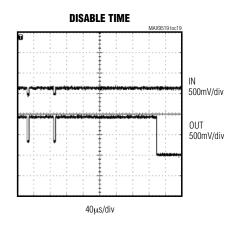




_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, GND = 0V, DC$ -coupled input, video output has $R_L = 150\Omega$ connected to GND, $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)





Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
A1	GND	Ground
A2	OUT	Video Output
B1	IN	Video Input
B2	V _{DD}	Positive Power Supply. Bypass V _{DD} with a 0.1µF capacitor to ground.

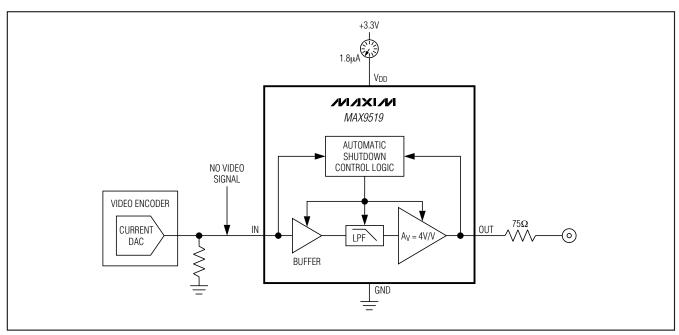


Figure 1. Automatic Shutdown

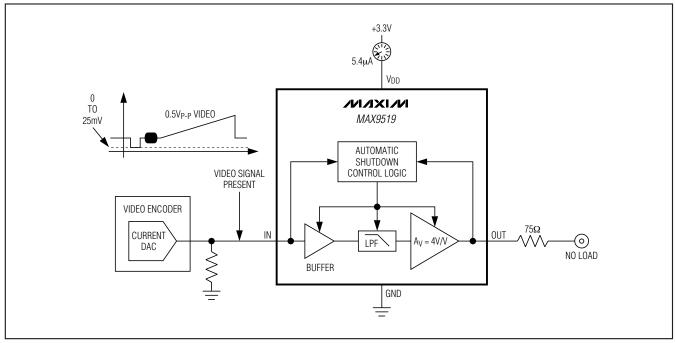


Figure 2. Active-Detect Mode

Detailed Description

The MAX9519 is an ultra-small, standard-definition video filter amplifier with automatic shutdown. Automatic shutdown circuitry provides intelligent power management by disabling the filter and output amplifier in the absence of an input video signal and/or output load. Figure 1 shows automatic shutdown.

An internal reconstruction filter smooths the steps and reduces the spikes on the video signal from the video digital-to-analog converter. The reconstruction filter typically has $\pm 1 \text{dB}$ passband flatness to 9MHz and typically 48.5dB of attenuation at 27MHz. The MAX9519 has an internal fixed gain of 4V/V and expects a nominal full-scale video input signal of 0.5V_{P-P}.

Automatic Shutdown

The MAX9519 automatic shutdown circuitry reduces power consumption when there is no active video input signal or an output load. In shutdown, the supply current is reduced to $1.8\mu A$. The video amplifier only turns on when both an active video input signal and an output load are present.

The MAX9519 slices the IN signal at 2.4% of the power supply (80mV for a 3.3V supply). If the transitions occur at a rate of 7.3kHz or higher, a video signal is present.

When the MAX9519 detects a video signal with sync at the input, the control logic enters the active-detect mode and enables the load sense circuitry (Figure 2). The supply current increases from 1.8µA to 5.4µA typically.

If an output load is not connected to the amplifier, the MAX9519 remains in active-detect mode. Eight times per second, the load-sense circuit checks for a load by connecting an internal $15k\Omega$ pullup resistor to the output for 1ms. If the output is pulled up, no load is present. If the output stays low, a load is connected.

If the input video signal is present and a load is connected to the output, the filter and amplifier turn on and remain on until the output load is disconnected. Automatic shutdown intelligently reduces the supply current based on the input signal presence and output loading (Figure 3).

When the amplifier is on, it continually checks if the load has been disconnected by detecting if the amplifier output is sourcing current during a horizontal line time. If no sourcing current is detected within one horizontal line time (approximately 64µs), the load has been disconnected and the amplifier returns to active-detect mode. If, at any time, the input video signal is removed, the MAX9519 returns to standby mode.

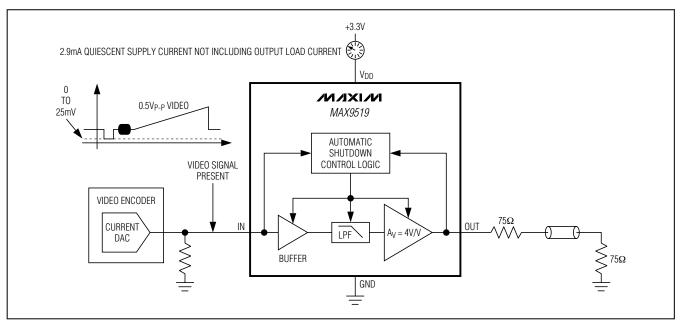


Figure 3. Full-Operation Mode

Input

The MAX9519 video input should be directly connected to the output of the video current DAC. DC-coupling ensures that the input signal is ground referenced such that the sync tip of the composite video signal is within 25mV of ground. Any standard-definition video signal can be applied to the input as long as the signal is between ground and 0.525V when $V_{DD} = 2.7V$.

Video Reconstruction Filter

The filter passband (±1dB) is typically 9MHz, which makes the device suitable for standard-definition video signals from all sources (e.g., broadcast and DVD). Broadcast video signals are channel limited: NTSC signals have 4.2MHz bandwidth, and PAL signals have 5MHz of bandwidth. Video signals from a DVD player, however, are not channel limited; so the bandwidth of DVD video signals approaches the Nyquist limit of 6.75MHz. **Recommendation:** ITU-R BT.601-5 specifies 13.5MHz as the sampling rate for standard-definition video. Therefore, the maximum bandwidth of the signal is 6.75MHz. To ease the filtering requirements, most modern video systems over sample by two times, clocking the video current DAC at 27MHz.

Output

The MAX9519 output expects to drive a DC-coupled load to ground. The amplifier output stage needs about 300mV of headroom from either supply rail. The device has an internal level shift circuit that positions the sync tip at approximately 300mV at the output.

_Applications Information

Power-Supply Bypassing and Ground

The MAX9519 operates from a single-supply voltage down to 2.7V, allowing for low-power operation. Bypass VDD to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor. Place all external components as close as possible to the device.

UCSP Applications Information

For the latest application details on UCSP construction, dimensions, tape carrier information, PCB techniques, bump-pad layout, and recommended reflow temperature profile, as well as the latest information on reliability testing results, go to the Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com/ucsp to find the Application Note 1891: Understanding the Basics of the Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package (WL-CSP).

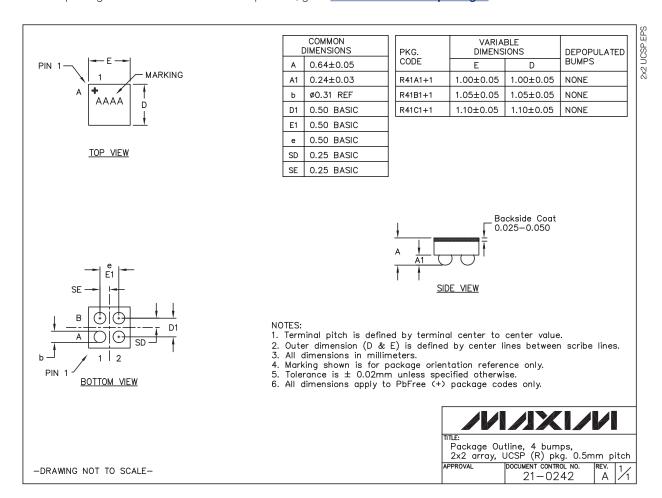
_Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

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Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages



PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
4 UCSP	R41A1+1	21-0242

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