

POWERTIP TECH. CORP.

DISPLAY DEVICES FOR BETTER ELECTRONIC DESIGN

Specification For Approval

Customer : _____

Model Type : LCD Module

Sample Code : PG12864LRS-KNN-H-S0

Mass Production Code : _____

Edition : 0

Customer Sign	Sales Sign	Approved By	Prepared By

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POWERTIP TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

DISPLAY DEVICES FOR BETTER ELECTRONIC DESIGN

1. SPECIFICATIONS

1.1 Features

- Full dot-matrix structure with 128 dots *64 dots
- 1/64 Duty, 1/9 bias
- STN LCD, positive
- Transflective LCD, gray display
- 6 o'clock viewing angle
- 8 bits parallel data input.
- Built-in negative voltage and LED backlight

1.2 Mechanical Specifications

- Outline dimension : 93.0mm(L) *70.0mm(W)*14.0mm max.(H)
- Viewing area : 72.0mm *40.0mm
- Active area : 66.52mm *33.24mm
- Dot size : 0.48mm *0.48mm
- Dot pitch : 0.52mm *0.52mm

1.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power supply Voltage	VDD	-	4.5	5.5	V
LCD drive Supply voltage	VDD- VEE	-	8.0	17	V
Input voltage	VIN	-	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V
Operating temperature	TOPR	-	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	TSTG	-	-30	80	°C
Humidity	HD	-	-	90	%RH

1.4 DC Electrical Characteristics

VDD=+5V±10%, VSS=0V, TA=25°C

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Logic Supply voltage	VDD	-	4.5	5	5.5	V
“H” input voltage	VIH	-	0.7VDD	-	VDD	V
“L” input voltage	VIL	-	0	-	0.3VDD	V
“H” output voltage	VOH	-	VDD-0.4	-	-	V
“L” output voltage	VOL	-	-	-	0.4	V
Supply current	IDD	VDD=5V	-	7.88	9.73	mA
LCD driving voltage	VOP	VDD- VO	-	12.55	14.45	V



1.5 Optical Characteristics

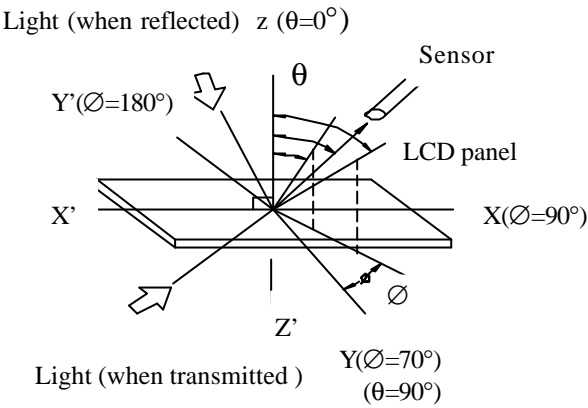
1/64 duty, 1/9 bias, $V_{OPR}=13.6V$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max	Reference
Viewing angle	θ	$C \geq 2.0, \varnothing = 0^{\circ}$	30°	-	-	Notes 1 & 2
Contrast	C	$\theta = 5^{\circ}, \varnothing = 0^{\circ}$	-	3	-	Note 3
Response time(rise)	T_r	$\theta = 5^{\circ}, \varnothing = 0^{\circ}$	-	140ms	200ms	Note 4
Response time(fall)	T_f	$\theta = 5^{\circ}, \varnothing = 0^{\circ}$	-	300ms	500ms	Note 4

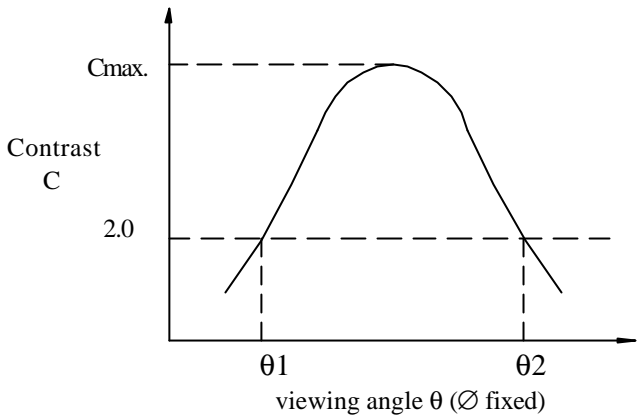
Parameter	Symbol	Temperature ($^{\circ}C$)	Standard			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Driving voltage	V_{OP}	-20	14.3	14.7	15.1	V
		25	13.2	13.6	14.0	
		70	12.0	12.4	12.8	



Note 1: Definition of angles θ and \varnothing



Note 2: Definition of viewing angles θ_1 and θ_2

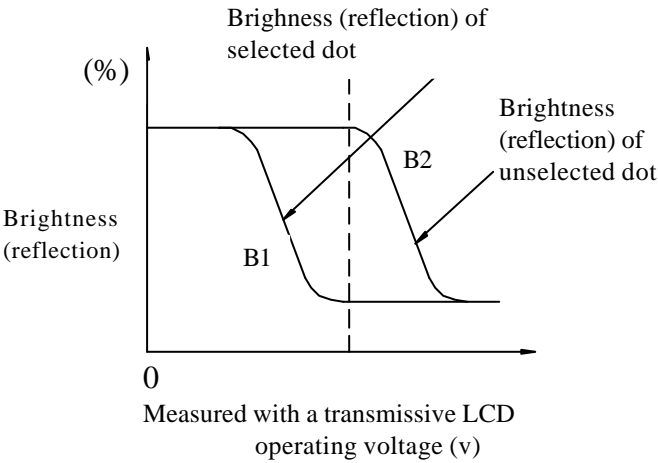


Note : Optimum viewing angle with the naked eye and viewing angle θ at C_{max} . Above are not always the same

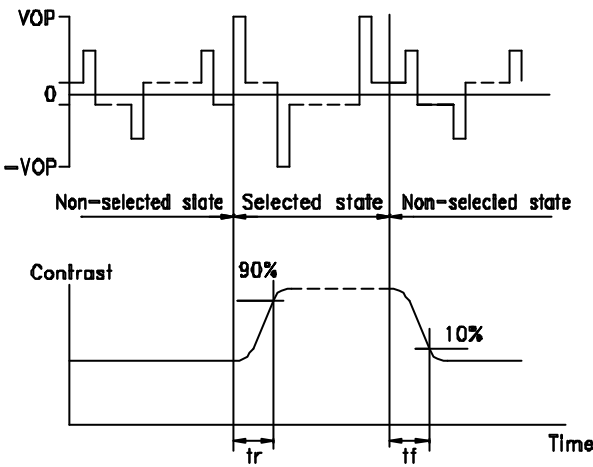
Note 3: Definition of contrast C

Brightness (reflection) of unselected dot (B2)

$$C = \frac{\text{Brightness (reflection) of unselected dot (B2)}}{\text{Brightness (reflection) of selected dot (B1)}}$$



Note 4: Definition of response time



Note:

panel which is displayed 1 cm²

V_{OPR} : Operating voltage
 t_r : Response time (rise)

f_{FRM} : Frame frequency
 t_f : Response time (fall)



1.6 Backlight Characteristic

The LCD Module is using a LED backlight

•Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Forward current	IF	TA=25°C	-	975	mA
Reverse voltage	VR	TA=25°C	-	8	V
Power dissipation	PO	TA=25°C	-	4.5	W
Operating Temperature	TOPR	-	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	TSTG	-	-40	80	°C

•Electrical Ratings

TA=25°C

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage	VF	IF=390mA	-.	4.2	4.6	V
Reverse current	IR	VR=8V	-	-	0.2	mA
Luminous intensity (without LCD)	IV	IF=390mA	184	230	-	cd/m ²
Luminous intensity (with LCD)	IV	IF=390mA	-	84.1	-	cd/m ²
Wavelength	λ_p	IF=390mA	571	-	576	nm
Color	Yellow Green					



2. MODULE STRUCTURE

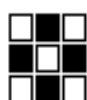
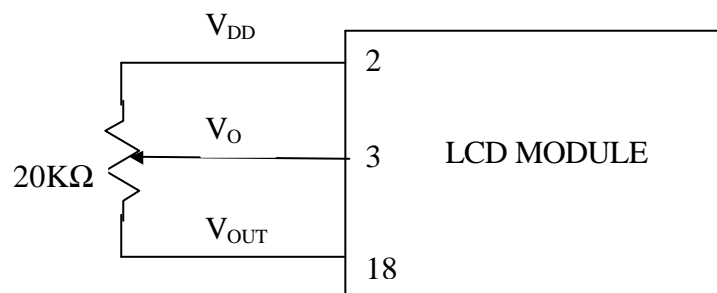
2.1 Counter Drawing

*See Appendix 1

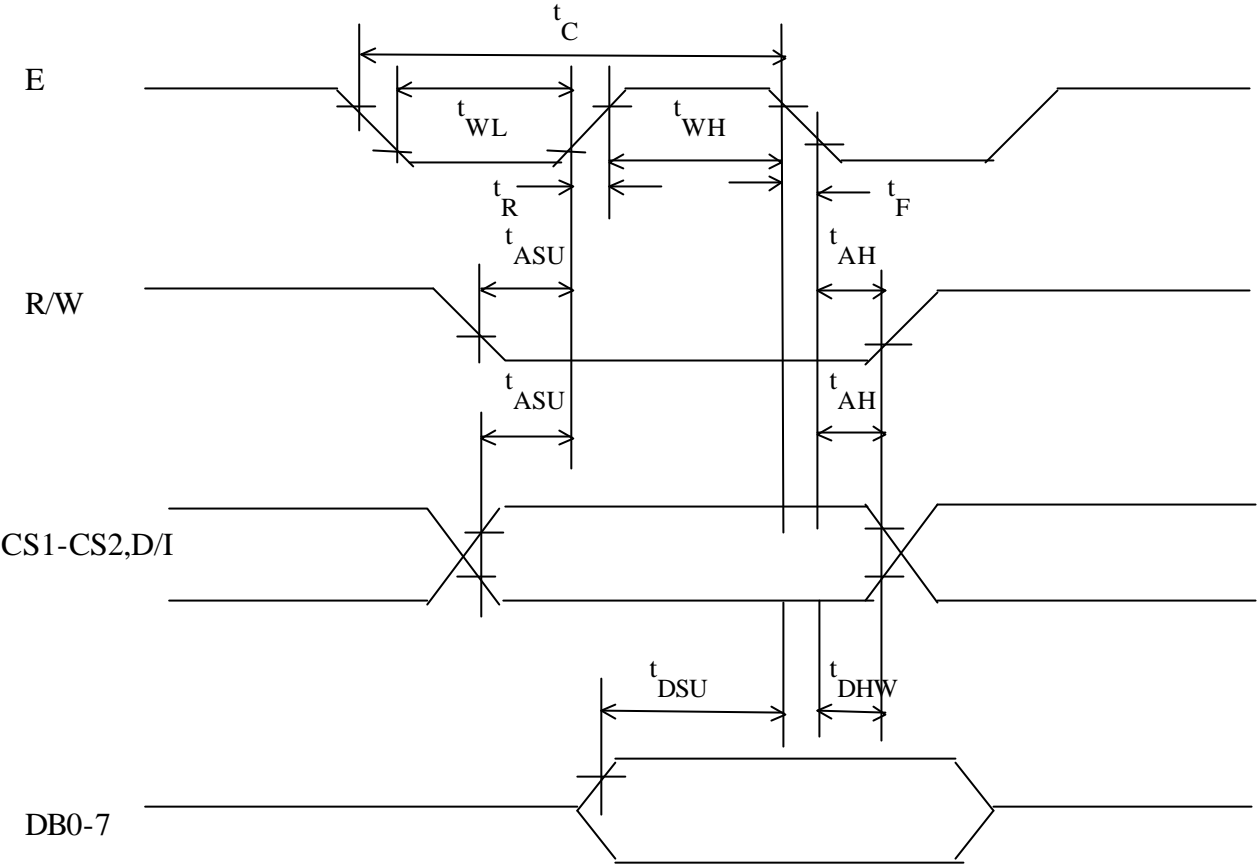
2.2 Interface Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	V_{SS}	Power Supply ($V_{SS}=0$)
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply ($V_{DD}>V_{SS}$)
3	V_o	Operating voltage for LCD
4	$\overline{D/I}$	Register selection input High =Data register Low =Instruction register (for write) Busy flag address counter (for read)
5	$\overline{R/W}$	R/W signal input is used to select the read/write mode High =Read mode, Low =Write mode
6	E	Start enable signal to read or write the data
7-14	DB0~DB7	Data bus line
15	CS1	Chip enable for D2 (segment 1 to segment 64)
16	CS2	Chip enable for D3 (segment 65 to segment 128)
17	\overline{RST}	Reset signal
18	V_{OUT}	Negative voltage supply
19	A	Power supply for LED backlight (+)
20	K	Power supply for LED backlight (-)

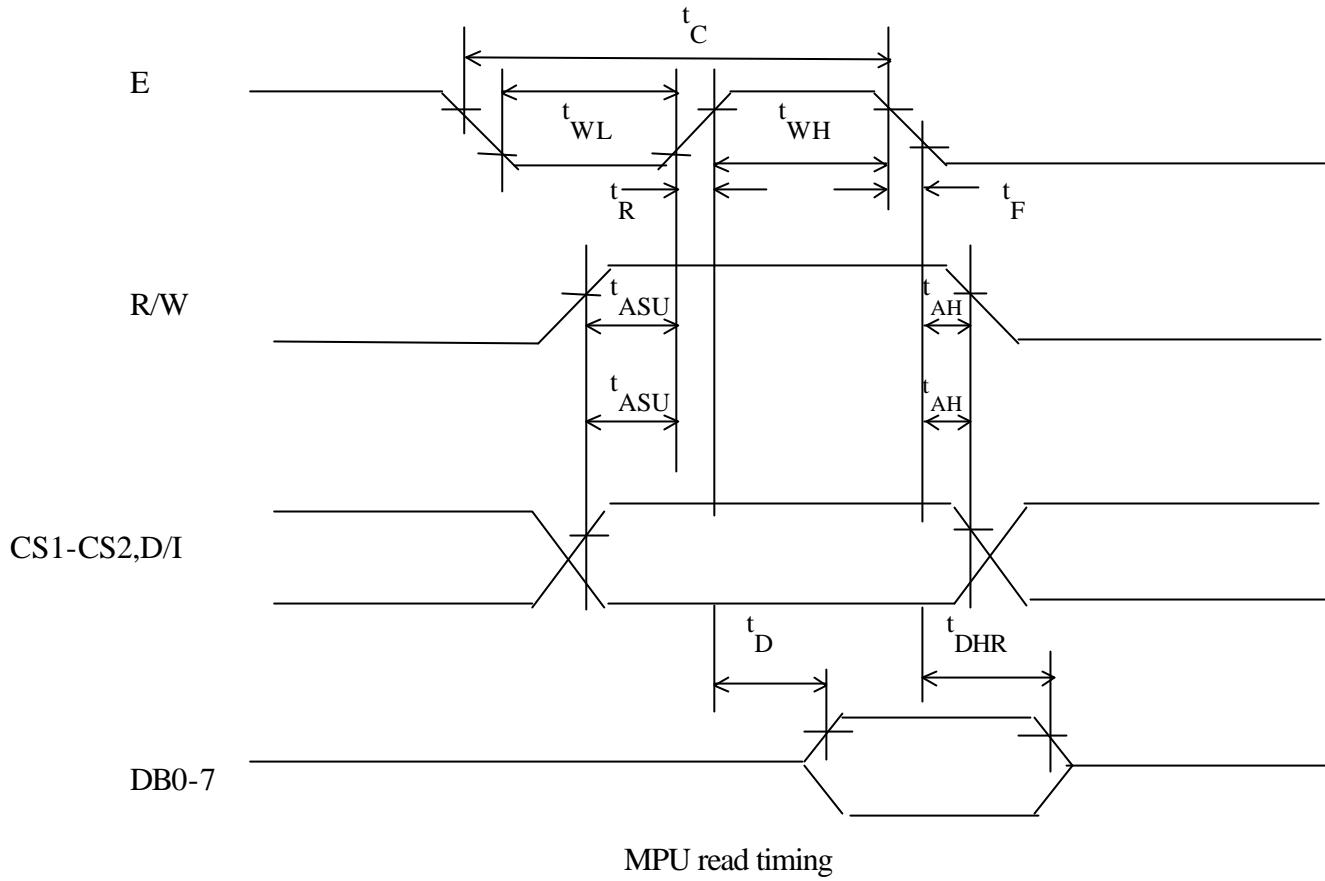
Contrast Adjust



2.3 Timing Characteristics



MPU write timing



Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max	Unit
E Cycle	t_C	1000	-	-	ns
E High Level Width	t_{WH}	450	-	-	ns
E Low Level Width	t_{WL}	450	-	-	ns
E Rise Time	t_R	-	-	25	ns
E Fall Time	t_F	-	-	25	ns
Address Set-Up time	t_{ASU}	140	-	-	ns
Address Hold Time	t_{AH}	10	-	-	ns
Data Set-Up Time	t_{SU}	200	-	-	ns
Data Delay Time	t_D	-	-	320	ns
Data Hold Time (Write)	t_{DHW}	10	-	-	ns
Data Hold Time (Read)	t_{DHR}	20	-	-	ns



2.4 Display command

Instructions	Code										Functions	
	R/W	D/I	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
Display on/off	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1/0	Controls display on/off. RAM data and internal status are not affected.	
Display start line	0	0	1	1	Display start line (0-63)					Specifies the RAM line displayed at the top of the screen.		
Set Page (x address)	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	Page (0-7)			Sets the page (X address) of RAM at the page (X address) register.	
Set Y address	0	0	0	1	Y address (0-63)					Sets the Y address in the counter.		
Status read	1	0	Busy	0	ON/ OFF	Reset	0	0	0	0	Reads the status. Reads 1: Reset 0: Normal ON/OFF 1: Display off 0: Display on Busy 1: Internal operation 0: Ready	
Write display data	0	1	Write data							Writes data DB0 (LSB) to DB7 (MSB) on the data bus into display RAM.		Has access to the address of the display RAM specified in advance. After the access, Y address is increased by 1.
Read display data	1	1	Read data							Reads data DB0 (LSB) to DB7 (MSB) from the display RAM to the data bus.		

Detailed Explanation

Display On/Off

	R/W	D/I	DB7.....DB0							
Code	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	D
	MSB				LSB					

The display data appears when D is 1 and disappears when D is 0. Though the data is not on the screen with D=0, it remains in the display data RAM. Therefore, you can make it appear by changing D=0 into D=1.

Display Start Line



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	R/W	D/I	DB7.....DB0						
Code	0	0	1	1	A	A	A	A	A
	MSB						LSB		

Z address AAAAAA (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the display start line register and displayed at the top of the screen. Figure 1 shows examples of display (1/64 duty cycle) when the start line=0-3. When the display duty cycle is 1/64 or more (ex. 1/32, 1/24 etc.), the data of total line number of LCD screen, from the line specified by display start line instruction, is displayed.

See figure 1.

Set page (X address)

	R/W	D/I	DB7.....DB0						
Code	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	A	A
	MSB						LSB		

X address AAA (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the X address register. After that, writing or reading to or from MPU is executed in this specified page until the next page is set. See figure 2.

Set Y Address

	R/W	D/I	DB7.....DB0						
Code	0	0	0	1	A	A	A	A	A
	MSB						LSB		

Y address AAAAAA (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the Y address Counter. After that, Y address counter is increased by 1 every time the data is written or read to or from MPU.

Status Read

	R/W	D/I	DB7.....DB0						
Code	1	0	BUSY	0	ON/OFF	REST	0	0	0
	MSB						LS		



• Busy

When busy is 1, the LSI is executing internal operations. No instructions are accepted while busy is 1, so you should make sure that busy is 0 before writing the next instruction.

• ON/OFF

Shows the liquid crystal display conditions: on condition or off condition.

When on/off is 1, the display is in off condition.

When on/off is 0, the display is in on condition.

• RESET

RESET=1 shows that the system is being initialized. In this condition, no instructions except status read can be accepted.

RESET=0 shows that initializing has finished and the system is in the usual operation condition.

Write Display Data

	R/W	D/I	DB7.....						DB0
Code	0	1	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	MSB						LSB		

Write 8-bit data DDDDDDDD (binary) into the display data RAM. Then Y address is increased by 1 automatically.

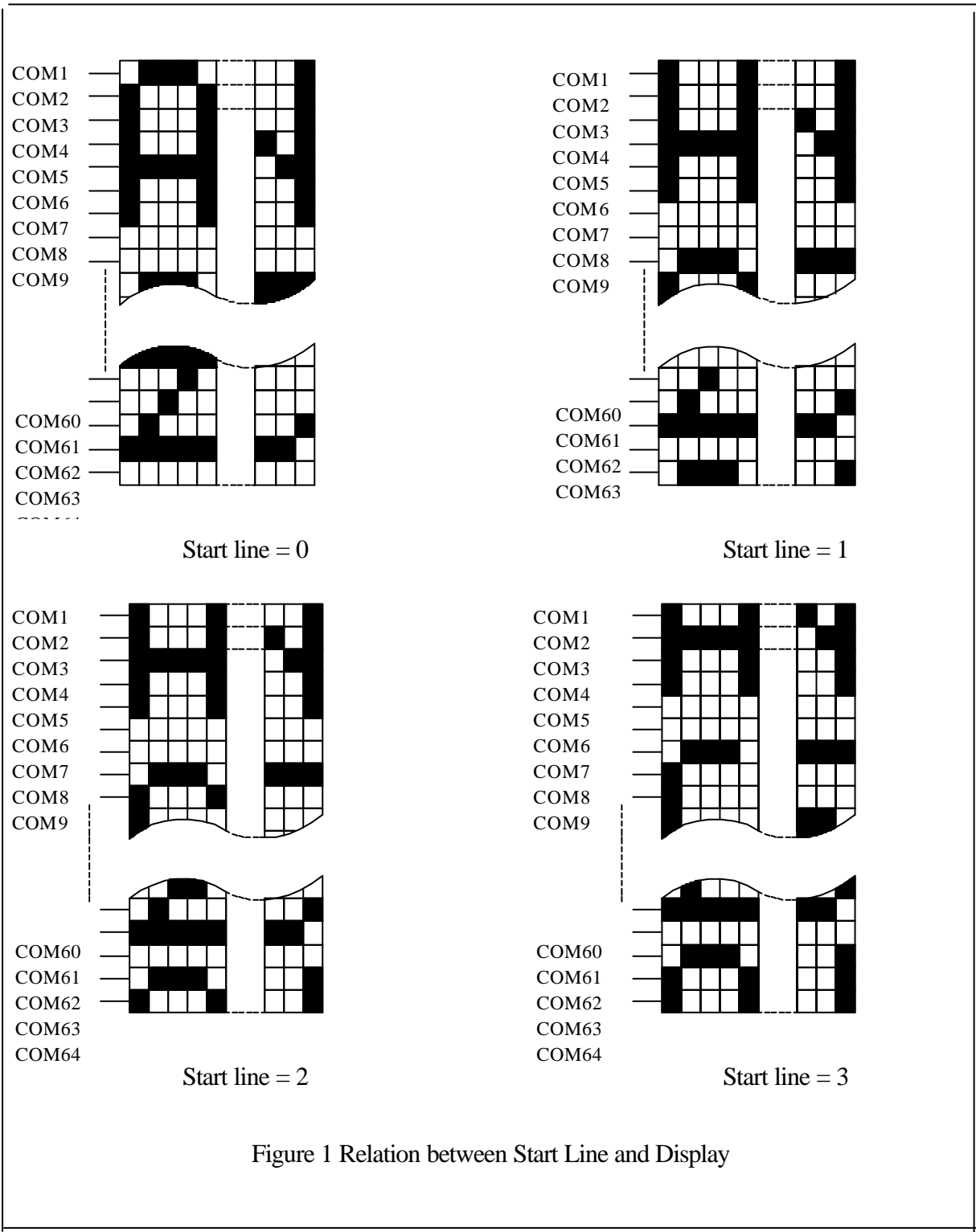
Read Display Data

	R/W	D/I	DB7.....						DB0
Code	1	1	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	MSB						LSB		

Reads out 8-bit data DDDDDDDD (binary) from the display data RAM. Then Y address is increased by 1 automatically.

One dummy read is necessary right after the address setting. For details, refer to the explanation of output register in “Function of Each Block”.





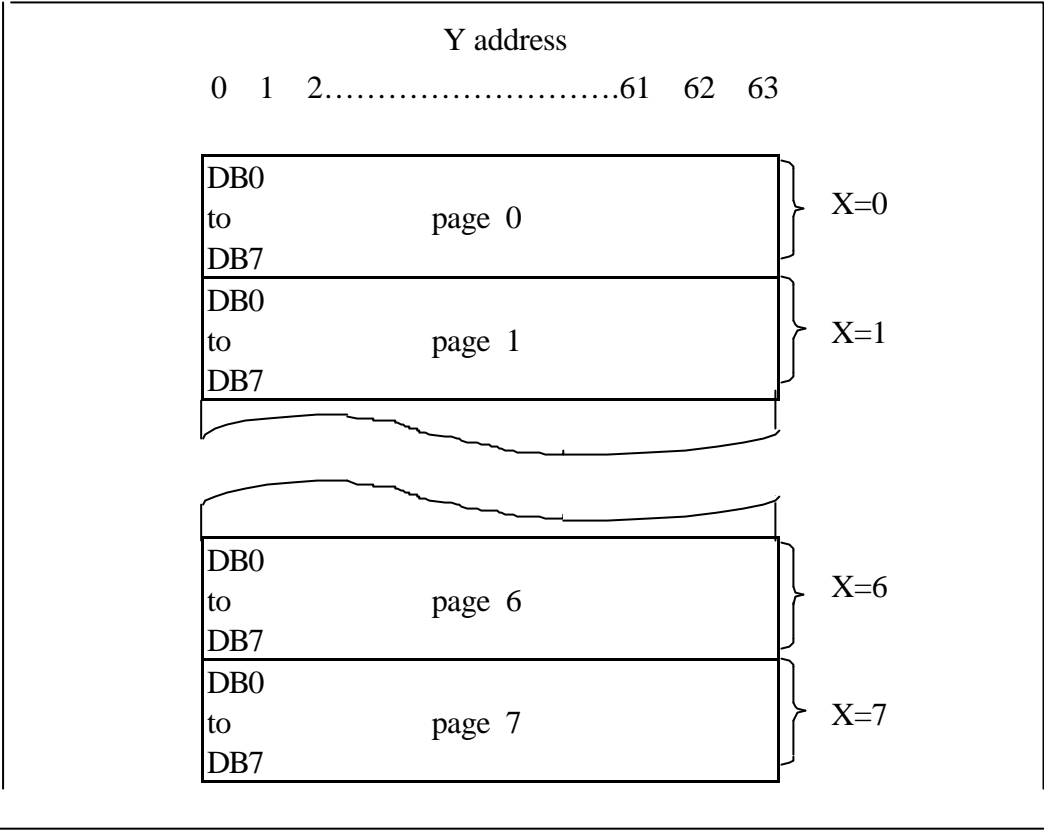


Figure 2 Address Configuration of Display Data RAM

Note: “128*64” consist of 2 “64*64”

CS1⇒ Chip enable for left 64*64 (segment1 to segment 64)

CS2⇒ Chip enable for right 64*64 (segment 65 to segment 128)



