

# PH3075

N-channel TrenchMOS™ logic level FET

Rev. 01 — 25 February 2005

Product data sheet

## 1. Product profile

### 1.1 General description

Logic level N-channel enhancement mode Field-Effect Transistor (FET) in a plastic package using TrenchMOS™ technology.

### 1.2 Features

- Logic level threshold
- 175 °C rated
- Very low on-state resistance
- Surface mounted package.

### 1.3 Applications

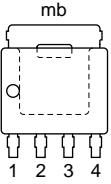
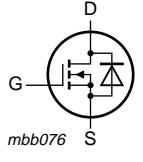
- DC-to-DC converters
- DC motor speed control.
- General purpose power switching

### 1.4 Quick reference data

- $V_{DS} \leq 75$  V
- $R_{DSon} \leq 28$  mΩ
- $I_D \leq 30$  A
- $Q_{gd} = 9$  nC (typ).

## 2. Pinning information

Table 1: Pinning

Pin	Description	Simplified outline	Symbol
1, 2, 3	source		
4	gate		
mb	mounting base; connected to drain		

SOT669 (LFPAK)

**PHILIPS**



### 3. Ordering information

**Table 2: Ordering information**

Type number	Package			Version
	Name	Description		
PH3075L	LFPAK	plastic single-ended surface mounted package; 4 leads		SOT669

### 4. Limiting values

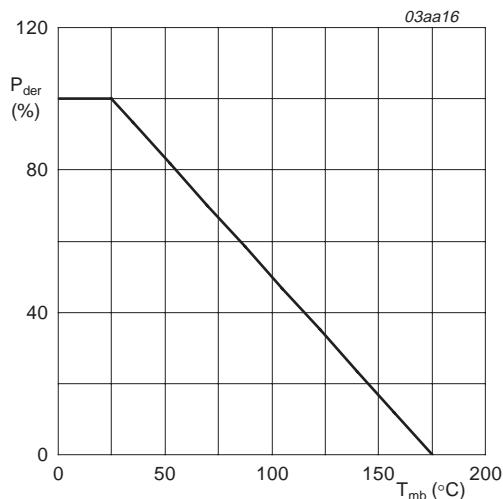
**Table 3: Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DS}$	drain-source voltage (DC)	$25^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	75	V
$V_{DGR}$	drain-gate voltage (DC)	$25^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}; R_{GS} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$	-	75	V
$V_{GS}$	gate-source voltage (DC)		-	$\pm 15$	V
$I_D$	drain current (DC)	$T_{mb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 2 and 3</a>	-	30	A
		$T_{mb} = 100^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 2</a>	-	21	A
$I_{DM}$	peak drain current	$T_{mb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 3</a>	-	120	A
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{mb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 1</a>	-	75	W
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-55	+175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$T_j$	junction temperature		-55	+175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
<b>Source-drain diode</b>					
$I_S$	source (diode forward) current (DC)	$T_{mb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	30	A
$I_{SM}$	peak source (diode forward) current	$T_{mb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	-	120	A
<b>Avalanche ruggedness</b>					
$E_{DS(AL)S}$	non-repetitive drain-source avalanche energy	unclamped inductive load; $I_D = 30\text{ A}$ ; $V_{DD} \leq 75\text{ V}$ ; $R_{GS} = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ; $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ starting at $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	89	mJ
$E_{DS(AL)R}$	repetitive drain-source avalanche energy	unclamped inductive load; $I_D = 3\text{ A}$ ; $V_{DD} \leq 75\text{ V}$ ; $R_{GS} = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ; $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	[1] - [2]	0.89	mJ

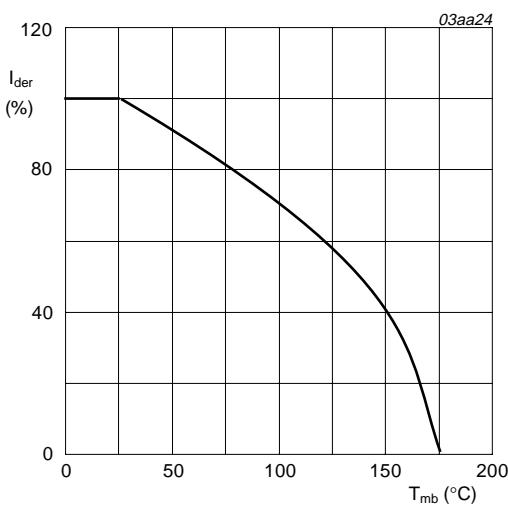
[1] Duty cycle is limited by the maximum junction temperature.

[2] Repetitive avalanche failure is not determined simply by thermal effects. Repetitive avalanche transients should only be applied for short bursts, not every switching cycle.



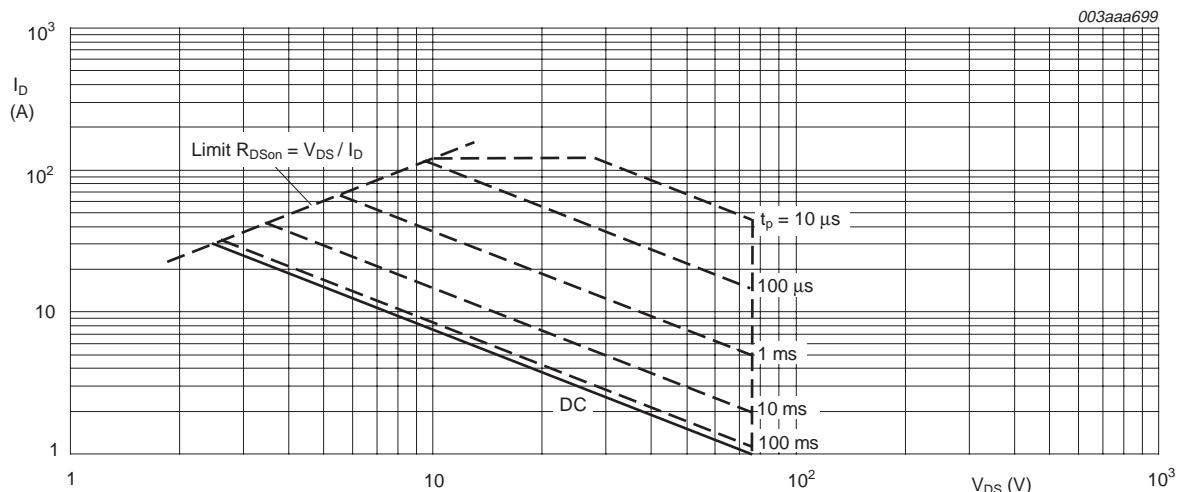
$$P_{der} = \frac{P_{tot}}{P_{tot}(25^\circ C)} \times 100 \%$$

**Fig 1.** Normalized total power dissipation as a function of mounting base temperature



$$I_{der} = \frac{I_D}{I_{D(25^\circ C)}} \times 100 \%$$

**Fig 2.** Normalized continuous drain current as a function of mounting base temperature



T<sub>mb</sub> = 25 °C; I<sub>DM</sub> is single pulse

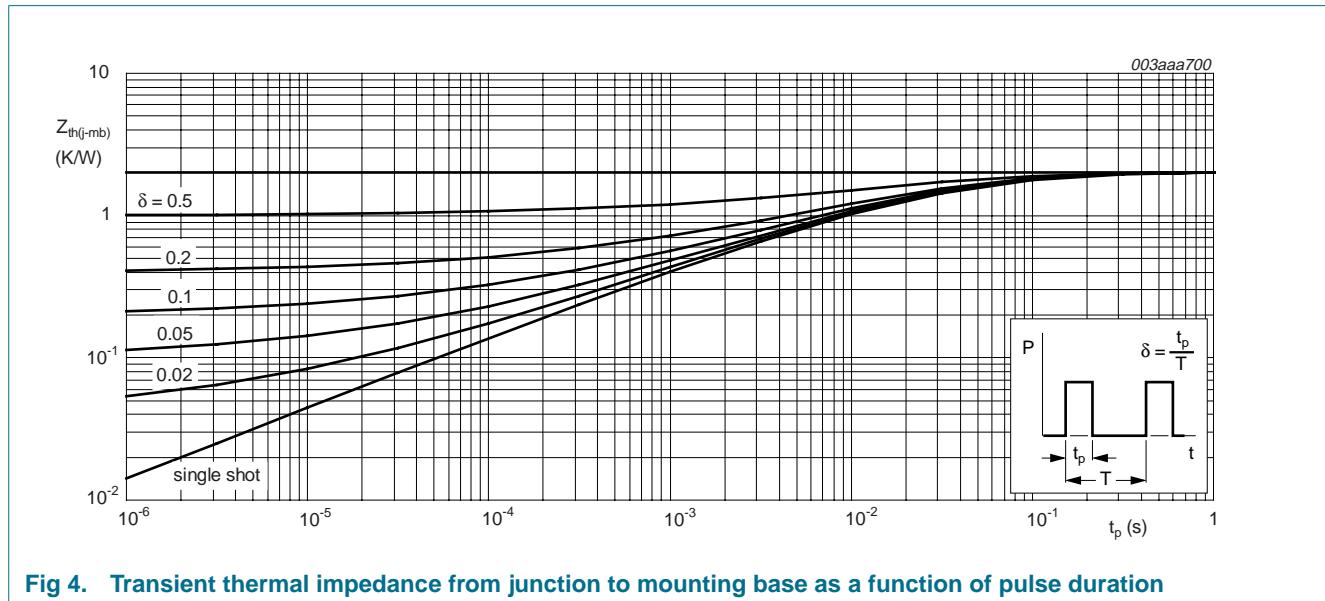
**Fig 3.** Safe operating area; continuous and peak drain currents as a function of drain-source voltage



## 5. Thermal characteristics

**Table 4: Thermal characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$R_{th(j\rightarrow mb)}$	thermal resistance from junction to mounting base	<a href="#">Figure 4</a>	-	-	2	K/W

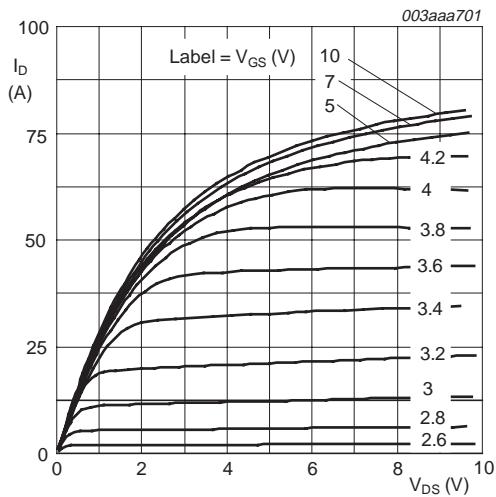


**Fig 4. Transient thermal impedance from junction to mounting base as a function of pulse duration**

## 6. Characteristics

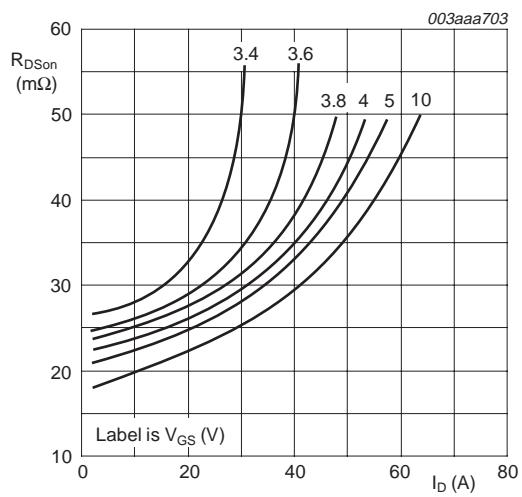
**Table 5: Characteristics** $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Static characteristics</b>						
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	drain-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}; V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$				
		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	75	-	-	V
		$T_j = -55^\circ\text{C}$	70	-	-	V
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	gate-source threshold voltage	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 9</a> and <a href="#">10</a>				
		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1	1.5	2	V
		$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	-	-	V
		$T_j = -55^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	2.3	V
$I_{DSS}$	drain-source leakage current	$V_{DS} = 75 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$				
		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	500	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	gate-source leakage current	$V_{GS} = \pm 15 \text{ V}; V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	2	100	nA
$R_{DS\text{on}}$	drain-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}; I_D = 15 \text{ A}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 6</a> and <a href="#">8</a>				
		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	25	30	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	72	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}; I_D = 15 \text{ A}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 6</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	-	-	34	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}; I_D = 15 \text{ A}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 6</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	-	23	28	$\text{m}\Omega$
<b>Dynamic characteristics</b>						
$Q_{g(\text{tot})}$	total gate charge	$I_D = 25 \text{ A}; V_{DD} = 60 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	19	-	nC
$Q_{gs}$	gate-source charge	<a href="#">Figure 11</a>	-	5	-	nC
$Q_{gd}$	gate-drain (Miller) charge		-	9	-	nC
$C_{iss}$	input capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	-	1550	2070	pF
$C_{oss}$	output capacitance	<a href="#">Figure 12</a>	-	150	179	pF
$C_{rss}$	reverse transfer capacitance		-	60	80	pF
$t_{d(\text{on})}$	turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 30 \text{ V}; R_L = 1.2 \Omega; V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	16	-	ns
$t_r$	rise time	$R_G = 10 \Omega$	-	106	-	ns
$t_{d(\text{off})}$	turn-off delay time		-	51	-	ns
$t_f$	fall time		-	83	-	ns
<b>Source-drain diode</b>						
$V_{SD}$	source-drain (diode forward) voltage	$I_S = 15 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	-	0.85	1.2	V
$t_{rr}$	reverse recovery time	$I_S = 20 \text{ A}; dI_S/dt = -100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	100	-	ns
$Q_r$	recovered charge	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}; V_R = 30 \text{ V}$	-	115	-	nC



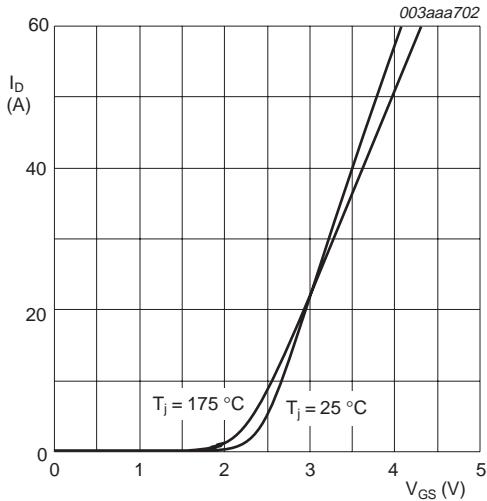
$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

**Fig 5. Output characteristics: drain current as a function of drain-source voltage; typical values**



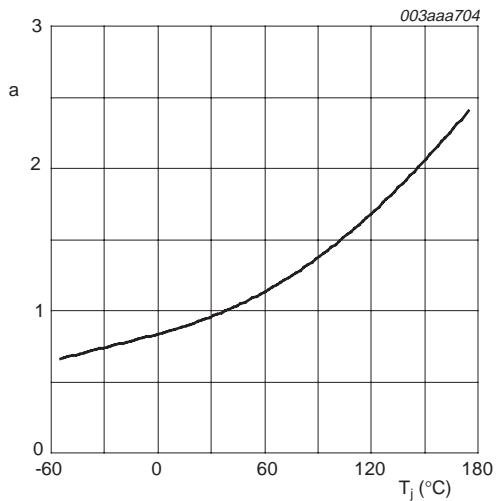
$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

**Fig 6. Drain-source on-state resistance as a function of drain current; typical values**



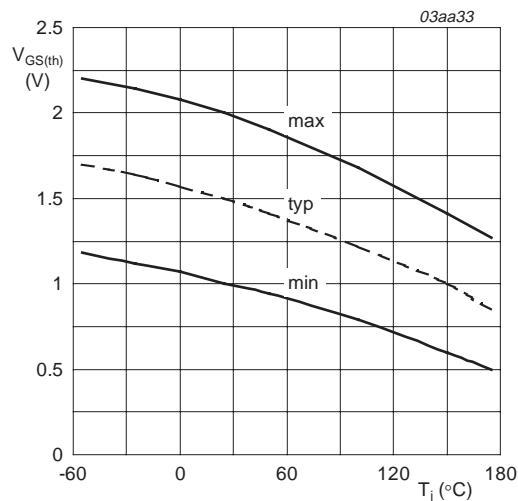
$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DS} > I_D \times R_{DSon}$

**Fig 7. Transfer characteristics: drain current as a function of gate-source voltage; typical values**



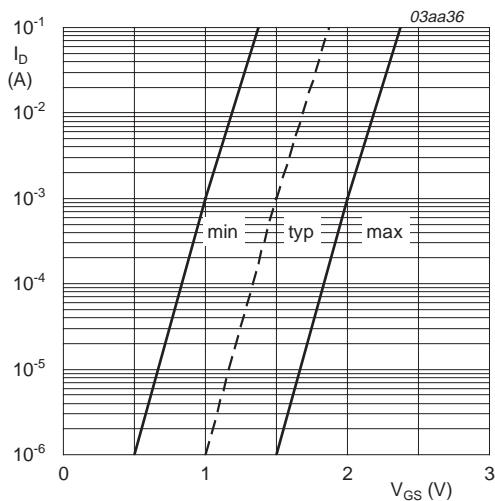
$$a = \frac{R_{DSon}}{R_{DSon}(25^\circ\text{C})}$$

**Fig 8. Normalized drain-source on-state resistance factor as a function of junction temperature**



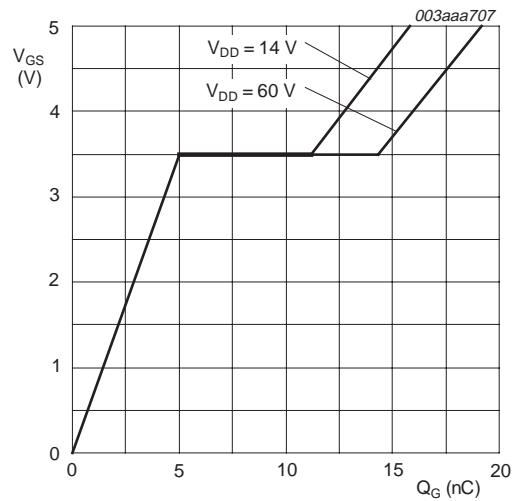
$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{DS} = V_{GS}$

**Fig 9. Gate-source threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**



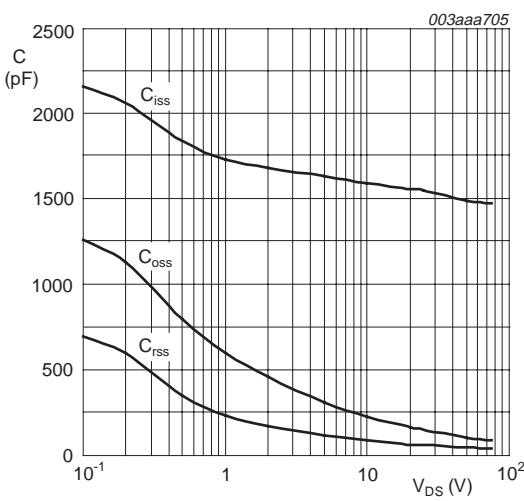
$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_{DS} = V_{GS}$

**Fig 10. Sub-threshold drain current as a function of gate-source voltage**



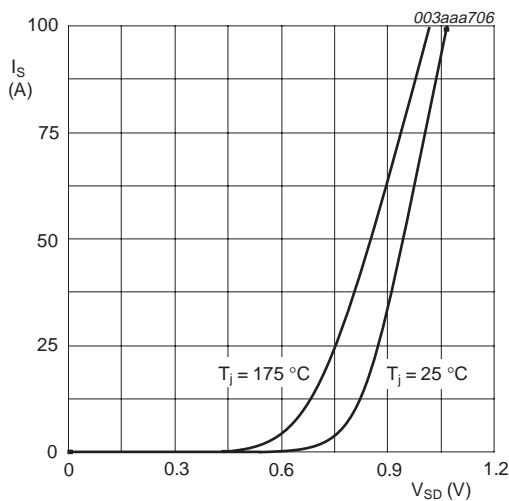
$I_D = 25 \text{ A}; V_{DD} = 14 \text{ V} \text{ and } 60 \text{ V}$

**Fig 11. Gate-source voltage as a function of gate charge; typical values**



$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

**Fig 12. Input, output and reverse transfer capacitances as a function of drain-source voltage; typical values**



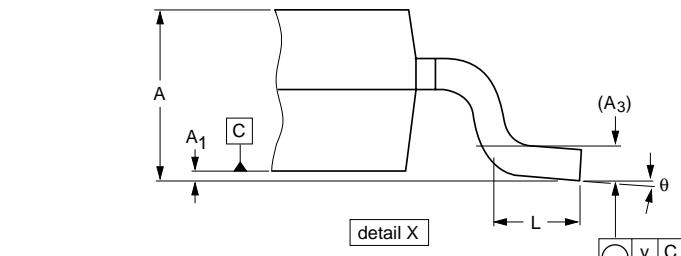
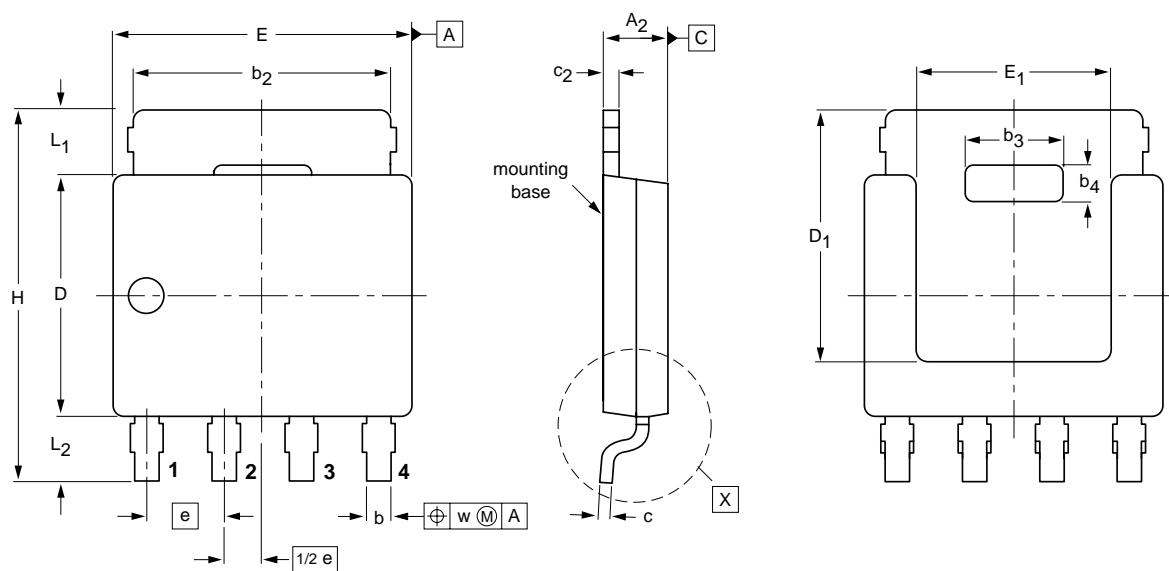
$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$

**Fig 13. Source (diode forward) current as a function of source-drain (diode forward) voltage; typical value**

## 7. Package outline

Plastic single-ended surface mounted package (LFPAK); 4 leads

SOT669



0 2.5 5 mm  
scale

### DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b	b <sub>2</sub>	b <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>4</sub>	c	c <sub>2</sub>	D <sup>(1)</sup>	D <sub>1</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> max	E <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sub>1</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	e	H	L	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	w	y	θ
mm	1.20 1.01	0.15 0.00	1.10 0.95	0.25	0.50 0.35	4.41 3.62	2.2 2.0	0.9 0.7	0.25 0.19	0.30 0.24	4.10 3.80	4.20	5.0 4.8	3.3 3.1	1.27	6.2 5.8	0.85 0.40	1.3 0.8	1.3 0.8	0.25	0.1	8° 0°

### Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT669		MO-235				-03-09-15- 04-10-13

Fig 14. Package outline SOT669 (LFPAK)



## 8. Revision history

Table 6: Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Doc. number	Supersedes
PH3075L_1	20050225	Product data sheet	-	9397 750 14603	-

## 9. Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status [1]	Product status [2][3]	Definition
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
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[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

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**Limiting values definition** — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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## 14. Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Product profile .....</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1	General description.....	1
1.2	Features .....	1
1.3	Applications .....	1
1.4	Quick reference data.....	1
<b>2</b>	<b>Pinning information.....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Ordering information.....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Limiting values.....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Thermal characteristics.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Characteristics.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Package outline .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Revision history.....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Data sheet status.....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Definitions .....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Disclaimers.....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>Trademarks.....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Contact information .....</b>	<b>11</b>

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