

400 mA LOAD SWITCH FEATURING PRE-BIASED PNP TRANSISTOR AND ESD PROTECTED N-MOSFET
General Description

- LMN400E01 is best suited for applications where the load needs to be turned on and off using control circuits like micro-controllers, comparators etc. particularly at a point of load. It features a discrete pass transistor with stable V_{CE(SAT)} which does not depend on input voltage and can support continuous maximum current of 400 mA. It also contains an ESD protected discrete N-MOSFET that can be used as control. The component can be used as a part of a circuit or as a stand alone discrete device.

Features

- Voltage Controlled Small Signal Switch
- N-MOSFET with ESD Gate Protection
- Surface Mount Package
- Ideally Suited for Automated Assembly Processes
- Lead Free By Design/ROHS Compliant (Note 1)**
- "Green" Device (Note 2)**

Mechanical Data

- Case: SOT-363
- Case Material: Molded Plastic. "Green Molding" Compound. UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-0
- Moisture sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020C
- Terminal Connections: See Diagram
- Terminals: Finish - Matte Tin annealed over Alloy 42 leadframe. Solderable per MIL- STD -202, Method 208
- Marking & Type Code Information: See Last Page
- Ordering Information: See Last Page
- Weight: 0.016 grams (approximate)

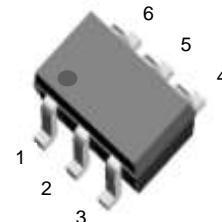


Fig. 1: SOT-363

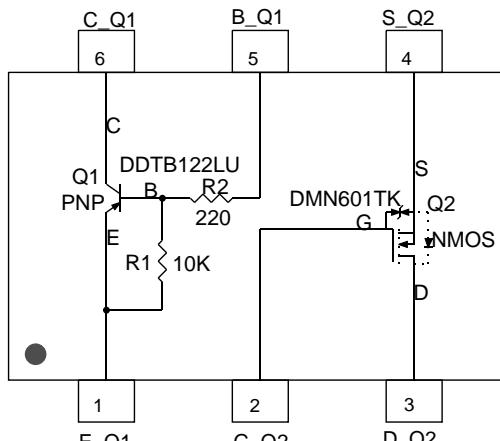


Fig 2 : Schematic and Pin Configuration

Sub-Component P/N	Reference	Device Type	R1(NOM)	R2(NOM)	Figure
DDTB122LU_DIE	Q1	PNP Transistor	10K	220	2
DMN601TK_DIE (ESD Protected)	Q2	N-MOSFET			2

Maximum Ratings, Total Device @ T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation (Note 3)	P _d	200	mW
Power Derating Factor above 37.5°C	P _{der}	1.6	mW/°C
Output Current	I _{out}	400	mA

Thermal Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction Operation and Storage Temperature Range	T _j , T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient Air (Note 3) (Equivalent to one heated junction of PNP transistor)	R _{JA}	625	°C/W

Notes: 1. No purposefully added lead.

 2. Diodes Inc.'s "Green" policy can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/lead_free/index.php.

 3. Device mounted on FR-4 PCB, 1 inch x 0.85 inch x 0.062 inch; pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf>.

Maximum Ratings: @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Sub-Component Device: Pre-Biased PNP Transistor (Q1)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	-50	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	-50	V
Supply Voltage	V_{cc}	-50	V
Input Voltage	V_{in}	+5 to -6	V
Output Current	I_C	-400	mA

Sub-Component Device: @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

ESD Protected N-Channel MOSFET (Q2)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	60	V
Drain Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 1\text{MOhm}$)	V_{DGR}	60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GSS}	± 20	V
Pulsed (tp < 50 μs)		± 40	
Drain Current (Page 1: Note 3)	I_D	300	mA
Pulsed (tp < 10 μs , Duty Cycle < 1%)		800	
Continuous Source Current	I_S	300	mA

Electrical Characteristics: Pre-Biased PNP Transistor (Q1) @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
OFF CHARACTERISTICS						
Collector-Base Cut Off Current	I_{CBO}			-100	nA	$V_{CB} = -50\text{V}, I_E = 0$
Collector-Emitter Cut Off Current	I_{CEO}			-500	nA	$V_{CE} = -50\text{V}, I_B = 0$
Emitter-Base Cut Off Current	I_{EBO}			-1	mA	$V_{EB} = -5\text{V}, I_C = 0$
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	-50			V	$I_C = -10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	-50			V	$I_C = -2 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$
Input Off Voltage	$V_{I(OFF)}$		-0.55	-0.3	V	$V_{CE} = -5\text{V}, I_C = -100\mu\text{A}$
Output Voltage	V_{OH}	-4.9			V	$V_{CC} = -5\text{V}, V_B = -0.05\text{V}, R_L = 1\text{K}$
Output Current (leakage current same as I_{CEO})	$I_{O(OFF)}$			-500	nA	$V_{CC} = -50\text{V}, V_I = 0\text{V}$
ON CHARACTERISTICS						
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$			-0.15	V	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}, I_B = -0.3 \text{ mA}$
				-0.15	V	$I_C = -200\text{mA}, I_B = -20\text{mA}$
				-0.3	V	$I_C = -100\text{mA}, I_B = -1\text{mA}$
				-0.2	V	$I_C = -300\text{mA}, I_B = -30\text{mA}$
				-0.25	V	$I_C = -400\text{mA}, I_B = -40\text{mA}$
				-0.3	V	$I_C = -500\text{mA}, I_B = -50\text{mA}$
Equivalent on-resistance*	$R_{CE(SAT)}$			1.125		$I_C = -400\text{mA}, I_B = -20\text{mA}$
DC Current Gain	h_{FE}	70	220			$V_{CE} = -5\text{V}, I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$
		70	260			$V_{CE} = -5\text{V}, I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$
		70	265			$V_{CE} = -5\text{V}, I_C = -200 \text{ mA}$
		70	225			$V_{CE} = -5\text{V}, I_C = -400 \text{ mA}$
Input On Voltage	$V_{I(ON)}$	-2.45	-1.5		V_{dc}	$V_O = -0.3\text{V}, I_{IC} = -2 \text{ mA}$
Output Voltage (equivalent to $V_{CE(SAT)}$)	$V_{O(on)} (V_{OL})$		-0.1	-0.3	V_{dc}	$V_{CC} = -5\text{V}, V_B = -2.5\text{V}, I_O/I_I = -50\text{mA} / -2.5\text{mA}$
Input Current	I_i		-18	-28	mA	$V_I = -5\text{V}$
Base-Emitter Turn-on Voltage	$V_{BE(ON)}$		-1.2	-1.3	V	$V_{CE} = -5\text{V}, I_C = -400\text{mA}$
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(SAT)}$		-1.9	-2.2	V	$I_C = -50\text{mA}, I_B = -5\text{mA}$
			-5.25	-5.5		$I_C = -400\text{mA}, I_B = -20\text{mA}$
Input Resistor (Base), +/- 30%	R_2	0.154	0.22	0.286	K	
Pull-up Resistor (Base to Vcc supply), +/- 30%	R_1		10		K	
Resistor Ratio (Input Resistor/Pullup resistor)	R_1/R_2	36	45	55		
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Transition Frequency (gain bandwidth product)	f_T		200		MHz	$V_{CE} = -10\text{V}, I_E = -5\text{mA}, f = 100\text{MHz}$
Collector capacitance, (Ccbo-Output Capacitance)	CC		20		pF	$V_{CB} = -10\text{V}, I_E = 0\text{A}, f = 1\text{MHz}$

* Pulse Test: Pulse width, $t_p < 300 \text{ us}$, Duty Cycle, $d = 0.02$

Electrical Characteristics: ESD Protected N Channel MOSFET (Q2) @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
OFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage, BV_{DSS}	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	60			V	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}} = 10\mu\text{A}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current (Drain Leakage Current)	I_{DSS}			1	μA	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 60\text{V}$
Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward	I_{GSSF}			10	μA	$V_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 0\text{V}$
Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse	I_{GSSR}			-10	μA	$V_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 0\text{V}$
ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)						
Gate Source Threshold Voltage (Control Supply Voltage)	$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	1	1.6	2.5	V	$V_{\text{DS}} = V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}} = 0.25\text{mA}$
Static Drain-Source On-State Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$		0.09	1.5	V	$V_{\text{GS}} = 5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}} = 50\text{mA}$
			0.6	3.75		$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}} = 500\text{mA}$
On-State Drain Current	$I_{\text{D}(\text{on})}$	500			mA	$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 2*V_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$
Static Drain-Source On Resistance	$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$		1.6	3		$V_{\text{GS}} = 5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}} = 50\text{mA}$
			1.2	2		$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}} = 500\text{mA}$
Forward Transconductance	g_{FS}	80	260		mS	$V_{\text{DS}} = 2*V_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}, I_{\text{D}} = 200\text{ mA}$
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}			50	pF	$V_{\text{DS}} = -25\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			25	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}			5	pF	
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS*						
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$			20	ns	$V_{\text{DD}} = 30\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}} = 200\text{mA}, R_{\text{G}} = 25\text{ Ohm}, R_{\text{L}} = 150\text{ Ohm}$
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$			40	ns	
SOURCE-DRAIN (BODY) DIODE CHARACTERISTICS AND MAXIMUM RATINGS						
Drain-Source Diode Forward On-Voltage	V_{SD}		0.88	1.5	V	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, I_{\text{S}} = 300\text{ mA}^*$
Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current (Reverse Drain Current)	I_{S}			300	mA	
Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	I_{SM}			800	mA	

* Pulse Test: Pulse width, $t_p < 300\text{ us}$, Duty Cycle, $d = 0.02$

Notes: 4. Short duration test pulse used to minimize self-heating effect.

Typical Characteristics

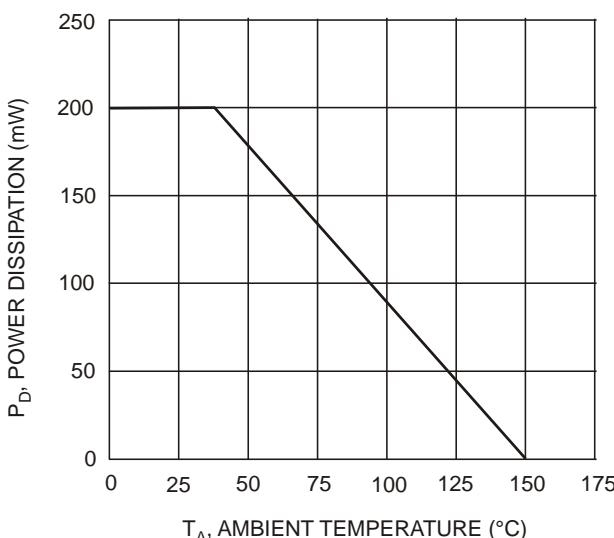


Fig. 3, Max Power Dissipation vs.
Ambient Temperature

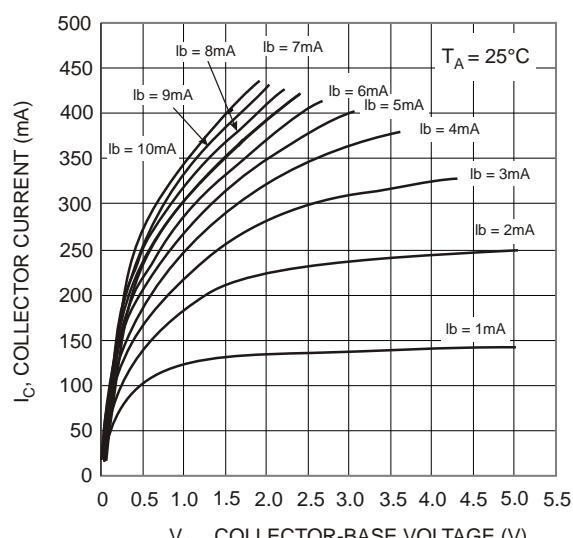


Fig. 4, Output Current vs.
Voltage Drop (Pass Element PNP)

Pre-Biased PNP Transistor Characteristics

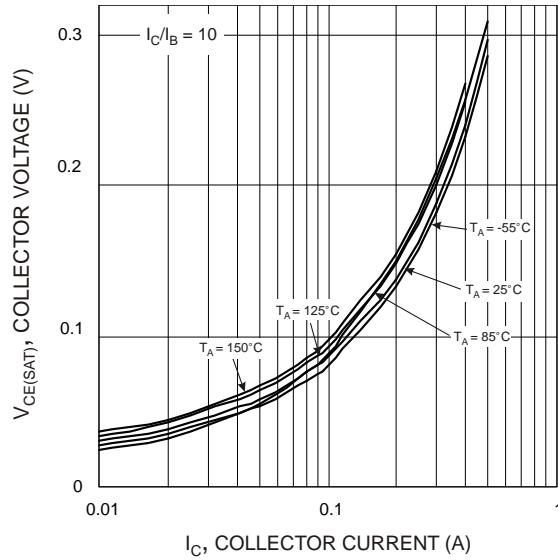


Fig. 5 $V_{CE(SAT)}$ vs. I_C @ $I_C/I_B = 10$

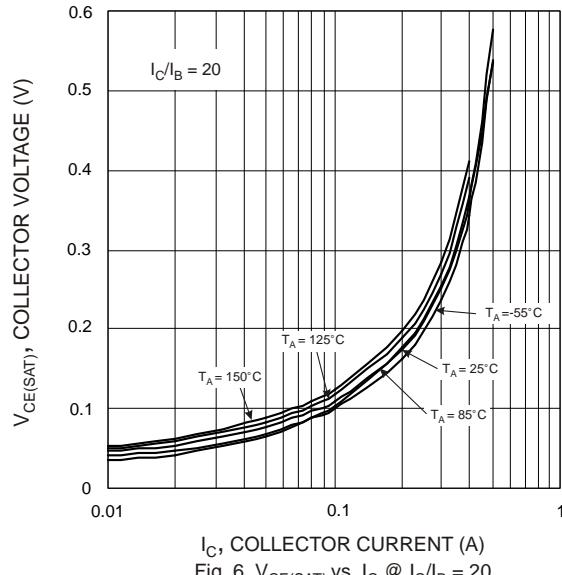


Fig. 6 $V_{CE(SAT)}$ vs. I_C @ $I_C/I_B = 20$

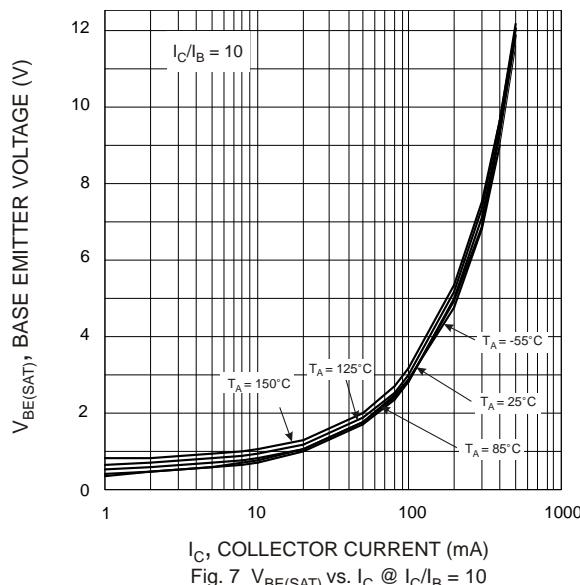


Fig. 7 $V_{BE(SAT)}$ vs. I_C @ $I_C/I_B = 10$

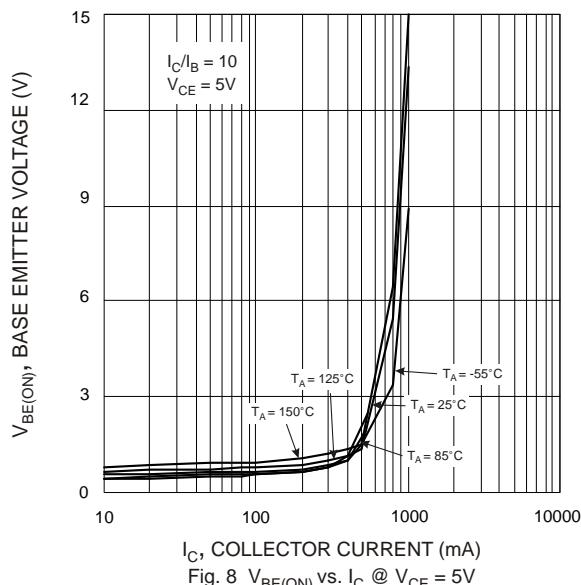


Fig. 8 $V_{BE(ON)}$ vs. I_C @ $V_{CE} = 5V$

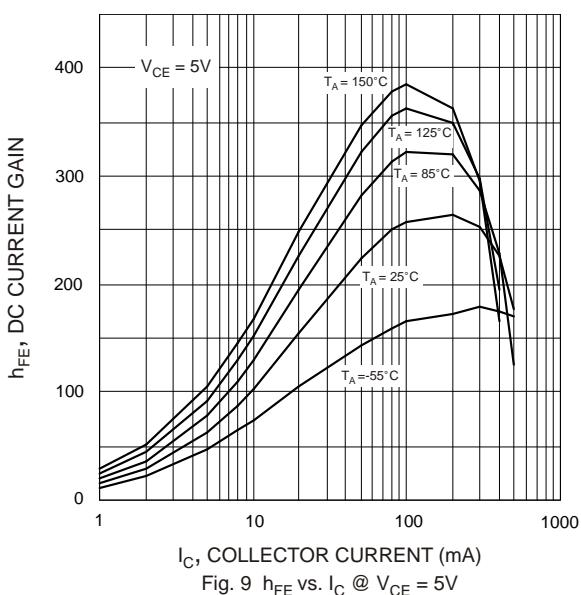


Fig. 9 h_{FE} vs. I_C @ $V_{CE} = 5V$

Typical N-Channel MOSFET (ESD Protected) Characteristics

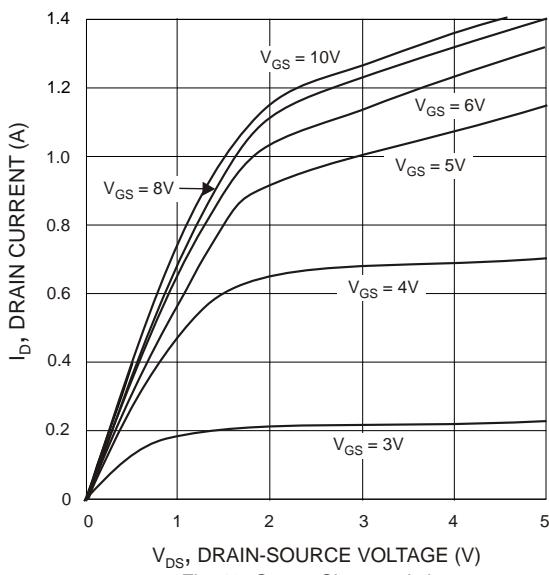


Fig. 10 Output Characteristics

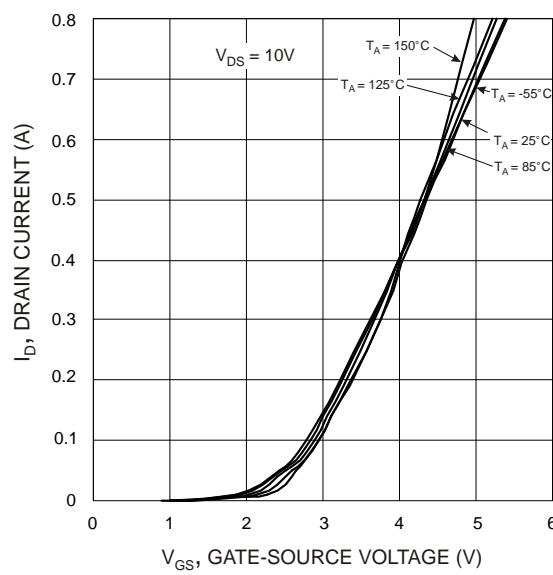


Fig. 11 Transfer Characteristics

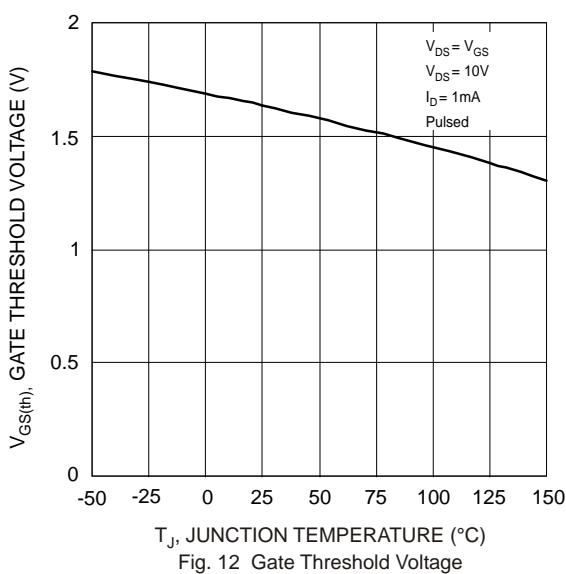


Fig. 12 Gate Threshold Voltage
vs. Junction Temperature

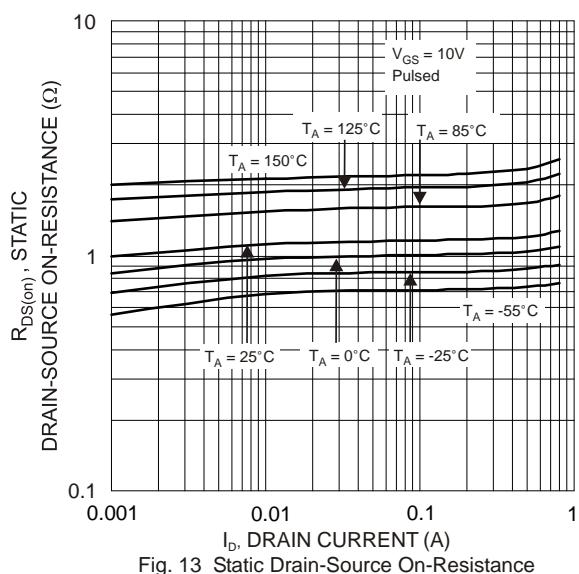


Fig. 13 Static Drain-Source On-Resistance
vs. Drain Current

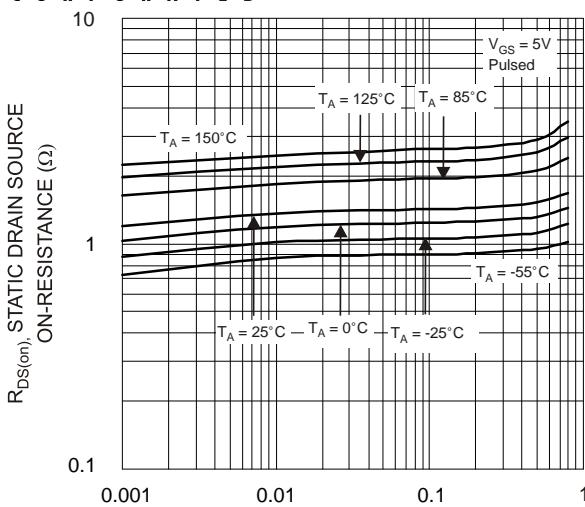


Fig. 14 Static Drain-Source On-Resistance
vs. Drain Current

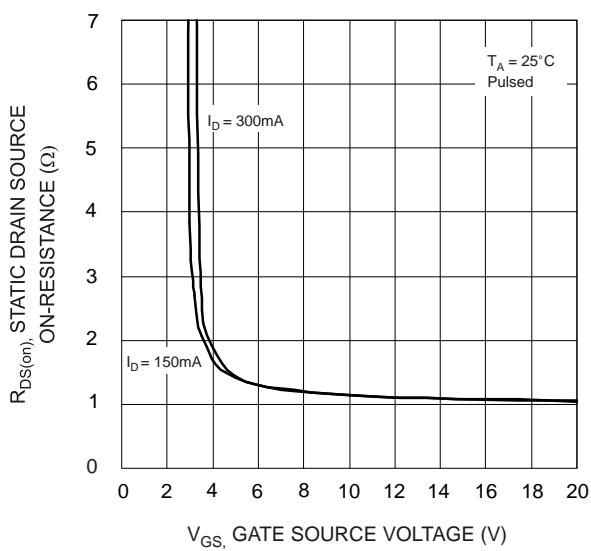


Fig. 15 Static Drain-Source On-Resistance
vs. Gate-Source Voltage

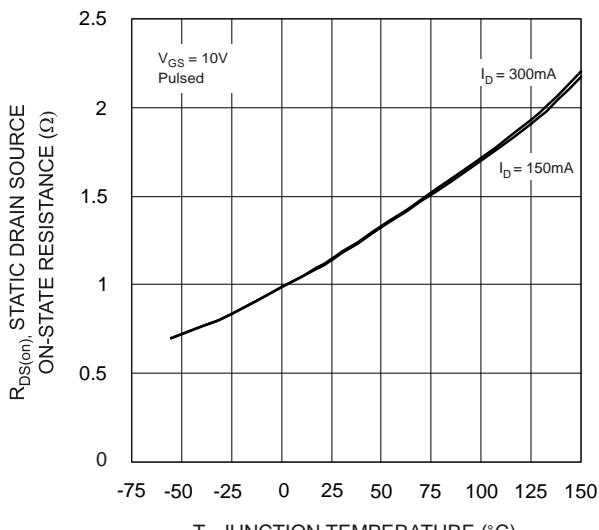


Fig. 16 Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance
vs. Junction Temperature

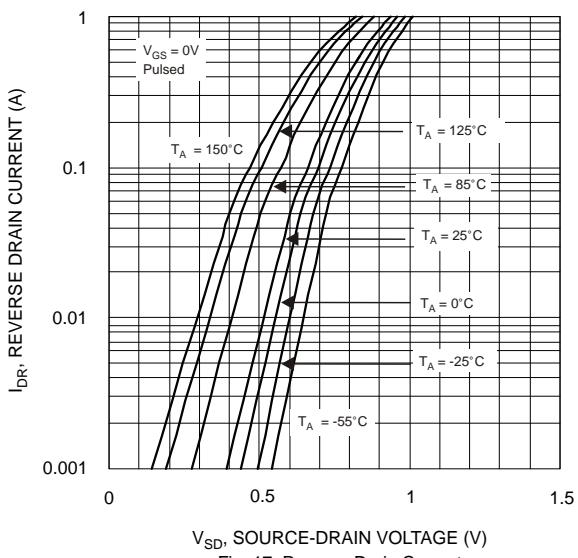


Fig. 17 Reverse Drain Current
vs. Source-Drain Voltage

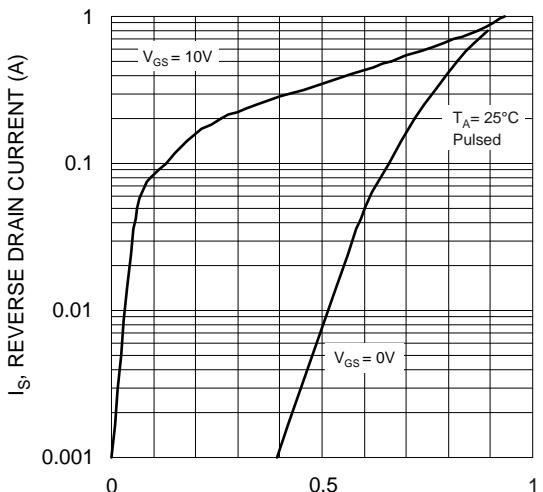


Fig. 18 Reverse Drain Current
vs. Source-Drain Voltage

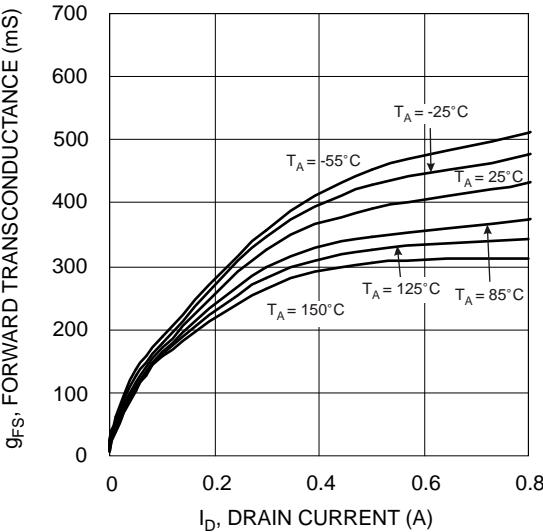


Fig. 19 Forward Transconductance
vs. Drain Current ($V_{DS} > I_D * R_{DS(on)}$)

Application Details

- PNP Transistor (DDTB122LU) and ESD Protected N-MOSFET (DMN601TK) integrated as one in LMN400E01 can be used as a discrete entity for general application or as an integrated circuit to function as a Load Switch. When it is used as the latter as shown in Fig. 20, various input voltage sources can be used as long as it does not exceed the maximum ratings of the device. These devices are designed to deliver continuous output load current up to a maximum of 400 mA. The MOSFET Switch draws no current, hence loading of control circuitry is prevented. Care must be taken for higher levels of dissipation while designing for higher load conditions. These devices provide high power and also consume less space. The product mainly helps in optimizing power usage, thereby conserving battery life in a controlled load system like portable battery powered applications. (Please see Fig. 21 for one example of a typical application circuit used in conjunction with a voltage regulator as a part of power management system).

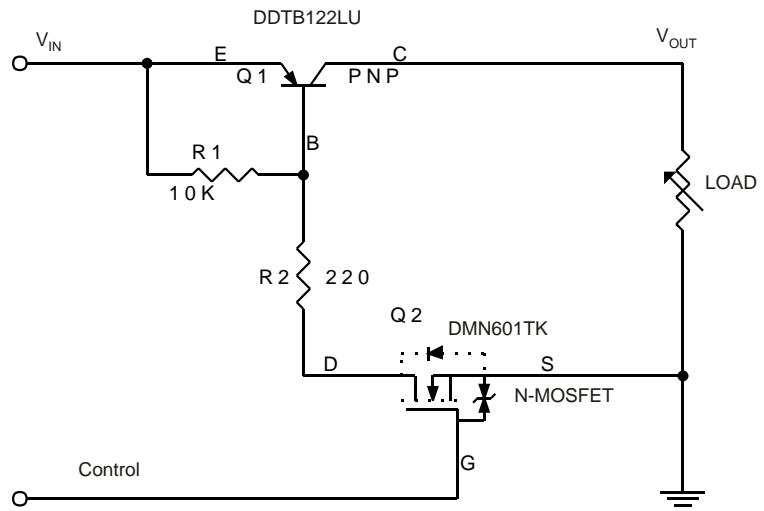


Fig 20 : Circuit Diagram

Typical Application Circuit

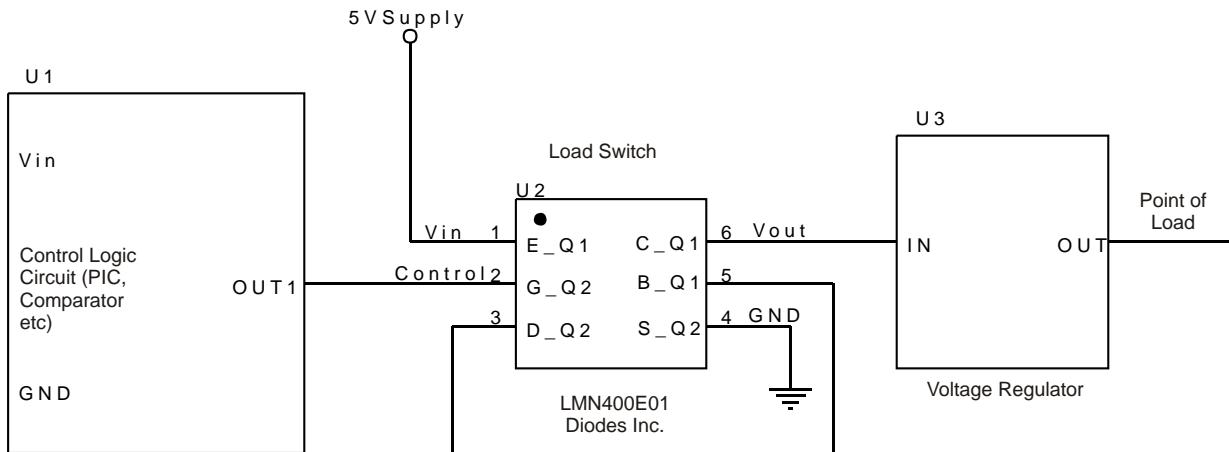
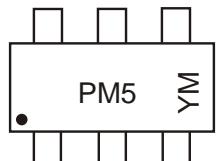


Fig 21

Ordering Information (Note 4)

Device	Marking Code	Packaging	Shipping
LMN400E01-7	PM5	SOT-363	3000/Tape & Reel

Notes: 4. For Packaging Details, go to our website at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02007.pdf>.

Marking Information

PM5 = Product Type Marking Code,
 YM = Date Code Marking
 Y = Year, e.g., T = 2006
 M = Month, e.g., 9 = September

Fig. 22

Date Code Key

Year	2006			2007			2008			2009		
Code	T			U			V			W		
Month	Jan	Feb	March	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	O	N	D

Package Details

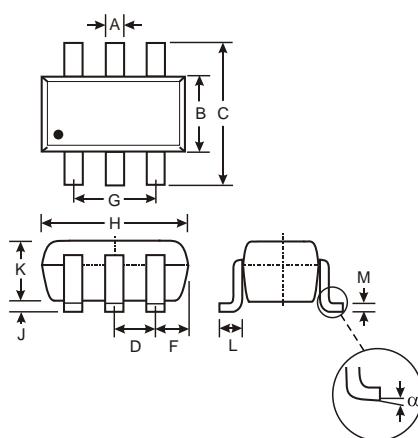


Fig. 23

SOT-363		
Dim	Min	Max
A	0.10	0.30
B	1.15	1.35
C	2.00	2.20
D	0.65 Nominal	
F	0.30	0.40
H	1.80	2.20
J		0.10
K	0.90	1.00
L	0.25	0.40
M	0.10	0.25
	0°	8°

All Dimensions in mm

Suggested Pad Layout: (Based on IPC-SM-782)

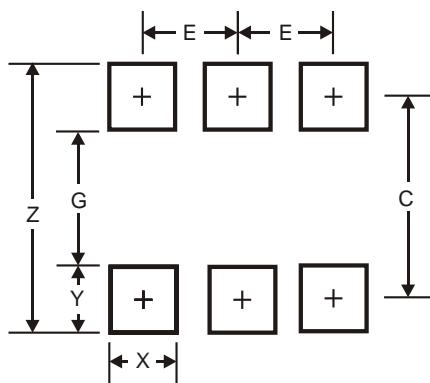


Fig. 24

Figure 14 Dimensions	SOT-363*
Z	2.5
G	1.3
X	0.42
Y	0.6
C	1.9
E	0.65

* Typical dimensions in mm

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