

# HIN232, HIN236, HIN237,HIN238, HIN239, HIN240, HIN241

## Data Sheet

## May 2002

# FN3138.11

# +5V Powered RS-232 Transmitters/Receivers

The HIN232-HIN241 family of RS-232 transmitters/receivers interface circuits meet all EIA RS-232E and V.28 specifications, and are particularly suited for those applications where  $\pm$ 12V is not available. They require a single +5V power supply (except HIN239) and feature onboard charge pump voltage converters which generate +10V and -10V supplies from the 5V supply. The family of devices offer a wide variety of RS-232 transmitter/receiver combinations to accommodate various applications (see Selection Table).

The drivers feature true TTL/CMOS input compatibility, slew-rate-limited output, and 300 $\Omega$  power-off source impedance. The receivers can handle up to  $\pm 30V$ , and have a  $3k\Omega$  to  $7k\Omega$  input impedance. The receivers also feature hysteresis to greatly improve noise rejection.

# Features

- Meets All RS-232E and V.28 Specifications
- Requires Only Single +5V Power Supply
   (+5V and +12V HIN239)
- High Data Rate.....120kbps
- Onboard Voltage Doubler/Inverter
- Low Power Consumption
- Low Power Shutdown Function
- Three-State TTL/CMOS Receiver Outputs
- Multiple Drivers
  - ±10V Output Swing for 5V Input
  - 300Ω Power-Off Source Impedance
  - Output Current Limiting
  - TTL/CMOS Compatible
  - 30V/µs Maximum Slew Rate
- Multiple Receivers
  - ±30V Input Voltage Range
  - $3k\Omega$  to  $7k\Omega$  Input Impedance
  - 0.5V Hysteresis to Improve Noise Rejection

# **Applications**

- Any System Requiring RS-232 Communication Ports
  - Computer Portable, Mainframe, Laptop
  - Peripheral Printers and Terminals
  - Instrumentation
  - Modems

PART NUMBER	POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE	NUMBER OF RS-232 DRIVERS	NUMBER OF RS-232 RECEIVERS	EXTERNAL COMPONENTS	LOW POWER SHUTDOWN/TTL THREE-STATE	NUMBER OF LEADS
HIN232	+5V	2	2	4 Capacitors	NO/NO	16
HIN236	+5V	4	3	4 Capacitors	YES/YES	24
HIN237	+5V	5	3	4 Capacitors	NO/NO	24
HIN238	+5V	4	4	4 Capacitors	NO/NO	24
HIN239	+5V and +7.5V to 13.2V	3	5	2 Capacitors	NO/YES	24
HIN240	+5V	5	5	4 Capacitors	YES/YES	44
HIN241	+5V	4	5	4 Capacitors	YES/YES	28

# Selection Table

# **Ordering Information**

-			
PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE ( <sup>o</sup> C)	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.
HIN232CB	0 to 70	16 Ld SOIC	M16.3
HIN232CB-T	0 to 70	Tape and Reel	
HIN232CP	0 to 70	16 Ld PDIP	E16.3
HIN232IB	-40 to 85	16 Ld SOIC	M16.3
HIN232IP	-40 to 85	16 Ld PDIP	E16.3
HIN236CB	0 to 70	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3
HIN236CP	0 to 70	24 Ld PDIP	E24.3
HIN236IB	-40 to 85	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3
HIN237CB	0 to 70	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3
HIN237CB-T	0 to 70	Tape and Reel	
HIN238CB	0 to 70	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3

# Ordering Information (Continued)

PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE ( <sup>o</sup> C)	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.
HIN238CB-T	0 to 70	Tape and Reel	
HIN238CP	0 to 70	24 Ld PDIP	E24.3
HIN238IB	-40 to 85	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3
HIN239CB	0 to 70	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3
HIN239CB-T	0 to 70	Tape and Reel	
HIN239CP	0 to 70	24 Ld PDIP	E24.3
HIN239IB	-40 to 85	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3
HIN240CN	0 to 70	44 Ld MQFP	Q44.10X10
HIN241CA	0 to 70	28 Ld SSOP	M28.209
HIN241CB	0 to 70	28 Ld SOIC	M28.3
HIN241IB	-40 to 85	28 Ld SOIC	M28.3

# Pin Descriptions

PIN	FUNCTION
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply Input 5V ±10%.
V+	Internally generated positive supply (+10V nominal), HIN239 requires +7.5V to +13.2V.
V-	Internally generated negative supply (-10V nominal).
GND	Ground lead. Connect to 0V.
C1+	External capacitor (+ terminal) is connected to this lead.
C1-	External capacitor (- terminal) is connected to this lead.
C2+	External capacitor (+ terminal) is connected to this lead.
C2-	External capacitor (- terminal) is connected to this lead.
T <sub>IN</sub>	$\label{eq:constraint} Transmitter Inputs. These leads accept TTL/CMOS levels. An internal 400 k\Omega pull-up resistor to V_{CC} is connected to each lead.$
T <sub>OUT</sub>	Transmitter Outputs. These are RS-232 levels (nominally $\pm$ 10V).
R <sub>IN</sub>	Receiver Inputs. These inputs accept RS-232 input levels. An internal 5k $\Omega$ pull-down resistor to GND is connected to each input.
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Receiver Outputs. These are TTL/CMOS levels.
ĒN	Enable input. This is an active low input which enables the receiver outputs. With $\overline{EN} = 5V$ , the outputs are placed in a high impedance state.
SHUTDOWN	Shutdown Input. With SHUTDOWN = 5V, the charge pump is disabled, the receiver outputs are in a high impedance state and the transmitters are shut off.
NC	No Connect. No connections are made to these leads.

# **Pinouts**







#### NOTE:

1. Either 0.1 $\mu$ F or 1 $\mu$ F capacitors may be used. The V+ capacitor may be terminated to V<sub>CC</sub> or to GND.



## **Pinouts** (Continued)







HIN238 (PDIP, SOIC)





## **Pinouts** (Continued)

HIN239 (PDIP, SOIC) TOP VIEW









## **Pinouts** (Continued)





#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
Input Voltages
T <sub>IN</sub>
Output Voltages
$T_{OUT}$
R <sub>OUT</sub> (GND -0.3V) < V <sub>RXOUT</sub> < (V+ +0.3V)
Short Circuit Duration
T <sub>OUT</sub> Continuous R <sub>OUT</sub> Continuous

## **Operating Conditions**

Temperature Range	
HIN2XXCX	
HIN2XXIX	

## **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 3)	θ <sub>JA</sub> ( <sup>o</sup> C/W)
16 Ld PDIP Package	90
24 Ld PDIP Package	
16 Ld SOIC (W) Package	100
24 Ld SOIC Package	75
28 Ld SOIC Package	70
28 Ld SSOP Package	95
44 Ld MQFP Package	80
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package)	150 <sup>0</sup> C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	5 <sup>o</sup> C to 150 <sup>o</sup> C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)	300 <sup>o</sup> C
(SOIC, SSOP, MQFP - Lead Tips Only)	

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTE:

2. Only HIN239. For V+ > 11V, C1 must be  ${\leq}0.1\mu F.$ 

3.  $\theta_{JA}$  is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

## **Electrical Specifications** Test Conditions: $V_{CC}$ = +5V ±10%, T<sub>A</sub> = Operating Temperature Range

PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
SUPPLY CURRENTS						
Power Supply Current, I <sub>CC</sub>	No Load,	HIN232	-	5	10	mA
	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	HIN236-238, HIN240-241	-	7	15	mA
		HIN239	-	0.4	1	mA
V+ Power Supply Current, $I_{CC}$ No Load, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	No Load, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 <sup>o</sup> C	HIN239	-	5.0	15	mA
Shutdown Supply Current, I <sub>CC</sub> (SD)	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		-	1	10	μA
LOGIC AND TRANSMITTER INPUTS, RECEIV	ER OUTPUTS		I			
Input Logic Low, V <sub>IL</sub>	T <sub>IN</sub> , EN, Shutdown		-	-	0.8	V
Input Logic High, V <sub>IH</sub>	T <sub>IN</sub>		2.0	-	-	V
	EN, Shutdown		2.4	-	-	V
Transmitter Input Pullup Current, IP	$T_{IN} = 0V$	T <sub>IN</sub> = 0V		15	200	μA
TTL/CMOS Receiver Output Voltage Low, V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.6mA		-	0.1	0.4	V
TTL/CMOS Receiver Output Voltage High, $V_{OH}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -1.0m/	A	3.5	4.6	-	V
RECEIVER INPUTS			1	1	1	.1
RS-232 Input Voltage Range VIN			-30	-	+30	V
Receiver Input Impedance RIN	$V_{IN} = \pm 3V$		3.0	5.0	7.0	kΩ
Receiver Input Low Threshold, VIN (H-L)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, T <sub>A</sub>	= 25 <sup>o</sup> C	0.8	1.2	-	V
Receiver Input High Threshold, V <sub>IN</sub> (L-H)	$V_{CC} = 5V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		-	1.7	2.4	V
Receiver Input Hysteresis V <sub>HYST</sub>			0.2	0.5	1.0	V
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS			I	1	1	1
Baud Rate (1 Transmitter Switching)	$R_1 = 3k\Omega$		120	-	-	kbps



PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Output Enable Time, t <sub>EN</sub>	HIN236, 239, 240, 241	-	400	-	ns
Output Disable Time, t <sub>DIS</sub>	HIN236, 239, 240, 241	-	250	-	ns
Propagation Delay, t <sub>PD</sub>	RS-232 to TTL	-	0.5	-	μs
Instantaneous Slew Rate SR	$C_L = 10 pF, R_L = 3k\Omega, T_A = 25^{o}C$ (Note 4)	-	-	30	V/µs
Transition Region Slew Rate, SR <sub>T</sub>	$R_L = 3k\Omega$ , $C_L = 2500$ pF Measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V, 1 Transmitter Switching	-	3	-	V/µs
TRANSMITTER OUTPUTS					
Output Voltage Swing, T <sub>OUT</sub>	Transmitter Outputs, $3k\Omega$ to Ground	±5	±9	±10	V
Output Resistance, R <sub>OUT</sub>	$V_{CC} = V + = V - = 0V, V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$	300	-	-	Ω
RS-232 Output Short Circuit Current, I <sub>SC</sub>	T <sub>OUT</sub> shorted to GND	-	±10	-	mA

#### **Electrical Specifications** Test Conditions: $V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%$ , $T_A = Operating Temperature Range$ (Continued)

NOTE:

4. Guaranteed by design.





# **Detailed Description**

The HIN232 thru HIN241 family of RS-232 transmitters/receivers are powered by a single +5V power supply (except HIN239), feature low power consumption, and meet all EIA RS-232C and V.28 specifications. The circuit is divided into three sections: The charge pump, transmitter, and receiver.

# Charge Pump

An equivalent circuit of the charge pump is illustrated in Figure 1. The charge pump contains two sections: the voltage doubler and the voltage inverter. Each section is driven by a two phase, internally generated clock to generate +10V and -10V. The nominal clock frequency is 16kHz. During phase one of the clock, capacitor C1 is charged to V<sub>CC</sub>. During phase two, the voltage on C1 is added to V<sub>CC</sub>, producing a signal across C3 equal to twice V<sub>CC</sub>. During phase one, C2 is also charged to  $2V_{CC}$ , and then during phase two, it is inverted with respect to ground to produce a signal across C4 equal to  $-2V_{CC}$ . The charge pump accepts input voltages up to 5.5V. The output impedance of the voltage doubler section (V+) is approximately  $200\Omega$ , and the output impedance of the voltage inverter section (V-) is approximately  $450\Omega$ . A typical application uses  $1\mu$ F capacitors for C1-C4, however, the value is not critical. Increasing the values of C1 and C2 will lower the output impedance of the voltage doubler and inverter, increasing the values of the reservoir capacitors, C3 and C4, lowers the ripple on the V+ and V- supplies.

During shutdown mode (HIN236, 240 and 241), SHUTDOWN control line set to logic "1", the charge pump is turned off, V+ is pulled down to  $V_{CC}$ , V- is pulled up to GND, and the supply current is reduced to less than 10µA. The transmitter outputs are disabled and the receiver outputs are placed in the high impedance state.

## Transmitters

The transmitters are TTL/CMOS compatible inverters which translate the inputs to RS-232 outputs. The input logic threshold is about 26% of V<sub>CC</sub>, or 1.3V for V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V. A logic 1 at the input results in a voltage of between -5V and V- at the output, and a logic 0 results in a voltage between +5V and (V+ -0.6V). Each transmitter input has an internal 400k $\Omega$  pullup resistor so any unused input can be left unconnected and its output remains in its low state. The output voltage swing meets the RS-232C specifications of ±5V minimum with the worst case conditions of: all transmitters driving 3k $\Omega$  minimum load

impedance, V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V, and maximum allowable operating temperature. The transmitters have an internally limited output slew rate which is less than 30V/µs. The outputs are short circuit protected and can be shorted to ground indefinitely. The powered down output impedance is a minimum of 300 $\Omega$  with ±2V applied to the outputs and V<sub>CC</sub> = 0V.





 $(V_{CC}$  = 0V). The receivers have a typical input threshold of 1.3V which is within the  $\pm 3V$  limits, known as the transition region, of the RS-232 specifications. The receiver output is 0V to  $V_{CC}$ . The output will be low whenever the input is greater than 2.4V and high whenever the input is floating or driven between +0.8V and -30V. The receivers feature 0.5V hysteresis to improve noise rejection. The receiver Enable line  $\overline{EN}$ , when set to logic "1", (HIN236, 239, 240, and 241) disables the receiver outputs, placing them in the high impedance mode. The receiver outputs are also placed in the high impedance state when in shutdown mode.



# Receivers

The receiver inputs accept up to  $\pm 30V$  while presenting the required  $3k\Omega$  to  $7k\Omega$  input impedance even if the power is off



#### FIGURE 4. PROPAGATION DELAY DEFINITION



#### FIGURE 5. V- SUPPLY VOLTAGE vs V<sub>CC</sub>, VARYING CAPACITORS



FIGURE 6. V+, V- OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs LOAD (HIN232)

## F Typical Performance Curves

# Test Circuits (HIN232)



FIGURE 7. GENERAL TEST CIRCUIT

# Applications

The HIN2XX may be used for all RS-232 data terminal and communication links. It is particularly useful in applications where  $\pm 12V$  power supplies are not available for conventional RS-232 interface circuits. The applications presented represent typical interface configurations.

A simple duplex RS-232 port with CTS/RTS handshaking is illustrated in Figure 9. Fixed output signals such as DTR (data terminal ready) and DSRS (data signaling rate select) is generated by driving them through a  $5k\Omega$  resistor connected to V+.

In applications requiring four RS-232 inputs and outputs (Figure 10), note that each circuit requires two charge pump capacitors (C1 and C2) but can share common reservoir capacitors (C3 and C4). The benefit of sharing common reservoir capacitors is the elimination of two capacitors and the reduction of the charge pump source impedance which effectively increases the output swing of the transmitters.



FIGURE 8. POWER-OFF SOURCE RESISTANCE CONFIGURATION



FIGURE 9. SIMPLE DUPLEX RS-232 PORT WITH CTS/RTS HANDSHAKING



FIGURE 10. COMBINING TWO HIN232s FOR 4 PAIRS OF RS-232 INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

# **Die Characteristics**

## **DIE DIMENSIONS**

160 mils x 140 mils

## METALLIZATION

Type: Al Thickness: 10kÅ ±1kÅ

## SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL

V+

# Metallization Mask Layout

## PASSIVATION

Type: Nitride over Silox Nitride Thickness: 8kÅ Silox Thickness: 7kÅ

## TRANSISTOR COUNT

238

## PROCESS

**CMOS Metal Gate** 



# Dual-In-Line Plastic Packages (PDIP)



#### NOTES:

- 1. Controlling Dimensions: INCH. In case of conflict between English and Metric dimensions, the inch dimensions control.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- 3. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication No. 95.
- 4. Dimensions A, A1 and L are measured with the package seated in JE-DEC seating plane gauge GS-3.
- 5. D, D1, and E1 dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- E and e<sub>A</sub> are measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum -C-.
- 7.  $e_B$  and  $e_C$  are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained.  $e_C$  must be zero or greater.
- 8. B1 maximum dimensions do not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- 9. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 10. Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2 + 1) for E8.3, E16.3, E18.3, E28.3, E42.6 will have a B1 dimension of 0.030 0.045 inch (0.76 1.14mm).

#### E16.3 (JEDEC MS-001-BB ISSUE D) 16 LEAD DUAL-IN-LINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INC	HES	MILLIN	IETERS	
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
А	-	0.210	-	5.33	4
A1	0.015	-	0.39	-	4
A2	0.115	0.195	2.93	4.95	-
В	0.014	0.022	0.356	0.558	-
B1	0.045	0.070	1.15	1.77	8, 10
С	0.008	0.014	0.204	0.355	-
D	0.735	0.775	18.66	19.68	5
D1	0.005	-	0.13	-	5
E	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.25	6
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11	5
е	0.100	BSC	2.54	BSC	-
e <sub>A</sub>	0.300	BSC	7.62	BSC	6
eB	-	0.430	-	10.92	7
L	0.115	0.150	2.93	3.81	4
Ν	1	6	1	6	9

# Dual-In-Line Plastic Packages (PDIP)



#### NOTES:

- 1. Controlling Dimensions: INCH. In case of conflict between English and Metric dimensions, the inch dimensions control.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- 3. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication No. 95.
- 4. Dimensions A, A1 and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane gauge GS-3.
- D, D1, and E1 dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- E and e<sub>A</sub> are measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum -C-.
- 7.  $e_B$  and  $e_C$  are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained.  $e_C$  must be zero or greater.
- 8. B1 maximum dimensions do not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- 9. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 10. Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2 + 1) for E8.3, E16.3, E18.3, E28.3, E42.6 will have a B1 dimension of 0.030 0.045 inch (0.76 1.14mm).

#### **E24.3** (JEDEC MS-001-AF ISSUE D) 24 LEAD NARROW BODY DUAL-IN-LINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIM	MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES	
А	-	0.210	-	5.33	4	
A1	0.015	-	0.39	-	4	
A2	0.115	0.195	2.93	4.95	-	
В	0.014	0.022	0.356	0.558	-	
B1	0.045	0.070	1.15	1.77	8	
С	0.008	0.014	0.204	0.355	-	
D	1.230	1.280	31.24	32.51	5	
D1	0.005	-	0.13	-	5	
E	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.25	6	
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11	5	
е	0.100	BSC	2.54 BSC		-	
e <sub>A</sub>	0.300	BSC	7.62	BSC	6	
е <sub>В</sub>	-	0.430	-	10.92	7	
L	0.115	0.150	2.93	3.81	4	
N	2	4	2	4	9	

# Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



#### NOTES:

- 1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- 4. Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- 5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- 9. The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch)
- 10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

#### M16.3 (JEDEC MS-013-AA ISSUE C) 16 LEAD WIDE BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIN	MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES	
А	0.0926	0.1043	2.35	2.65	-	
A1	0.0040	0.0118	0.10	0.30	-	
В	0.013	0.0200	0.33	0.51	9	
С	0.0091	0.0125	0.23	0.32	-	
D	0.3977	0.4133	10.10	10.50	3	
E	0.2914	0.2992	7.40	7.60	4	
е	0.050	BSC	1.27 BSC		-	
Н	0.394	0.419	10.00	10.65	-	
h	0.010	0.029	0.25	0.75	5	
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	6	
N	16			16	7	
α	0 <sup>0</sup>	8 <sup>0</sup>	0 <sup>0</sup>	8 <sup>0</sup>	-	

# Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



#### NOTES:

- 1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- 5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- 9. The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch)
- 10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

#### M24.3 (JEDEC MS-013-AD ISSUE C) 24 LEAD WIDE BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
A	0.0926	0.1043	2.35	2.65	-
A1	0.0040	0.0118	0.10	0.30	-
В	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51	9
С	0.0091	0.0125	0.23	0.32	-
D	0.5985	0.6141	15.20	15.60	3
E	0.2914	0.2992	7.40	7.60	4
е	0.05 BSC		1.27 BSC		-
Н	0.394	0.419	10.00	10.65	-
h	0.010	0.029	0.25	0.75	5
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	6
Ν	24		24		7
α	0 <sup>0</sup>	8 <sup>0</sup>	0 <sup>0</sup>	8 <sup>0</sup>	-

# Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



#### NOTES:

- 1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- 4. Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- 5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch)
- 10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

#### M28.3 (JEDEC MS-013-AE ISSUE C) 28 LEAD WIDE BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
А	0.0926	0.1043	2.35	2.65	-
A1	0.0040	0.0118	0.10	0.30	-
В	0.013	0.0200	0.33	0.51	9
С	0.0091	0.0125	0.23	0.32	-
D	0.6969	0.7125	17.70	18.10	3
E	0.2914	0.2992	7.40	7.60	4
е	0.05 BSC		1.27 BSC		-
Н	0.394	0.419	10.00	10.65	-
h	0.01	0.029	0.25	0.75	5
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	6
Ν	28		28		7
α	0 <sup>0</sup>	8 <sup>0</sup>	0 <sup>0</sup>	8 <sup>0</sup>	-

# Shrink Small Outline Plastic Packages (SSOP)



#### NOTES:

- 1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.20mm (0.0078 inch) per side.
- 4. Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.20mm (0.0078 inch) per side.
- 5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- Dimension "B" does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.13mm (0.005 inch) total in excess of "B" dimension at maximum material condition.
- 10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

#### M28.209 (JEDEC MO-150-AH ISSUE B) 28 LEAD SHRINK SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
А	-	0.078	-	2.00	-
A1	0.002	-	0.05	-	-
A2	0.065	0.072	1.65	1.85	-
В	0.009	0.014	0.22	0.38	9
С	0.004	0.009	0.09	0.25	-
D	0.390	0.413	9.90	10.50	3
E	0.197	0.220	5.00	5.60	4
е	0.026 BSC		0.65 BSC		-
Н	0.292	0.322	7.40	8.20	-
L	0.022	0.037	0.55	0.95	6
Ν	28		28		7
α	0 <sup>0</sup>	8 <sup>0</sup>	0 <sup>0</sup>	8 <sup>0</sup>	-

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# Metric Plastic Quad Flatpack Packages (MQFP)



#### **Q44.10x10** (JEDEC MS-022AB ISSUE B) 44 LEAD METRIC PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
A	-	0.096	-	2.45	-
A1	0.004	0.010	0.10	0.25	-
A2	0.077	0.083	1.95	2.10	-
b	0.012	0.018	0.30	0.45	6
b1	0.012	0.016	0.30	0.40	-
D	0.515	0.524	13.08	13.32	3
D1	0.389	0.399	9.88	10.12	4, 5
E	0.516	0.523	13.10	13.30	3
E1	0.390	0.398	9.90	10.10	4, 5
L	0.029	0.040	0.73	1.03	-
N	44		44		7
е	0.032 BSC		0.80 BSC		-

#### NOTES:

- 1. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.
- 2. All dimensions and tolerances per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- 3. Dimensions D and E to be determined at seating plane -C-

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- Dimensions D1 and E1 to be determined at datum plane

   -H .
- 5. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- 6. Dimension b does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm (0.003 inch) total.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.

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