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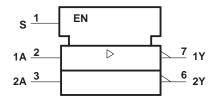
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirement of TIA/EIA-232-F and ITU Recommendation V.28
- Withstands Sustained Output Short Circuit to Any Low-Impedance Voltage Between -25 V and 25 V
- 2-µs Maximum Transition Time Through the 3-V to -3-V Transition Region Under Full 2500-pF Load
- Inputs Compatible With Most TTL Families
- Common Strobe Input
- Inverting Output
- Slew Rate Can Be Controlled With an External Capacitor at the Output
- Standard Supply Voltages . . . ±12 V

#### description

The SN75150 is a monolithic dual line driver designed to satisfy the requirements of the standard interface between data-terminal equipment and data-communication equipment as defined by TIA/EIA-232-F. A rate of 20 kbits/s can be transmitted with a full 2500-pF load. Other applications are in data-transmission systems using relatively short single lines, in level translators, and for driving MOS devices. The logic input is compatible with most TTL families. Operation is from 12-V and –12-V power supplies.

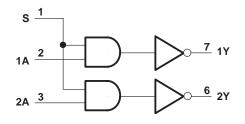
The SN75150 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

#### logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

#### logic diagram (positive logic)



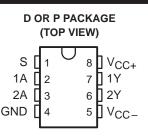


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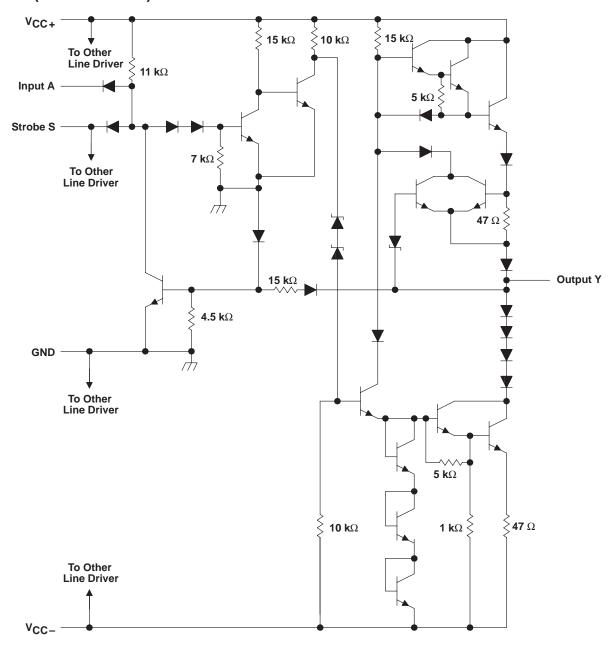


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SLLS081C - JANUARY 1971 - REVISED JUNE 1999

### schematic (each line driver)



Resistor values shown are nominal.



SLLS081C - JANUARY 1971 - REVISED JUNE 1999

#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC+</sub> (see Note 1)	15 V
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub>	15 V
Applied output voltage	
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Notes 2 and 3): D package	197°C/W
P package	104°C/W
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

- 2. Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can impact reliability.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51, except for through-hole packages, which use a trace length of zero.

#### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC+</sub>	10.8	12	13.2	V
	V <sub>CC</sub> -	-10.8	-12	-13.2	v
High-level input voltage, VIH		2		5.5	V
Low-level input voltage, VIL		0		0.8	V
Driver output voltage, VO				±15	V
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>		0		70	°C



SLLS081C - JANUARY 1971 - REVISED JUNE 1999

# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>CC $\pm$ </sub>= $\pm$ 13.2 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST (	TEST CONDITIONS		TYP†	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage $V_{CC+} = 10.$ V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V,			$V_{CC-} = -10.8 \text{ V},$ R <sub>L</sub> = 3 k $\Omega$ to 7 k $\Omega$	5	8		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage (see Note 4)		V <sub>CC+</sub> = 10.8 V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	$V_{CC-} = -10.8 \text{ V},$ R <sub>L</sub> = 3 k $\Omega$ to 7 k $\Omega$		-8	-5	V
ЧН	High-level input current	Data input	V 04V			1	10	μA
		Strobe input			2	20		
ŧι	Low-level input current	Data input	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4 V		-1	-1.6	mA	
		Strobe input			-2	-3.2		
IOS	•		V <sub>O</sub> = 25 V			2	8	
	Short-circuit output current <sup>‡</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = -25 V			-3	-8		
		V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	V <sub>I</sub> = 3 V	10	15	30	mA	
			V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	$V_{I} = 0$	-10	-15		-30
ICCH+	Supply current from $V_{CC+}$	high-level output	$V_{I} = 0, R_{I} = 3 k\Omega,$			10	22	mA
ICCH-				-1	-10	mA		
ICCL+	Supply current from V <sub>CC+</sub> ,	ow-level output	$V_{I} = 3 V$ , $R_{I} = 3 k\Omega$ ,			8	17	mA
ICCL-	Supply current from V <sub>CC-</sub> ,	ow-level output	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$			-9	-20	mA

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC+} = 12 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC-} = -12 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

<sup>‡</sup> Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

NOTE 4: The algebraic convention, in which the less positive (more negative) limit is designated as minimum, is used in this data sheet for logic levels only, e.g., when –5 V is the maximum, the typical value is a more negative voltage.

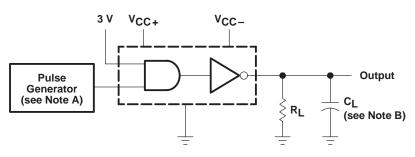
## switching characteristics, $V_{CC+} = 12 V$ , $V_{CC-} = -12 V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNIT		
<sup>t</sup> TLH	Transition time, low-to-high-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 2500 pF,	$C_{1} = 2500 \text{ pc}$	Ci - 2500 pE	$R_{I} = 3 k\Omega t0 7 k\Omega$	0.2	1.4	2	μs
t <sub>THL</sub>	Transition time, high-to-low-level output		$R_{L} = 3 \text{ KS2 to 7 KS2}$	0.2	1.5	2	μs		
<sup>t</sup> TLH	Transition time, low-to-high-level output	0. 45 - 55		$\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{k}} = 7 \mathbf{k} 0$		40		ns	
<sup>t</sup> THL	Transition time, high-to-low-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF,	F, $R_L = 7 k\Omega$		20		ns		
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	— C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF,	$\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{k}} = 7 \mathbf{k} 0$		60		ns		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output		5 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 7 kΩ		45		ns		

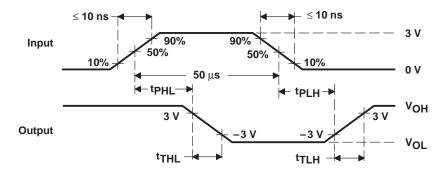


SLLS081C - JANUARY 1971 - REVISED JUNE 1999









NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: duty cycle  $\leq$  50%, Z<sub>O</sub>  $\approx$  50  $\Omega$ . B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 1. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



SLLS081C – JANUARY 1971 – REVISED JUNE 1999



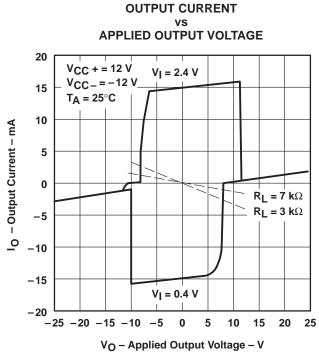


Figure 2



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