

# TDA7263SA

# 12 + 12W STEREO AMPLIFIER WITH MUTING

- WIDE SUPPLY VOLTAGE RANGE
- HIGH OUTPUT POWER
  12+12W @ V<sub>S</sub>=28V, R<sub>L</sub> = 8Ω, THD=10%
- MUTE FACILITY (POP FREE) WITH LOW CONSUMPTION
- AC SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION

#### DESCRIPTION

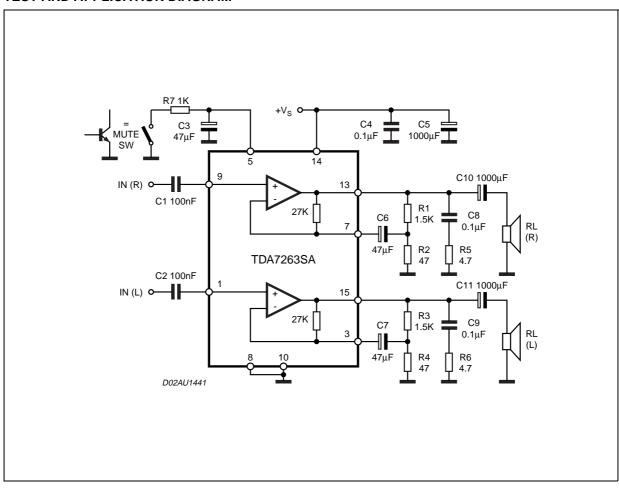
The TDA7263SA is class AB dual audio power amplifier assembled in the Clipwatt package, specially designed for high quality sound application as HI-FI music centers and stereo TV sets.

#### **TEST AND APPLICATION DIAGRAM**



Clipwatt15 ORDERING NUMBER: TDA7263SA

Pin to pin compatible with the TDA7253L, TDA7263L



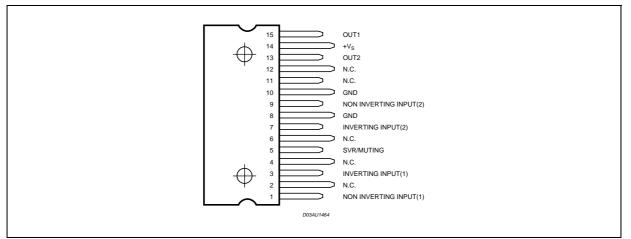
September 2003

# TDA7263SA

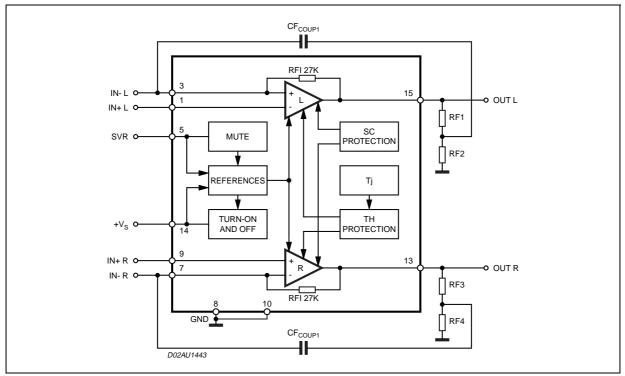
#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vs	Supply Voltage without Load	35	V
Ι <sub>Ο</sub>	Output Peak Current (repetitive f >20Hz)	2.5	А
lo	Output Peak Current (non repetitive, t = 100µs)	3.5	А
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total Power Dissipation (T <sub>case</sub> = 70°C)	20	W
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating Temperature Range	0 to 70	°C
T <sub>stg</sub> ,Tj	Storage & Junction Temperature	-40 to 150	°C

# **PIN CONNECTION** (Top view)



## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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# THERMAL DATA

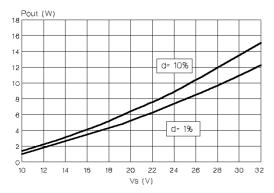
Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>th j-case</sub>	Thermal resistance junction to case Max	3.5	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTCS** (Refer to the stereo test and application circuit,  $V_S = 28V$ ;  $R_L = 8\Omega$ ;  $G_v = 30dB$ ; f = 1KHz;  $T_{amb} = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified.)

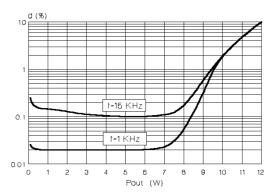
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vs	Supply Voltage		10		32	V
Vo	Quiescent Output Voltage			13.5		V
Р <sup>I</sup> q	Total Quiescent Current			70	95	mA
Po	Output Power (RMS)	$d = 10\%$ ; $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$	10	12		W
		d = 1%		9.5		W
d	Total Harmonic Distortion	$P_O = 1W$ , f = 1kHz		0.02	0.2	%
		$f = 100Hz$ to 10KHz; $P_0 = 0.1$ to 8W			0.5	%
CT	Cross Talk	$R_S = 10K\Omega; f = 1KHz$		70		dB
		$R_S = 10K\Omega$ ; f = 10KHz		60		dB
RI	Input Resistance		100	200		KΩ
fL	Low Frequency Roll-off (-3dB)			40		Hz
fн	High Frequency Roll-off (-3dB)			80		KHz
e <sub>N</sub>	Total Input Noise Voltage	A Curve; $R_S = 10K\Omega$		1.5		mV
		f = 22Hz to 22KHz; $R_S = 10K\Omega$		3	10	V
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection (each channel)	$R_{S} = 10K\Omega; f = 100Hz; V_{r} = 0.5V$	45	60		dB
Тј	Thermal Shutdown Junction Temperature			145		°C
MUTE FU	NCTION		•			
VT <sub>MUTE</sub>	Mute Threshold		1	1.6		V
VT <sub>PLAY</sub>	Play Threshold			4.5		V
ATT <sub>AM</sub>	Mute Attenuation		70	100		dB
I <sub>qMUTE</sub>	Quiescent Current @ Mute			7	10	mA

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (referred to the typical Application Circuit,  $V_S = 28V$ ,  $R_L = 8\Omega$ , unless otherwise specified)

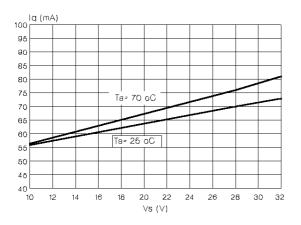
# Figure 1. Output Power vs. Supply Voltage



## Figure 2. Distortion vs. Output Power

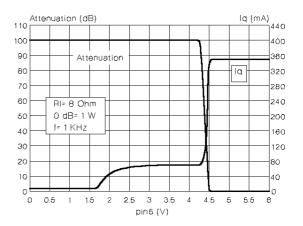


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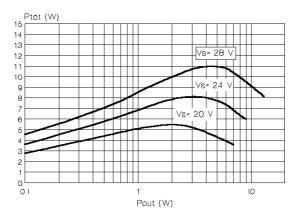


# Figure 3. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

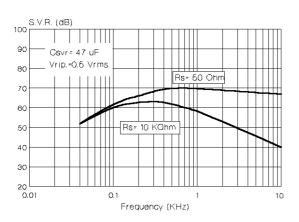




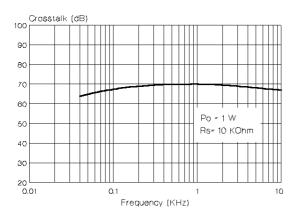




# Figure 4. Supply Voltage Rejection vs. Freq.



# Figure 5. Crosstalk vs. Frequency



# **BUILT-IN PROTECTION SYSTEMS**

# **Thermal Shut-down**

The presence of a thermal limiting circuit offers the following advantages:

- 1 an overload on the output (even if it is permanent), or an excessive ambient temperature can be easily withstood.
- 2 the heatsink can have a smaller factor of safety compared with that of a conventional circuit. There is no device damage in the case of excessive junction temperature; all that happens is that  $P_O$  (and therefore  $P_O$ ) and  $I_O$  are reduced.

#### **Short Circuit (AC Conditions)**

The TDA7263SA can withstand accidental short circuits across the speaker made by a wrong connection during normal play operation.

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# HEAT SINK DIMENSIONING:

In order to avoid the thermal protection intervention, that is placed approximatively at  $T_j = 150^{\circ}$ C, it is important the dimensioning of the Heat Sinker R<sub>Th</sub> (°C/W).

The parameters that influence the dimensioning are:

- Maximum dissipated power for the device (Pdmax)
- Max thermal resistance Junction to case ( $R_{Th j-c}$ )
- Max. ambient temperature Tamb max
- Quiescent current Iq (mA)

#### Example:

 $V_{CC}$  = 28V,  $R_{load}$  = 80hm,  $R_{Th\,j\text{-}c}$  = 3.5  $^{\circ}C/W$  ,  $T_{amb\;max}$  = 50  $^{\circ}C$ 

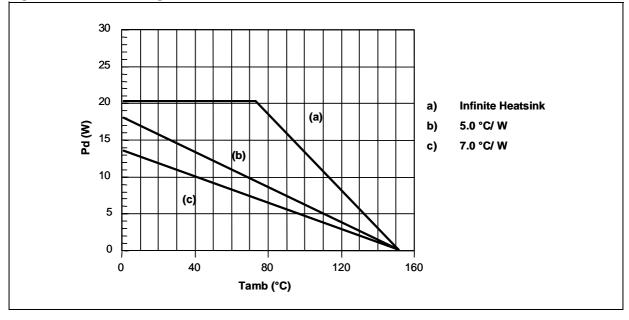
$$P_{dmax} = (N^{\circ} \text{ channels}) \cdot \frac{V_{cc}^{2}}{2\Pi^{2} \cdot R_{load}} + I_{q} \cdot V_{cc}$$

 $P_{dmax} = 2 \cdot (4.9) + 1.9 = 11.3W$ 

(Heat Sinker) 
$$R_{Th c-a} = \frac{150 - T_{amb max}}{P_{d max}} - R_{Th j-c} = \frac{150 - 50}{11.3} - 3.5 = 5.3^{\circ}C/W$$

In figure 8 is shown the Power derating curve for the device.

#### Figure 8. Power derating curve



#### **Clipwatt Assembling Suggestions**

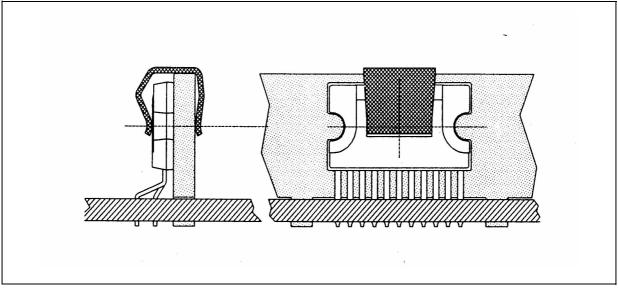
The suggested mounting method of Clipwatt on external heat sink, requires the use of a clip placed as much as possible in the plastic body center, as indicated in the example of figure 9.

A thermal grease can be used in order to reduce the additional thermal resistance of the contact between package and heatsink.

A pressing force of 7 - 10 Kg gives a good contact and the clip must be designed in order to avoid a maximum contact pressure of 15 Kg/mm2 between it and the plastic body case.

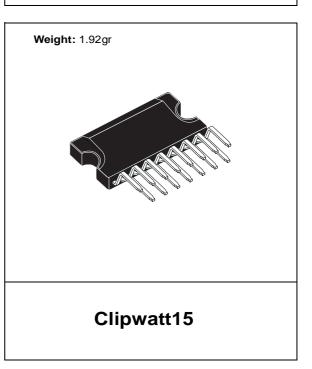
As example , if a 15Kg force is applied by the clip on the package , the clip must have a contact area of 1mm2 at least.

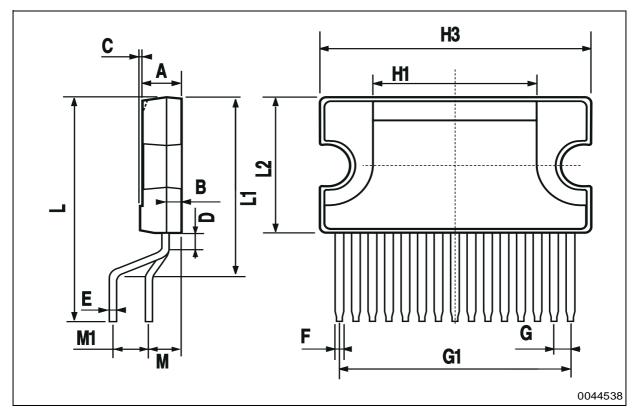
#### Figure 9. Example of right placement of the clip



DIM.		mm				
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А			3.2			0.126
В			1.05			0.041
С		0.15			0.006	
D		1.55			0.061	
Е	0.49		0.55	0.019		0.022
F	0.67		0.73	0.026		0.029
G	1.14	1.27	1.4	0.045	0.050	0.055
G1	17.57	17.78	17.91	0.692	0.700	0.705
H1		12			0.480	
H2		18.6			0.732	
H3	19.85			0.781		
L		17.95			0.707	
L1		14.45			0.569	
L2	10.7	11	11.2	0.421	0.433	0.441
L3		5.5			0.217	
М		2.54			0.100	
M1		2.54			0.100	

# OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA





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