# BSI

## Ultra Low Power CMOS SRAM
## 256K X 16 bit

**Pb-Free and Green package materials are compliant to RoHS**

# BS616UV4016

## n FEATURES

- Ÿ Wide $V_{CC}$ low operation voltage :
  - C-grade : 1.8V ~ 3.6V
  - I-grade : 1.9V ~ 3.6V
- Ÿ Ultra low power consumption :
  - $V_{CC}$ = 2.0V  Operation current : 12mA (Max.) at 100ns
    - 1mA (Max.) at 1MHz
    - Standby current :   0.1uA (Typ.) at 25$^O$C
  - $V_{CC}$ = 3.0V  Operation current : 15mA (Max.) at 100ns
    - 2mA (Max.)  at 1MHz
    - Standby current :   0.25uA (Typ.)at 25$^O$C
- Ÿ High speed access time :
  - -10          100ns (Max.)
- Ÿ Automatic power down when chip is deselected
- Ÿ Easy expansion with $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ options
- Ÿ I/O Configuration x8/x16 selectable by $\overline{LB}$ and $\overline{UB}$ pin.
- Ÿ Three state outputs and TTL compatible
- Ÿ Fully static operation
- Ÿ Data retention supply voltage as low as 1.5V

## n DESCRIPTION

The BS616UV4016 is a high performance, ultra low power CMOS Static Random Access Memory organized as 262,144 by 16 bits and operates form a wide range of 1.8V to 3.6V supply voltage.

Advanced CMOS technology and circuit techniques provide both high speed and low power features with typical CMOS standby current of 0.1uA at 2.0V/25$^O$C and maximum access time of 100ns at 85$^O$C.

Easy memory expansion is provided by an active LOW chip enable ($\overline{CE}$) and active LOW output enable ($\overline{OE}$) and three-state output drivers.

The BS616UV4016 has an automatic power down feature, reducing the power consumption significantly when chip is deselected.

The BS616UV4016 is available in DICE form, JEDEC standard 44-pin TSOP II and 48-ball BGA package.

## n POWER CONSUMPTION

| PRODUCT FAMILY | OPERATING TEMPERATURE | POWER DISSIPATION | | | | | | PKG TYPE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | STANDBY ($I_{CCSB1}$, Max) | | Operating ($I_{CC}$, Max) | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | | |
| | | | | 1MHz | $f_{Max.}$ | 1MHz | $f_{Max.}$ | |
| BS616UV4016DC | Commercial +0$^O$C to +70$^O$C | 2.0uA | 1.0uA | 1.5mA | 13mA | 0.8mA | 10mA | DICE |
| BS616UV4016AC | | | | | | | | BGA-48-0608 |
| BS616UV4016EC | | | | | | | | TSOP II-44 |
| BS616UV4016AI | Industrial -40$^O$C to +85$^O$C | 4.0uA | 2.0uA | 2.0mA | 15mA | 1.0mA | 12mA | BGA-48-0608 |
| BS616UV4016EI | | | | | | | | TSOP II-44 |

## n PIN CONFIGURATIONS



BS616UV4016EC
BS616UV4016EI
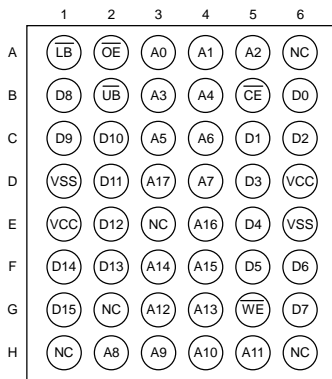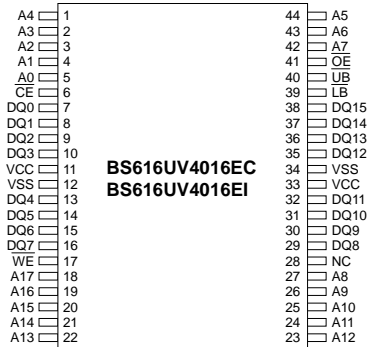
48-ball BGA top view

## n BLOCK DIAGRAM
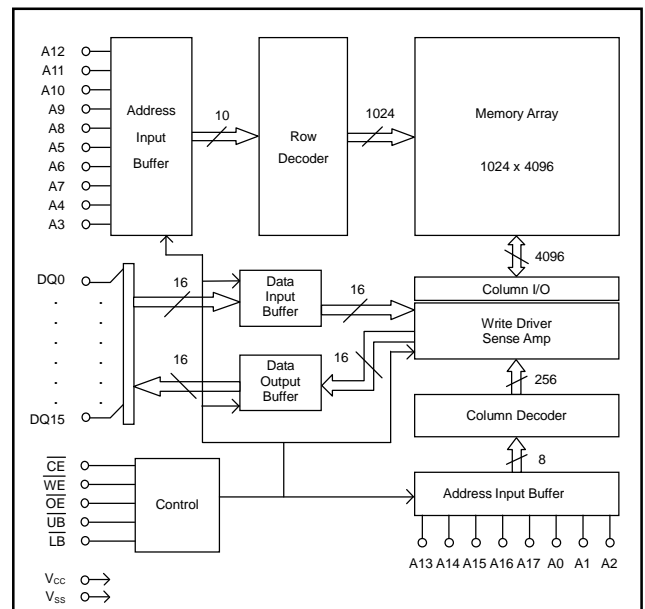


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## n PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| Name | Function |
|---|---|
| A0-A17 Address Input | These 18 address inputs select one of the 262,144 x 16-bit in the RAM |
| $\overline{CE}$ Chip Enable Input | $\overline{CE}$ is active LOW. Chip enable must be active when data read form or write to the device. If chip enable is not active, the device is deselected and is in standby power mode. The DQ pins will be in the high impedance state when the device is deselected. |
| $\overline{WE}$ Write Enable Input | The write enable input is active LOW and controls read and write operations. With the chip selected, when $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH and $\overline{OE}$ is LOW, output data will be present on the DQ pins; when $\overline{WE}$ is LOW, the data present on the DQ pins will be written into the selected memory location. |
| $\overline{OE}$ Output Enable Input | The output enable input is active LOW. If the output enable is active while the chip is selected and the write enable is inactive, data will be present on the DQ pins and they will be enabled. The DQ pins will be in the high impendence state when $\overline{OE}$ is inactive. |
| $\overline{LB}$ and $\overline{UB}$ Data Byte Control Input | Lower byte and upper byte data input/output control pins. |
| DQ0-DQ15 Data Input/Output Ports | There 16 bi-directional ports are used to read data from or write data into the RAM. |
| $V_{CC}$ | Power Supply |
| $V_{SS}$ | Ground |

## n TRUTH TABLE

| MODE | $\overline{CE}$ | $\overline{WE}$ | $\overline{OE}$ | $\overline{LB}$ | $\overline{UB}$ | IO0~IO7 | IO8~IO15 | $V_{CC}$ CURRENT |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chip De-selected (Power Down) | H | X | X | X | X | High Z | High Z | $I_{CCSB}$, $I_{CCSB1}$ |
| | X | X | X | H | H | High Z | High Z | $I_{CCSB}$, $I_{CCSB1}$ |
| Output Disabled | L | H | H | L | X | High Z | High Z | $I_{CC}$ |
| | L | H | H | X | L | High Z | High Z | $I_{CC}$ |
| Read | L | H | L | L | L | $D_{OUT}$ | $D_{OUT}$ | $I_{CC}$ |
| | | | | H | L | High Z | $D_{OUT}$ | $I_{CC}$ |
| | | | | L | H | $D_{OUT}$ | High Z | $I_{CC}$ |
| Write | L | L | X | L | L | $D_{IN}$ | $D_{IN}$ | $I_{CC}$ |
| | | | | H | L | X | $D_{IN}$ | $I_{CC}$ |
| | | | | L | H | $D_{IN}$ | X | $I_{CC}$ |

NOTES: H means $V_{IH}$; L means $V_{IL}$; X means don't care (Must be $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ state)

## n  ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [1]

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | RATING | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|
| $V_{TERM}$ | Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND | -0.5[2] to 5.0 | V |
| $T_{BIAS}$ | Temperature Under Bias | -40 to +125 | $^O$C |
| $T_{STG}$ | Storage Temperature | -60 to +150 | $^O$C |
| $P_T$ | Power Dissipation | 1.0 | W |
| $I_{OUT}$ | DC Output Current | 20 | mA |

1. Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
2. –2.0V in case of AC pulse width less than 30 ns.

## n  OPERATING RANGE

| RANG | AMBIENT TEMPERATURE | $V_{CC}$ |
|---|---|---|
| Commercial | 0$^O$C to + 70$^O$C | 1.8V ~ 3.6V |
| Industrial | -40$^O$C to + 85$^O$C | 1.9V ~ 3.6V |

## n  CAPACITANCE [1] ($T_A$ = 25$^O$C, f = 1.0MHz)

| SYMBOL | PAMAMETER | CONDITIONS | MAX. | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $C_{IN}$ | Input Capacitance | $V_{IN}$ = 0V | 6 | pF |
| $C_{IO}$ | Input/Output Capacitance | $V_{I/O}$ = 0V | 8 | pF |

1. This parameter is guaranteed and not 100% tested.

## n  DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A$ = -40$^O$C to +85$^O$C)

| PARAMETER NAME | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN. | TYP.[1] | MAX. | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $V_{CC}$ | Power Supply | | | 1.9 | -- | 3.6 | V |
| $V_{IL}$ | Input Low Voltage | | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | -0.3[2] | -- | 0.6 | V |
| | | | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | | | 0.8 | |
| $V_{IH}$ | Input High Voltage | | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | 1.4 | -- | $V_{CC}$+0.3[3] | V |
| | | | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | 2.2 | | | |
| $I_{IL}$ | Input Leakage Current | $V_{IN}$ = 0V to $V_{CC}$ | | -- | -- | 1 | uA |
| $I_{LO}$ | Output Leakage Current | $V_{I/O}$ = 0V to $V_{CC}$, $\overline{CE}$= $V_{IH}$ or $\overline{OE}$ = $V_{IH}$ | | -- | -- | 1 | uA |
| $V_{OL}$ | Output Low Voltage | $V_{CC}$ = Max, $I_{OL}$ = 0.1mA | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | -- | -- | 0.2 | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = Max, $I_{OL}$ = 2.0mA | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | | | 0.4 | |
| $V_{OH}$ | Output High Voltage | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OH}$ = -0.1mA | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | 1.6 | -- | -- | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OH}$ = -1.0mA | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | 2.4 | | | |
| $I_{CC}$ | Operating Power Supply Current | $\overline{CE}$ = $V_{IL}$, $I_{IO}$ = 0mA, f = $F_{MAX}$[4] | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | -- | -- | 12 | mA |
| | | | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | | | 15 | |
| $I_{CC1}$ | Operating Power Supply Current | $\overline{CE}$ = $V_{IL}$, $I_{IO}$ = 0mA, f = 1MHz | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | -- | -- | 1.0 | mA |
| | | | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | | | 2.0 | |
| $I_{CCSB}$ | Standby Current – TTL | $\overline{CE}$ = $V_{IH}$, $I_{IO}$ = 0mA | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | -- | -- | 0.5 | mA |
| | | | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | | | 1.0 | |
| $I_{CCSB1}$[5] | Standby Current – CMOS | $\overline{CE}$ ≧ $V_{CC}$-0.2V, $V_{IN}$ ≧ $V_{CC}$-0.2V or $V_{IN}$ ≦ 0.2V | $V_{CC}$=2.0V | -- | 0.1 | 2.0 | uA |
| | | | $V_{CC}$=3.0V | | 0.25 | 4.0 | |

1. Typical characteristics are at $T_A$=25$^O$C and not 100% tested.
2. Undershoot: -1.0V in case of pulse width less than 20 ns.
3. Overshoot: $V_{CC}$+1.0V in case of pulse width less than 20 ns.
4. $F_{MAX}$=1/$t_{RC}$.
5. $I_{CC (MAX.)}$ is 10mA/13mA at $V_{CC}$=2.0V/3.0V and $T_A$=70$^O$C.
6. $I_{CCSB1(MAX.)}$ is 1.0uA/2.0uA at $V_{CC}$=2.0V/3.0V and $T_A$=70$^O$C.

## n DATA RETENTION CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A$ = -40$^O$C to +85$^O$C)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. (1) | MAX. | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $V_{DR}$ | $V_{CC}$ for Data Retention | $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC}$-0.2V<br>$V_{IN} \geq V_{CC}$-0.2V or $V_{IN} \leq$ 0.2V | 1.5 | -- | -- | V |
| $I_{CCDR}$(3) | Data Retention Current | $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC}$-0.2V<br>$V_{IN} \geq V_{CC}$-0.2V or $V_{IN} \leq$ 0.2V | -- | 0.1 | 1.5 | uA |
| $t_{CDR}$ | Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time | See Retention Waveform | 0 | -- | -- | ns |
| $t_R$ | Operation Recovery Time | | $t_{RC}$ (2) | -- | -- | ns |

1. $V_{CC}$=1.5V, $T_A$=25$^O$C and not 100% tested.
2. $t_{RC}$ = Read Cycle Time.
3. $I_{CCDR(Max.)}$ is 1.0uA at $T_A$=70$^O$C.

## n LOW $V_{CC}$ DATA RETENTION WAVEFORM ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled)
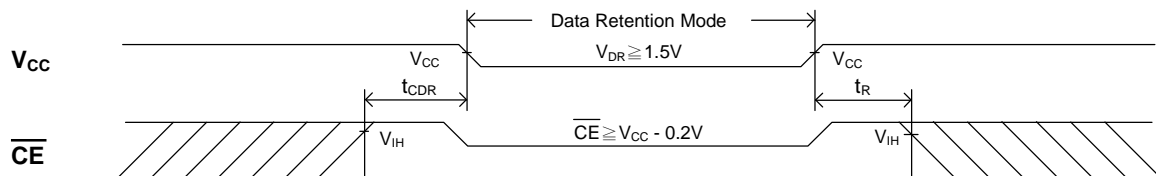


## n AC TEST CONDITIONS
**(Test Load and Input/Output Reference)**

| Input Pulse Levels | | Vcc / 0V |
|---|---|---|
| Input Rise and Fall Times | | 1V/ns |
| Input and Output Timing Reference Level | | 0.5Vcc |
| Output Load | $t_{CLZ}$, $t_{OLZ}$, $t_{CHZ}$, $t_{OHZ}$, $t_{WHZ}$ | $C_L$ = 5pF+1TTL |
| | Others | $C_L$ = 30pF+1TTL |
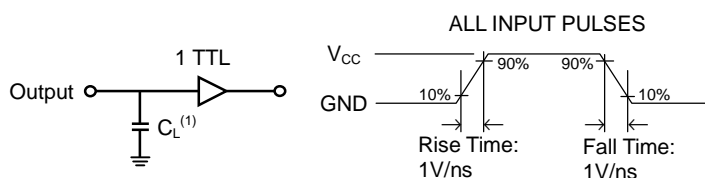


1. Including jig and scope capacitance.

## n KEY TO SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

| WAVEFORM | INPUTS | OUTPUTS |
|---|---|---|
| | MUST BE STEADY | MUST BE STEADY |
| | MAY CHANGE FROM "H" TO "L" | WILL BE CHANGE FROM "H" TO "L" |
| | MAY CHANGE FROM "L" TO "H" | WILL BE CHANGE FROM "L" TO "H" |
| | DON'T CARE ANY CHANGE PERMITTED | CHANGE : STATE UNKNOW |
| | DOES NOT APPLY | CENTER LINE IS HIGH INPEDANCE "OFF" STATE |

n  **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T$_A$ = -40$^O$C to +85$^O$C)**

**READ CYCLE**

| JEDEC PARAMETER NAME | PARANETER NAME | DESCRIPTION | CYCLE TIME : 100ns (V$_{CC}$=1.9~3.6V) | | | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | |
| t$_{AVAX}$ | t$_{RC}$ | Read Cycle Time | 100 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{AVQX}$ | t$_{AA}$ | Address Access Time | -- | -- | 100 | ns |
| t$_{ELQV}$ | t$_{ACS}$ | Chip Select Access Time ($\overline{CE}$) | -- | -- | 100 | ns |
| t$_{BLQV}$ | t$_{BA}$ | Data Byte Control Access Time ($\overline{LB}$, $\overline{UB}$) | -- | -- | 100 | ns |
| t$_{GLQV}$ | t$_{OE}$ | Output Enable to Output Valid | -- | -- | 50 | ns |
| t$_{ELQX}$ | t$_{CLZ}$ | Chip Select to Output Low Z ($\overline{CE}$) | 15 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{BLQX}$ | t$_{BE}$ | Data Byte Control to Output Low Z ($\overline{LB}$, $\overline{UB}$) | 15 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{GLQX}$ | t$_{OLZ}$ | Output Enable to Output Low Z | 15 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{EHQZ}$ | t$_{CHZ}$ | Chip Select to Output High Z ($\overline{CE}$) | -- | -- | 40 | ns |
| t$_{BHQZ}$ | t$_{BDO}$ | Data Byte Control to Output High Z ($\overline{LB}$, $\overline{UB}$) | -- | -- | 40 | ns |
| t$_{GHQZ}$ | t$_{OHZ}$ | Output Enable to Output High Z | -- | -- | 40 | ns |
| t$_{AVQX}$ | t$_{OH}$ | Data Hold from Address Change | 15 | -- | -- | ns |

## n SWITCHING WAVEFORMS (READ CYCLE)

### READ CYCLE 1 [1,2,4]
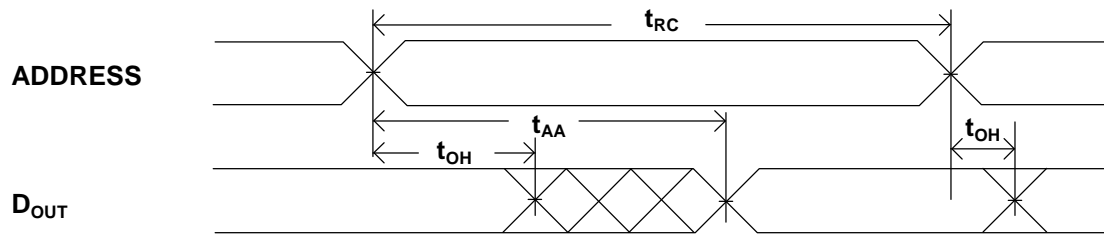


### READ CYCLE 2 [1,3,4]
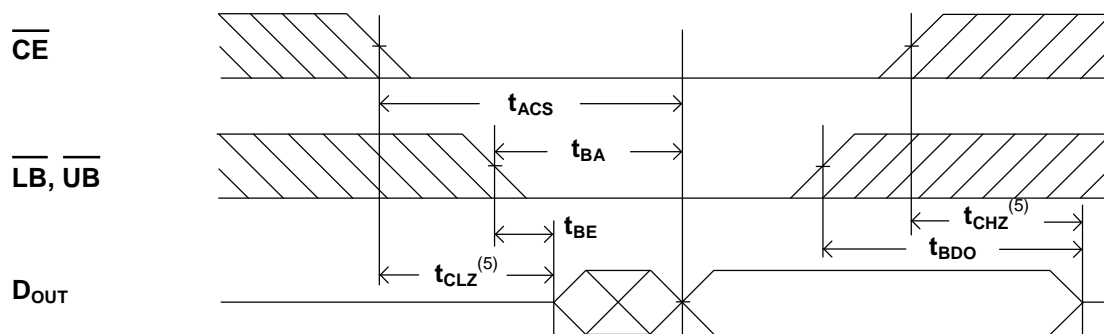


### READ CYCLE 3 [1, 4]
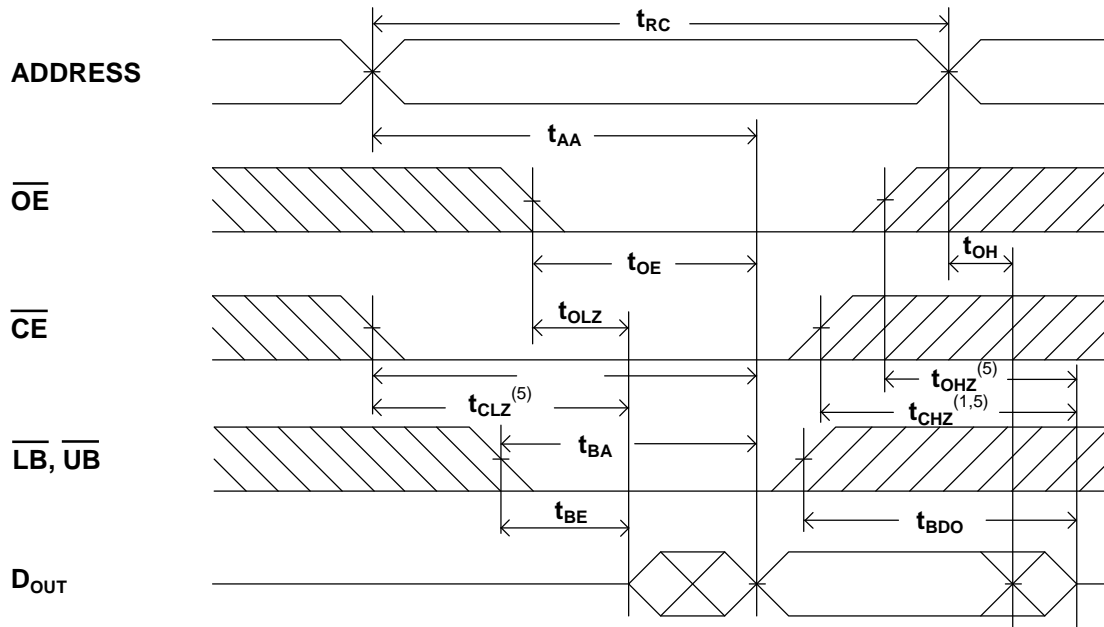


NOTES:
1. $\overline{WE}$ is high in read Cycle.
2. Device is continuously selected when $\overline{CE}$ = $V_{IL}$.
3. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}$ transition low.
4. $\overline{OE}$ = $V_{IL}$.
5. Transition is measured $\pm$ 500mV from steady state with $C_L$ = 5pF.
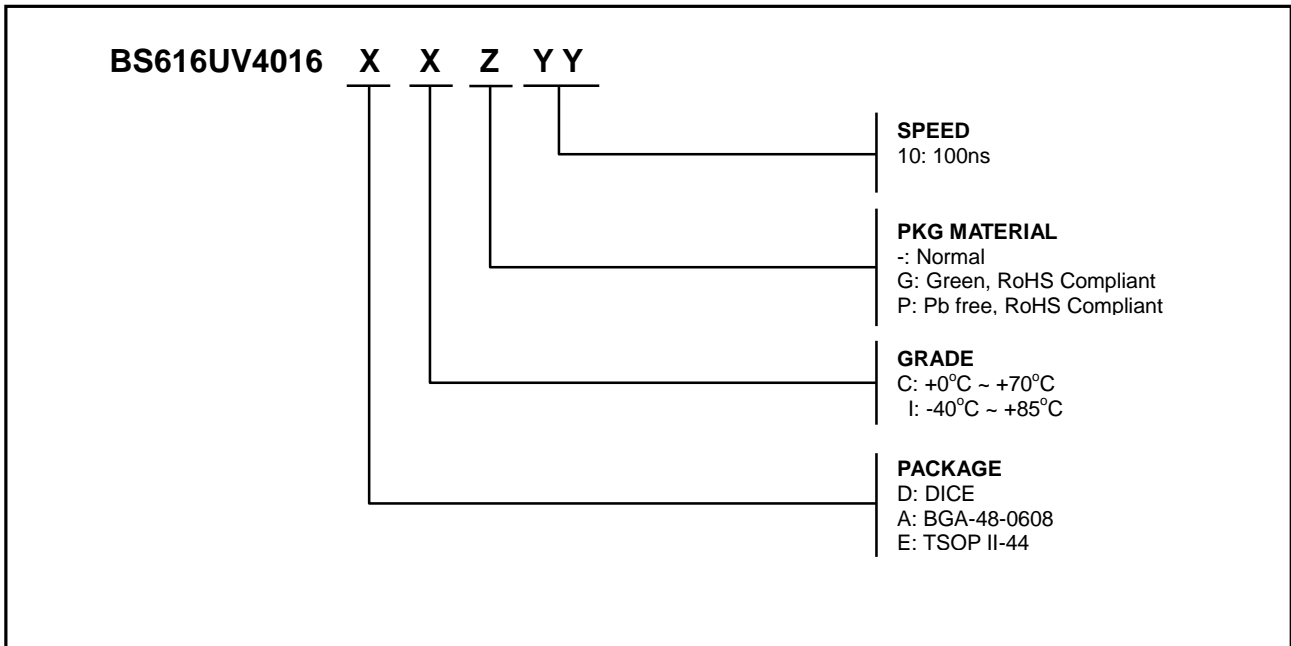   The parameter is guaranteed but not 100% tested.

## n AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T$_A$ = -40$^O$C to +85$^O$C)

### WRITE CYCLE

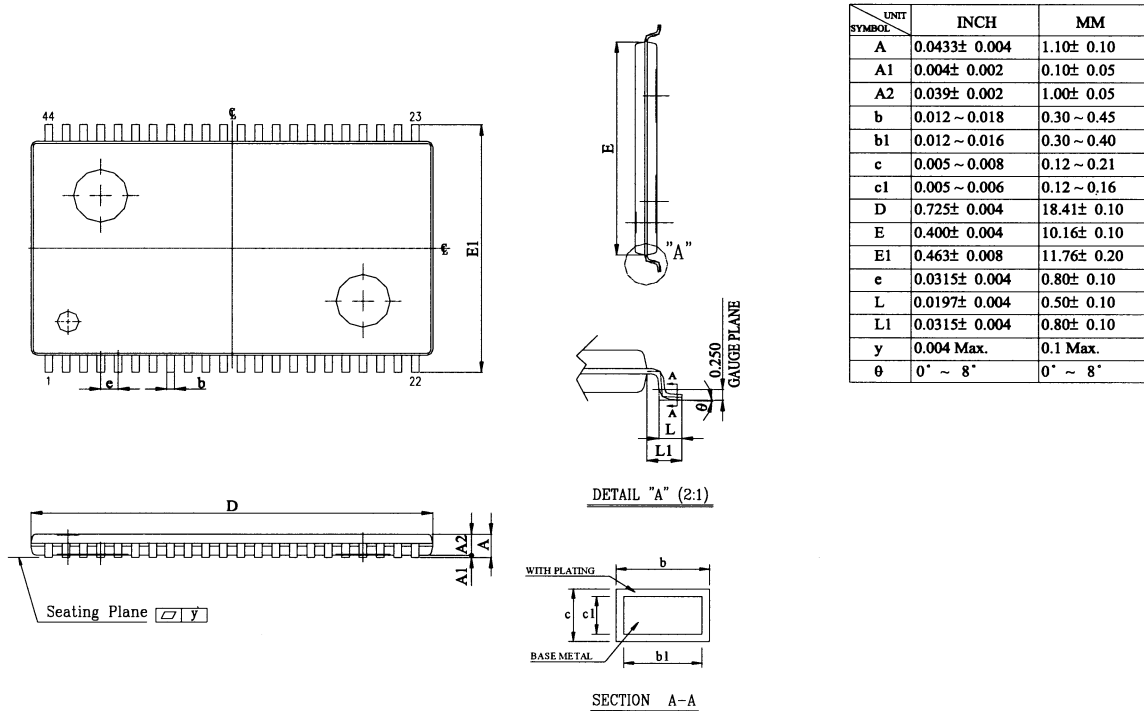| JEDEC PARAMETER NAME | PARANETER NAME | DESCRIPTION | CYCLE TIME : 100ns (V$_{CC}$=1.9~3.6V) | | | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | |
| t$_{AVAX}$ | t$_{WC}$ | Write Cycle Time | 100 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{AVWL}$ | t$_{AS}$ | Address Set up Time | 0 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{AVWH}$ | t$_{AW}$ | Address Valid to End of Write | 100 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{ELWH}$ | t$_{CW}$ | Chip Select to End of Write ($\overline{CE}$) | 100 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{BLWH}$ | t$_{BW}$ | Data Byte Control to End of Write ($\overline{LB}$, $\overline{UB}$) | 100 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{WLWH}$ | t$_{WP}$ | Write Pulse Width | 50 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{WHAX}$ | t$_{WR}$ | Write Recovery Time ($\overline{CE}$, $\overline{WE}$) | 0 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{WLQZ}$ | t$_{WHZ}$ | Write to Output High Z | -- | -- | 40 | ns |
| t$_{DVWH}$ | t$_{DW}$ | Data to Write Time Overlap | 40 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{WHDX}$ | t$_{DH}$ | Data Hold from Write Time | 0 | -- | -- | ns |
| t$_{GHQZ}$ | t$_{OHZ}$ | Output Disable to Output in High Z | -- | -- | 40 | ns |
| t$_{WHQX}$ | t$_{OW}$ | End of Write to Output Active | 10 | -- | -- | ns |

## n SWITCHING WAVEFORMS (WRITE CYCLE)
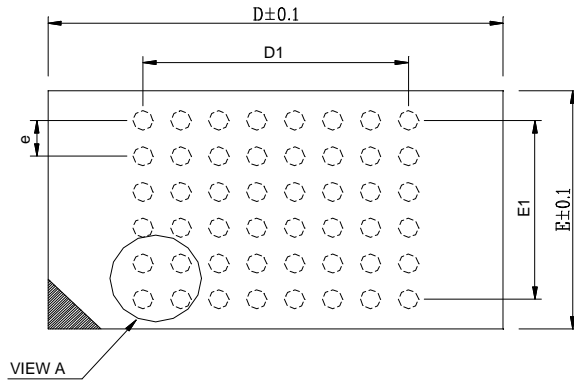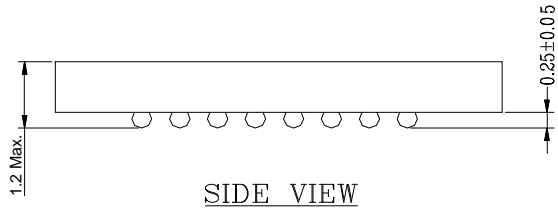
### WRITE CYCLE 1 [1]
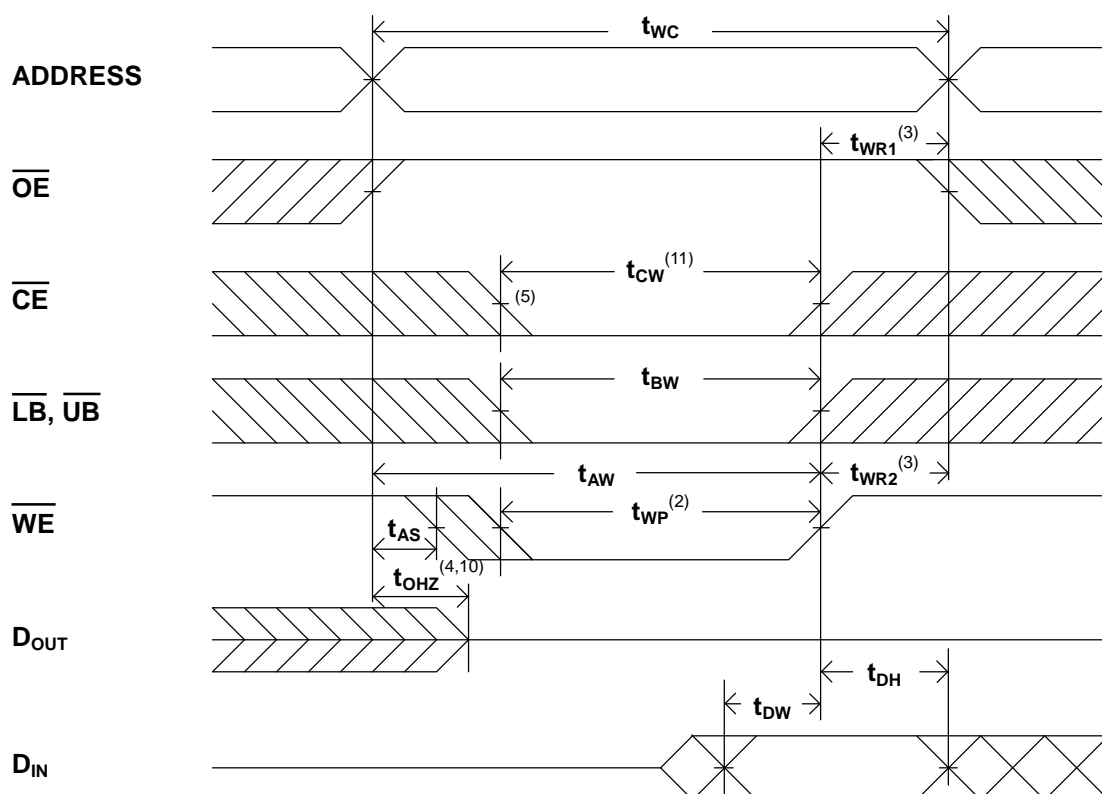
**WRITE CYCLE 2** [1,6]
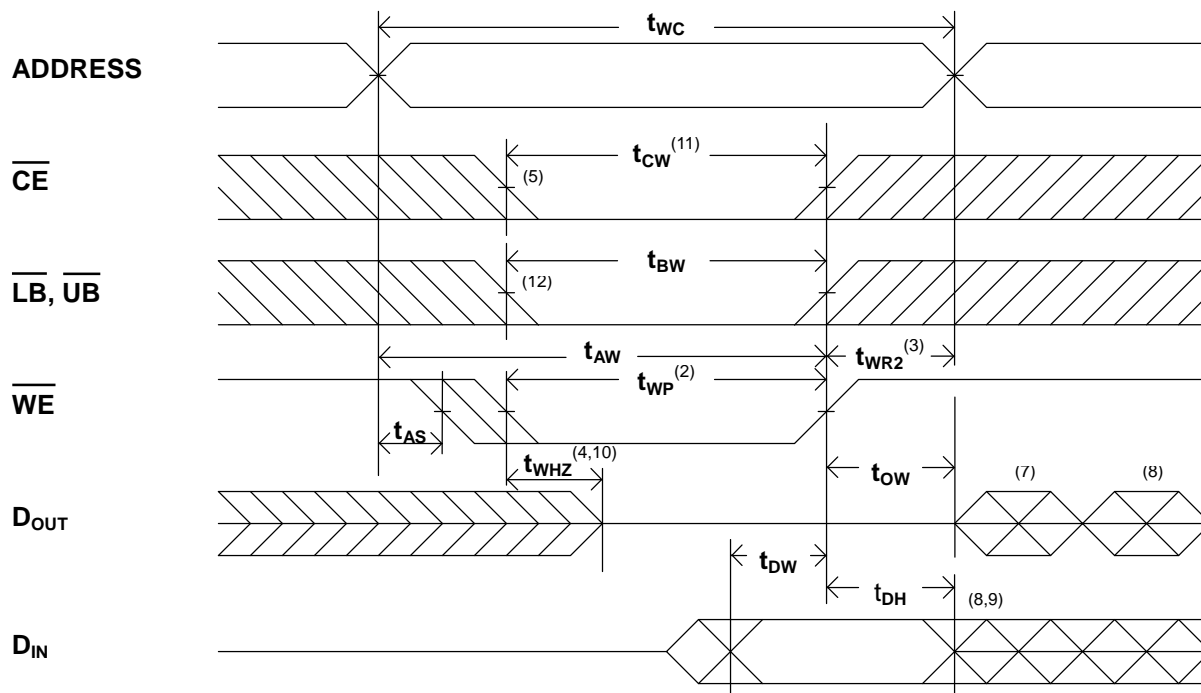


NOTES:
1. $\overline{WE}$ must be high during address transitions.
2. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{WE}$ low. All signals must be active to initiate a write and any one signal can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the second transition edge of the signal that terminates the write.
3. $t_{WR}$ is measured from the earlier of $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{WE}$ going high at the end of write cycle.
4. During this period, DQ pins are in the output state so that the input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
5. If the $\overline{CE}$ low transition occurs simultaneously with the $\overline{WE}$ low transitions or after the $\overline{WE}$ transition, output remain in a high impedance state.
6. $\overline{OE}$ is continuously low ($\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$).
7. $D_{OUT}$ is the same phase of write data of this write cycle.
8. $D_{OUT}$ is the read data of next address.
9. If $\overline{CE}$ is low during this period, DQ pins are in the output state. Then the data input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to them.
10. Transition is measured $\pm$ 500mV from steady state with $C_L$ = 5pF.
    The parameter is guaranteed but not 100% tested.
11. $t_{CW}$ is measured from the later of $\overline{CE}$ going low to the end of write.
12. The change of Read/Write cycle must accompany with $\overline{CE}$ or address toggled.

## n ORDERING INFORMATION

BS616UV4016  X  X  Z  Y Y

**SPEED**
10: 100ns

**PKG MATERIAL**
-: Normal
G: Green, RoHS Compliant
P: Pb free, RoHS Compliant

**GRADE**
C: +0$^o$C ~ +70$^o$C
I: -40$^o$C ~ +85$^o$C

**PACKAGE**
D: DICE
A: BGA-48-0608
E: TSOP II-44

Note:
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## n PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



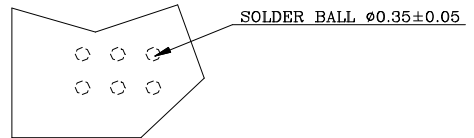| UNIT SYMBOL | INCH | MM |
|---|---|---|
| A | 0.0433± 0.004 | 1.10± 0.10 |
| A1 | 0.004± 0.002 | 0.10± 0.05 |
| A2 | 0.039± 0.002 | 1.00± 0.05 |
| b | 0.012 ~ 0.018 | 0.30 ~ 0.45 |
| b1 | 0.012 ~ 0.016 | 0.30 ~ 0.40 |
| c | 0.005 ~ 0.008 | 0.12 ~ 0.21 |
| c1 | 0.005 ~ 0.006 | 0.12 ~ 0.16 |
| D | 0.725± 0.004 | 18.41± 0.10 |
| E | 0.400± 0.004 | 10.16± 0.10 |
| E1 | 0.463± 0.008 | 11.76± 0.20 |
| e | 0.0315± 0.004 | 0.80± 0.10 |
| L | 0.0197± 0.004 | 0.50± 0.10 |
| L1 | 0.0315± 0.004 | 0.80± 0.10 |
| y | 0.004 Max. | 0.1 Max. |
| θ | 0˚ ~ 8˚ | 0˚ ~ 8˚ |

DETAIL "A" (2:1)

SECTION A-A

*TSOP II-44*

**n PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (continued)**

SIDE VIEW

0.25±0.05

1.2 Max.

NOTES

1: CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2: PIN#1 DOT MARKING BY LASER OR PAD PRINT.
3: SYMBOL "N" IS THE NUMBER OF SOLDER BALLS.

| BALL PITCH e = 0.75 | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| D | E | N | D1 | E1 |
| 8.0 | 6.0 | 48 | 5.25 | 3.75 |

D±0.1

D1

E±0.1

E1

e

VIEW A

TOP VIEW

*48 mini-BGA (6 x 8mm)*

SOLDER BALL ∅0.35±0.05

VIEW A

n **Revision History**

| Revision No. | History | Draft Date | Remark |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1.5 | Add Icc1 characteristic parameter | Jan. 13, 2006 | |
| 1.6 | Change I-grade operation temperature range<br>- from $-25^{\circ}$C to $-40^{\circ}$C | May. 25, 2006 | |